The New-York Times.

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RICHMOND.

Advance of Gen. Grant.

The North Bank of the James River.

The Tenth and Eighteenth Corps Engaged.

A Strong Line of Fortifications Carried.

FIFTEEN GUNS CAPTURED

Our Forces Pressing Forward.

Capture of Staunton by General Sheridan.

DISPATCHES FROM GEN. SHERMAN.

Rebel Operations on His Communications.

THE DRAFT QUIETLY PROGRESSING.

FROM SECRETARY STANTON TO GEN. DIX.

[OFFICIAL.]

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.

The following dispatch from Gen. GRANT, announcing the movement of our forces against Richmond, has just been received:

HEADQUARTERS, CHAPIN'S FARM, 10:45 A. M., Thursday, Sept. 29.

Major-Gen. Halleck:

Gen. ORD's corps advanced this morning and carried the very strong fortifications and long line of intrenchments below Chapin's Farm, some fifteen pieces of artillery, and from two to three hundred prisoners.

General ORD was wounded, though not dangerously.

General BIRNEY advanced at the same time from Deep Bottom, and carried the Newmarket Road and intrenchments, and scattered the enemy in every direction, though he captured but few.

He is now marching on toward Richmond.

I left Gen. BIRNEY where the Mill road intersects the Newmarket and Richmond road.

This whole country is filled with field fortifications thus far. (Signed,)

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant-General.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

FROM SECRETARY STANTON TO GEN. DIX.

[OFFICIAL.]

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Sept. 29.

A dispatch just received from Gen. GRANT, gives a telegram contained in yesterday's Richmond *Whig*, dated at Charlottesville, which states that our cavalry entered Staunton on Monday at 8 o'clock A. M.; that our forces were also at Waynesboro'; that no damage had been done up to 4 P. M., but that smoke indicated that they were burning the railroad track between Christian Creek and Staunton.

No direct communication has been had with Gen. SHERIDAN for several days. Couriers to and from him are known to have been captured by the guerrillas that infest the country in his rear.

Dispatches to 9:40 last night have been received from Gen. SHERMAN at Atlanta, but no movements at that point are reported.

From Nashville our dispatches are to 9½ o'clock last night. The enemy did not attack at Pulaski, but took the pike toward Fayetteville, and was pursued about nine miles by our cavalry. Gen. ROUSSEAU is returning with his infantry to Nashville.

Desperate efforts will be made by the enemy to force SHERMAN from Atlanta, by destroying his communications.

The draft is quietly progressing in all the States, but volunteer enlistments being more speedy than the draft, all loyal and patriotic people should urge forward rapid enlistments, in order to reinforce SHERMAN, and enable him not only to hold his position, but also without delay to push on his campaign.

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

FURTHER FROM THE VALLEY.

Details of the Pursuit from the Richmond Papers.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Sept. 29.

The Richmond papers of Monday contain the following items:

"On Saturday and on yesterday heavy cannonading was heard in the direction of Harrisonburgh.

Gen. EARLY reached Keezeltown at 11 o'clock yesterday, (Sunday.) Opinions are divided whether he will make a stand at Keezeltown or fall further back.

There is considerable excitement among the citizens at Staunton, and many are leaving. All the sick and wounded, and the Government stores, have been moved to a place of safety.

SHERIDAN may take Staunton, but its capture will avail him nothing. The valley, since the war began, has been a race ground. SHERIDAN has reached the other end of the course, and if he don't pull up of his own accord, he will be pulled.

From Culpepper we hear that there is no enemy in that country except a small body of cavalry that recently burned the bridge at Rapidan Station.

President DAVIS arrived at Macon, Ga., on the 22d instant, and made a speech at the Baptist church there. He is going to HOOD's army.

No movements of any consequence by the enemy are reported up to the last accounts.

The expulsion of the citizens of Atlanta has been completed.

It was reported yesterday that HOOD's army was in SHERMAN's rear—between him and Chattanooga.

A large force of mounted Yankees are collecting at Pound Gap, with the intention of making a raid on the Virginia salt works. This, we presume, is the same force that was at Lexington, Ky., two weeks ago. They number about twelve thousand."

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

A Ride Along the Front—Immense Strength of Our Position—Our Army in Splendid Health and Spirits—Feeling as to the Presidential Election—Visit of Secretary Seward.

CITY POINT, Va., Monday, Sept. 26, 1864.

I have just returned from the headquarters of Maj.-Gen. MEADE and a ride along our front, and, if occular demonstration could lend anything to the faith I had in the strength of our position, this visit has afforded it. What amount of insight I may have obtained into the probable nature of the next grand move against the enemy, is not for me even to hint at, but, most assuredly, with the vast preparations which meet one at every turn, and the impenetrable strength of every position which we have wrenched from the foe, it is evident, even to the most untutored eye, that Lieut.-Gen. GRANT holds him at a deadlock, even if the gallant SHERIDAN had not, within the last few days, made assurance doubly sure.

I had the pleasure of passing the night under the hospitable shelter of Dr. J. E. POMFRET, Surgeon-in-Charge at Gen. MEADE's headquarters, where I had also the satisfaction of meeting Dr. H. A. MARTIN, Surgeon-in-Chief of the First Division of Second Army Corps. From these gentlemen I obtained much useful information respecting the condition of our troops, which gratified me much, and which may be well to make known to your readers.

I notice in your issue of the 24th inst. a spicy letter from "A Southern Union Man," in reply to the infamously false assertion of one "Malcolm," who professes to send from Washington to the *Daily News* of your City, information respecting the sanitary condition of our men. "In spite of all assertions to the contrary," says Malcolm, "I know positively that the unaccustomed climate, the cold nights and hot days, the swamps and miasmas, are making fearful havoc among our brave boys." To this "A Southern Union Man" replies, by saying that he has lived several years about the very spot now occupied by Gen. GRANT's army, that there is not a healthier climate under the sun than that of Prince George County; and that if none of our brave boys die until the "swamps and miasmas" kill them, they are good for long lives.

I have only to tell you how far my own personal investigation verifies the statement of the latter writer, and falsifies that of the *Daily News*. Dr. POMFRET assured me that the rate of sickness is less than seven *per cent.* in the division to which he is immediately attached, and as that is not enjoying any especial benefits of location over the rest of the army, he believes that that may be taken as the ratio of health, not only in the whole corps of which his division forms a part, but among the whole of our forces now before Richmond. I am not, of course, at liberty to tell you how wonderfully few men I found on the sick list, because that would be giving a clew to the number of our forces engaged; but you may rely upon that percentage as accurate—only 7 *men out of every* 100—and those only with complaints of the mildest character. He further gave me the astounding information that he has not had *one single case of congestive chills*! Astounding I call it, because we all know that this is what our enemies—and Mr. MALCOLM, perhaps, among them—expected and hoped to see "making fearful havoc among our brave boys."

The fact is that Gen. Malaria was expected to do for us here what Gen. LEE is unable to, and what Yellow Jack was to do for us in New Orleans; and doubtless many a rebel and Copperhead prayer has gone up for all three of them. But the prayers of the wicked cannot prevail. Gens. BUTLER and BANKS have, under Providence, hitherto kept the pestilence away from New-Orleans, by proper sanitary measures; and it is plain that the same overruling Providence is guarding us here. Mr. MALCOLM best knows what object he had in putting forth so monstrous a statement, I merely stamp it, on the very best authority, as utterly and shamefully false.

In discussing other matters, Dr. POMFRET bore the highest testimony as to the splendid working of the Sanitary Commission among the men committed to his charge; indeed throughout the army. He says it is quite impossible for any one but those situated as he is, to form anything like an adequate idea of the vast amount of good which this institution is effecting. Numberless cases occur, he declares, in which—during the heat of an engagement, and when it is absolutely impossible for Government aid to be at hand—men's lives would be literally sacrificed by dozens, but for the timely assistance of the Sanitary Commission. They are ever at hand, like good Samaritans, to mitigate the anguish of our brave men, and many a sufferer, gasping on the very threshhold of death, has been recalled to life, to bless his benefactors and the generous country that can produce such noble institutions.

In feeling the pulse of the army as to the pending election for President, each day brings forth renewed proofs of their aversion to any thought of a peace based upon anything but "unconditional surrender" of the rebels to the authority of the Government of the United States. I am sorry to say, however, that while this broad question of Union and victory upon the Baltimore platform, or disunion and disgrace upon that of Chicago is thoroughly understood, I find dissatisfaction lurking, here and there, upon purely personal considerations. This feeling is most general among the artillery men, who have somehow got it into their heads that they have not been properly treated. Their complaint is that while they enlisted purely for the artillery, to be engaged in the defences of Washington and other fortifications, they now find themselves ordered to do infantry duty.

I know nothing of the motive of the quarrel; I simply know that it exists; and as we cannot afford just now to have any grumbling, where all should be cordiality in our grand and glorious cause, it would perhaps be well to have this matter thoroughly sifted, and the proper remedy applied, in good season. It is not that this splendid and efficient arm of our service is less loyal and zealous than any other portion; it is only that the men feel that a march has been taken upon them; and some ingenious method of giving an honorable *quid pro quo*—(supposing the discontented right in their complaints.)—would, I think, be well applied at the present moment. It does not follow that these men would vote for MCCLELLAN; but any idea of wrong or injustice would necessarily throw away many a vote that would otherwise be gladly cast for ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Secretary SEWARD arrived here last evening on a special boat, and leaves again this morning. The stern of the boat in which I am writing is only a few feet from the prow of the one upon which he is pacing backward and forward alone, hands plunged deep in his pockets and cigar in mouth; doubtless enjoying with its fragrance the good things that Gen. GRANT has been pouring into his ear, and relishing the now self-evident fact, that the "irrepressible conflict" is on the very eve of dying out forever.

J. R. HAMILTON.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Exchange of Prisoners at Charleston—Confederate Prisoners Placed Under Fire—List of Deaths.

FORTRESS MONROE, Wednesday, Sept. 28.

Richmond papers of the 25th contain the following:

CHARLESTON, Friday, Sept. 23.

Truce communications took place in the harbor to-day. Eighteen Yankee surgeons and chaplains were released by us. A number of women and children were sent on board the Yankee truce steamer. A clergyman and five soldiers came into our lines to-day. Stores and clothing to the amount of 150 boxes from the New-York Sanitary Commission for the Yankee prisoners in our hands, were received and brought to the city. Our returned prisoners report a recent increase of troops at Hilton Head from New-York.

On the 1st of October an exchange of naval prisoners will take place in the harbor.

Four hundred more Confederate prisoners have been placed in the pens on Morris Island.

The steamer *California*, Capt. WILLIAM BRAND, arrived from New-York to-day, via Washington, D. C.

DEATHS IN HAMPTON HOSPITAL SINCE LAST REPORT.

Peter Moore, 22d U. S. Col'd; Edward Mahoney, 16th N. Y.; Matthias Shaffer, 3d Penn. Art.; Johnson Wallace, 97th Penn.; Geo. Ketchum, 48th N. Y. V.; Fred. Strailey, 3d N. Y. Art.; Lewis Bush, 2d Penn. Art.; John Genuy, 2d Penn. Art.; James Simpson, 29th U. S. Col'd; Chas. E. Brown, 13th N. Y. Art.; John Schoff, 33d N. Y. Bat.; C. H. Green, 20th U. S. Col'd; John Hubbell, 1st Conn. Art.; Wm. Bradley, 3d N. H.; John Brown, 37th N. J.; David A. Perry, 24th Mass.; R. B. Greer, 2d Penn. Art.; F. Hendershott, 11th N. J.; Geo. De Bar, 169th N. Y.; George Race, 1st U. S. Art.; Wm. Hames, 1st D. C. Art.; Geo. Mills, 29th U. S. Col'd; John Skinner, Q. M. Dept.; Alex. Clark, 6th U. S. Col'd; Conrad Ribbel, 9th N. J.; John Boiss, 5th U. S. Art.; John N. Gillis, 3d N. H.; G. W. Colborn, 85th Penn.; John Hall, 117th N. Y.; Capt. L. Watkins, 85th Penn.

FROM PORT ROYAL.

Arrival of the Fulton—Chase of a Large Blockade-Runner.

The United States steam transport *Fulton*, J. A. WOTTON, Commander, from Port Royal, S. C., Sept. 26, with mails and passengers to Maj. STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster, arrived here to-day. She reports as follows:

"Sept. 27, off Wilmington, N. C., passed the U. S. gunboat *James Adger*.

Sept. 28, forty miles south of Absecomb, passed the transport *Arago*, bound South."

The *Fulton* brings home 250 of the Third Rhode Island Artillery in charge of Col. BRAYTON.

When off Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 27—6 o'clock A. M.—fell in with a large side-wheel blockade-runner, painted white, and having two smoke stacks. Gave her chase for twelve hours, keeping her in shore of us up to Cape Hatteras. At 6:15 P. M., the United States gunboat *Gettysburgh* and one other hove in sight and joined us in the chase; at 6:40 P. M., we were reluctantly compelled, in consequence of the darkness, to abandon the chase, and stood on our course, wishing every success to Capt. LAMSON and his *Getty*, in overhauling and making her a prize.

LETTER FROM HILTON HEAD.

Flag-of-Truce Boat to Charleston—Exchange of Prisoners—Directions for sending Boxes to Prisoners of War in the South.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

HILTON HEAD, S. C., Monday, Sept. 26.

The steamer *Delaware*, with Col. S. L. WOODFORD, Commissioner of Exchange, Lt.-Col. W. T. BENNET, Provost-Marshal General, and a few invited guests, left this port for Charleston Bar Thursday evening, at 9, to receive some Union Surgeons and Chaplains who were captured in May last. On arriving at Morris Island, Friday morning, General SAXTON, in command of the Northern district, came on board, and after a few preliminary matters had been adjusted, he returned, when orders were shortly after given to start. The rebel boat had already arrived at her destination and came to an anchorage. The *Delaware* steamed slowly up, and came alongside, and after the usual courtesies were extended, Maj. LAY, Rebel Commissioner, accompanied by several officers, came aboard. There were on the rebel boat nine Surgeons and Chaplains, who were released without exchange. The following are the names:

J. Nickerson, Assistant Surgeon, 16th Connecticut Volunteers; R. Rae, Assistant Surgeon, 1st New-York Dragoons; W. McPherson, Assistant Surgeon, 101st Pennsylvania Volunteers; G. L. Britz, Assistant Surgeon, 101st Pennsylvania Volunteers; W. J. Cragin, Assistant Surgeon, 2d District of Columbia Volunteers; J. H. Denny, Assistant Surgeon, 2d Massachusetts Artillery; J. Q. A. Meredith, Assistant Surgeon, 103d Pennsylvania Volunteers; H. S. White, Chaplain, 5th Rhode Island Artillery; C. Dixon, Chaplain, 16th Connecticut Volunteers.

Capt. MICHENER, of the Eighty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers, captured in February last, while on a reconnoisance to Whitmarsh Island, and Capt. MCKIBBIN, were released on parole, and they go North in hope to effect an exchange. They fully corroborate the statements made by officers previously exchanged and released, that they are treated more kindly and humanely in Charleston, than in any other part of rebeldom.

A Mr. SAWYER, Principal of a Southern Institute, with his wife and three children, came through on his way to Massachusetts.

I would like to state this much to those who have friends in the South held as prisoners. In sending boxes let the dimensions be no larger than eighteen (18) inches square, and under no circumstances send any provisions of whatever nature, even to an ounce of tea. The boxes are opened on their arrival here, and everything of the kind is taken out and put to other purposes, the rebel officers having refused to receive it.

The thanks of the press are due to Col. WOODFORD, Commissioner, who cheerfully rendered every facility possible to the reporters who were present.

Arrival of the Prize Matagorda.

BOSTON, Thursday, Sept. 29.

The prize steamer *Matagorda, alias Alice*, captured Sept. 10, by the United States steamer *Magnolia*, arrived here to-day. She was from Galveston, bound to Havana, and was taken off Yucatan Banks, after a chase of five hours, with a cargo of six hundred bales of cotton on board. She is an iron side-wheel steamer, of about five hundred tons, is quite fast, and was built at Wilmington, Del. After he capture she was sent to Key West, and her cargo was of such value that it was considered prudent to send a convoy with her. The United States gunboat *Iuka* was selected for that purpose, and arrived here this morning in company with her.

Electoral Nominations of Rhode Island—Horse Fair.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Thursday, Sept. 29.

The Democratic State Convention met here to-day. Col. NICHOLAS VAN SLYCK presided. The following gentlemen were nominated for presidential electors: Messrs. Sydney Brooks, Ariel Ballou, Amasa Sprague and Daniel Rodman.

Great preparations are making here for the National Horse Fair, which commences on Oct. 4, and continues through the 5th and 6th.

Look out for Bogus Reports.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

HUDSON, Thursday, Sept. 29.

A report has just gone from here to the Copperhead papers of New-York, that AMASA J. PARKER, of Albany, is addressing an audience of four thousand in our City Hall. The report is as false as all other reports, for the hall will only hold at the utmost, fifteen hundred persons, and it is simply well filled.

H. D. G.

FROM MISSOURI.

SEVEERE BATTLE AT PILOT KNOB.

Price Defeated with a Loss of 1,500.

Repulse of the Enemy at Mineral Point.

Gen. Rosecrans Organizing a Large Force of Militia.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, Sept. 28.

Mr. BURNS, a telegraph operator, who left Pilot Knob disguised, at noon yesterday, arrived at De Soto to-day.

He reports that Gen. EWING has concentrated his troops in front of the rebels.

The rebels have captured some property and planted a battery on Shepard Mount, and are throwing shells into the fort, doing some execution.

Col. MILLS was attacked at Mineral Point last night by a large body of rebels, who were repulsed. Our troops subsequently withdrew to De Soto.

Potosi was captured by the rebels last night.

Gen. SMITH's headquarters are still at De Soto, where he is receiving reinforcements.

Gen. EWING was ordered to evacuate Pilot Knob, but the rebels cut off his communications before he could get away.

Maj.-Gen. ROSECRANS to-day was directed to assist in the organization of the militia.

About 12,000 militia are now under arms, which, with the independent citizen companies, will make quite a formidable force.

LATER.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Sept. 29.

Capt. GAVIN, Acting Quartermaster of this district, who left Pilot Knob Tuesday morning, with a train of commissary stores, sent away by Gen. EWING, furnishes some information relative to the situation in the Southeast. The fort at Pilot Knob was strong, and mounts four 62-pounders and six field pieces, but they are ineffective against the artillery on Shepherd Mountain.

It was believed at Headquarters last night that yesterday would settle the enemy's fate. Information from that quarter is looked for with painful anxiety.

The rebels lost fifty killed in their attack on Mineral Point Tuesday night. PRICE's headquarters were at Fredericktown Tuesday. Gens. FAGIN, MARMADUKE, COBELL and SHELBY, and Cols. WILLIAMS. GORDON CUMMINGS and others are his subordinates. He has but a few infantry, which guard a long wagon train.

Nothing has yet been heard from Gen. MOWER.

The raid on Potosi, Tuesday, was by a scouting party, who robbed all the stores and conscripted several citizens.

The railroad below Big River has been abandoned, and it is reported that a considerable portion of it has been torn up.

A portion of the rebels have gone to Richmond, Washington county, and it is likely will next be heard from on the Southeast Branch Railroad, cutting the communication between here and Rolla.

A large number of veterans arrived here yesterday, and several regiments of Illinois One Hundred Days men have been ordered here.

Particulars of the affair at Centralia are received. Thirty-four soldiers, most of them discharged veterans, returning home from Atlanta, were shot in cold blood, and their bodies horribly mutilated. Mr. ROLLAND, the Express agent at Centralia, was also murdered, and three citizens on the train wounded, and left to burn up with the train which was fired, and started off at full peed. About an hour after the guerillas left, Maj. Johnson, with about 150 militia, arrived at Centralia and started in pursuit. They were ambushed when three miles out, and 96 of their number, including Maj. Johnson, killed. The militia were all raw and badly armed. The rebels were under the notorious BILL ANDERSON. This is the most atrocious affair since the massacre at Lawrence.

The following dispatch was received at headquarters to-night, from Capt. HILL, Gen. EWING's Adjutant-General:

"At daylight our outposts at Ironton were attacked and forced back to within a half mile of the fort.

The enemy made a desperate effort to get possession of Shephards Mountain, and succeeded in driving a battalion of the Fourteen Iowa into the rifle pits, and getting two six-pounder guns in position on the mountain.

The three mountain slopes overlooking the for were filled with dismounted cavalry.

The South front was threatened by four lines of cavalry, extending across the valley between the fort and Ironton, commanded by Gen. MARMADUKE, while a column passed around the base of Shephards Mountain and formed at the South.

"Gen. CABELL commanded the dismounted cavalry on the slope of Pilot Knob.

"The rebel troops thus disposed, a signal of two guns was fired from the mountain, and an assault in force moved on our works.

The rebels came up in fine style to the ditches, and went back to the mountain in indecent haste, leaving 1,500 killed and wounded on the field.

Among them is Gen. COBELL, a Lieutenant-Colouel, two Captains and two Lieutenants. Our entire loss was nine killed and sixty wounded.

Yesterday morning, at 4 o'clock, we left the fort and blew it up.

Gen. PRICE commanded in person.

THE RAIDERS IN SHERMAN'S REAR.

Movements of Gens. Rousseau and Forrest.

Withdrawal of the Rebel Forces From Pulaski.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Wednesday, Sept. 28.

Nothing has been heard from Gen. ROUSSEAU to-day.

The telegraph lines are cut on both the Tennessee and Alabama and Nashville and Chattanooga Railroads south of Columbia and Tullahoma.

There are no trains running south of Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Wednesday, Sept. 28—Evening.

Owing to the cutting of the telegraph wires nothing has been heard to-day of General ROUSSEAU or his command.

It is believed, however, that a desperate battle for the possession of Pulaski has occurred, or may even now be progressing.

The rebel forces, according to the latest advices, had advanced their lines preparatory to an early attack upon our troops to-day.

The fact of the telegraph wires being cut, induces the belief that there are parties in the rear of Gen. ROUSSEAU's forces.

The wires on the Chattanooga Railroad, which were down to Tullahoma, have since been repaired and are working through for the rest of the distance.

The policy of the rebels appears to be to damage to the full extent both the railroads to the front.

The damage done to the Tennessee and Alabama Railroad by the rebels, will take several weeks to repair.

Later.—A courier just from Gen. ROUSSEAU, has arrived with dispatches to the effect that during the night Gen. FORREST withdrew his whole force from the vicinity of Pulaski, and he is believed to have crossed the Chattanooga Railroad.

Gen. ROUSSEAU reports that the rebel loss during yesterday's fight was about 200, and some 20 prisoners were captured.

A small rebel force is at Synnville.

The Colonel commanding at Columbia telegraphs that small detachments of rebels are near Columbia, intending to strike the railroad between there and Nashville.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Sept. 29.

MR. GRISWOLD'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

The published letter of the Hon. JOHN A. GRISWOLD, representative in Congress from the Fifteenth District of your State, accepting a renomination at the hands of the Union Convention, and repudiating MCCLELLAN and the Chicago platform, is regarded with great favor by all loyal men here, and in administration circles, is looked upon as proof that a large proportion of the War Democracy will, before election, pursue the same course, and go in for a complete crushing out of the existing rebellion by a vigorous prosecution of the war.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Sept. 29.

THE MONEY-ORDER BLANKS.

In consequence of unavoidable delay in printing and numbering money-order blanks, the system cannot be put into operation before the middle of next month.

THE MAIL STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

The time for receiving proposals for mail steamship service between the United States and Brazil, is extended until the afternoon of the 10th of October.

PAY OF SOLDIERS IN SOUTHERN PRISONS.

It may not be generally known that the pay due our soldiers in Southern prisons can be obtained by their wives, on the presentation by the latter of the proper vouchers to the Pay Department in this City.

ADMIRAL FARRAGUT.

It is believed that Admiral FARRAGUT will be immediately transferred from the command of the West Gulf to the North Atlantic blockading service; and that Admiral LEE will take command of the fleet in Mobile Bay.

Probable Murder at Norwich.

NORWICH, Conn., Wednesday, Sept. 28.

Mrs. FRANCISCO HOEFFLER, a young and beautiful German lady, mysteriously disappeared on Saturday last. Her body was found, on Monday last, in the Shetucket River, near here. The Coroner's inquest, to-day, rendered a verdict that she came to her death from unknown causes. There is much excitement here, as the affair is wrapped in deep mystery. The general opinion is that a dastardly murder has been committed.

Democratic Congressional Nomination.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Thursday, Sept. 29.

The Democratic Convention of the Second Congressional District met here to-day. Hon. CHARLS H. HAIGHT, of Monmouth, presided. Hon. GEORGE MIDDLETON, the present member; Ex-Gov. FOOT, of Ocean; Dr. SKELTON, of Mercer, and JOSEPH D. BEDLE, of Monmouth, were nominated. Mr. MIDDLETON received the nomination of the Convention on the first ballot.

Union Meeting at Hudson.

HUDSON, N. Y., Wednesday, Sept. 28.

The City Hall is thronged to-night with an immense gathering of Union citizens of Hudson and Columbia County. Hon. THOMAS G. ALVORD, the Union nominee for Lieutenant-Governor, Gen. BUSTEED, R. F. ANDREWS and others, are speaking amidst great enthusiasm.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Tuesday, Sept. 27.

The steamer *Moses Taylor*, eleven days from Nicaragua, arrived here to-day. All on board are well. She reports the arrival of the *Nonantuon* at San Juan del Sur, on the 8th inst., with a cargo of coal for the Transit Company.

Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Sept. 29.

The woolen-mill of SIDNEY SOLINS, of Manayunk, was partly burned this morning. Loss $60,000, which is fully insured.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

International Cricket Match.

OLD ENGLAND VERSUS YOUNG AMERICA—YOUNG AMERICA VICTORIOUS.

On Tuesday and Wednesday of this week a match game of cricket was played at Hoboken, between the first eleven of the St. George Cricket Club, of New-York, and the first eleven of the Young America Cricket Club, of Philadelphia. The bowling and fielding on both sides was of the highest order, so good that but few runs could be made off the bat. We particularly noticed the fine bowling of HARRY and GEORGE WRIGHT, on the part of St. George; and of GEORGE NEWHALL and JOHNS, of the Young America. After a well contested game, the Young Americas were victorious, with four wickets to spare.

ST. GEORGE.

FIRST INNINGS.		SECOND INNINGS.	
Ford, b. Johns	5	b. Johns	0
Todd, b' Johns	4	b. G. M. Newhall	4
Wylde, b. Johns	0	run out	0
H. Wright, c. H. Newhall, b. Johns	16	b. G. M. Newhall	6
G. Wright, b. Johns	0	b. G. M. Newhall	0
Ewing, b. G. M. Newhall	0	c. H. Newhall, b. G. M. Newhall	0
Haughton, c. Bayard, b. Johns	2	c. Davis, b. G. M. Newhall	3
Kendall c. H. Newhall, b. G. M. Newhall	0	c. H. Newhall. b. Johns	0
Vanderlep, run out	0	not out	1
Outerbridge. b, Johns	4	c. and b. G. M. Newhall	3
Newton, not out	0	b. G. M, Newhall	0
Byes, 2; wides, 1	3	Byes, 1; leg byes, 3; wides, 9	13
Total	34	Total	30

YOUNG AMERICA.

FIRST INNINGS.		SECOND INNINGS.	
Vernon, c. Newton, b. H. Wright	0	hit wicket, b. G. Wright	2
G. M. Newhall, c. H. Wright b. G. Wright	14	c. Ford, b. G. Wright	3
D. Newhall, b. H. Wright	0	c. Newton, b. H. Wright	3
Bayard, b. H. Wright	2	not out	3
H. Newhall, c. Newton, b. G. Wright	6	b. H. Wright	1
Mellor, b. G. Wright	0		
Rodman Wistar. b H Wright	1	not out	0
C. A. Newhall, c. and b. H. Wright	10	c. Outerbridge, b. G. Wright	0
Davis, b. G. Wright	0		
Watson. b. H. Wright	1		
Johns, not out	5	b. G. Wright	0
Byes 4, leg byes 2, wides 1	7	Byes 2, leg byes 3, wides 2	7
Totals	46		19

Umpires—Messrs. Hammond and Ratcliffe.
Time of Game—5 hours, 45 minutes.

ANALYSIS OF BOWLING.

YOUNG AMERICA.

	Balls.	Runs.	Maidens.	Wides	Wickets.
First Innings.					
W. Johns	62	10	9	1	7
H. Newhall	24	15	1	0	0
G. M. Newhall	36	6	5	0	2
Second Innings.					
W. Johns	52	13	7	3	2
G. M. Newhall	40	4	9	6	7

ST. GEORGE.—

First Innings.					
H. Wright	79	11	12	0	6
G. Wright	76	28	7	1	4
Second Innings.					
H. Wright	60	10	11	0	2
G. Wright	56	2	12	2	4

SHERIDAN IN THE VALLEY.

FIFTY DAYS CAMPAIGNING

THE RESULTS OF PRUDENT GENERALSHIP.

THE TEST OF MERIT.

The Richmond *Enquirer* consoles itself for the defeat of EARLY in the Shenandoah by recalling the fact that STONEWALL JACKSON marched down the Valley and was driven back; that he again advanced and was obliged to retreat; that SIGEL marched up and was defeated, and that HUNTER, after gaining a complete victory over JONES, and after having penetrated to the defences of Lynchburgh, was also compelled to retrace his steps. The Richmond journalist draws from his recital of the facts the conclusion that history is again repeating itself in the case of SHERIDAN, and that it will be his turn to retreat anon. Be this reasoning correct or otherwise, it is worth while to recall the leading events in SHERIDAN's campaign thus far, that we may see by what line of military action he has hitherto been guided. The same day that SHERIDAN entered upon his duties as Commander in the Valley, (Aug. 7,) Gen. AVERILL attacked the rebels at Moorfield, Va., and succeeded in capturing five hundred prisoners. From this date forward, *no rebel force, great or small, has been seen north of the Potomac.*

On Monday, the 8th of August, General SHERIDAN had his preparations in so forward a state as to justify his moving up the Valley, by an easy advance from Harper's Ferry toward Charleston. Up to Saturday, the 13th of August, little but skirmishing occurred between the opposing forces, EARLY making a quiet retreat, evidently having discovered that SHERIDAN's purpose was simply to press him gently up the Valley, feel his strength, and hold himself governed by the facts developed.

Between Saturday night and Sunday morning, the 3th and 14th of August, a band of MOSBY's troopers, that had been hanging about Leesburgh and in the mountain defiles on SHERIDAN's left, pounced upon a small supply train near Berryville. The attack was made from the direction of Snicker's Gap, nearly opposite to which the Shenandoah is fordable at two points. The train was some twenty miles in rear of SHERIDAN's main army at the time of the attack, and the small force in charge of it was easily overpowered.

On the night of Sunday, the 14th, rumors had reached SHERIDAN, whose headquarters at the time were near Cedar Creek, some six miles beyond Winchester, that reinforcements had been sent forward to the support of EARLY by General LEE; that a considerable portion of LONGSTREET's Corps was moving northward on the east side of the Blue Ridge; and that a flank attack on our left by way of Thoroughfare Gap, was not improbable. General SHERIDAN, however, deeming it wise to give extra orders respecting the protection of his supply train, with the view, if necessary, of having it sent back to Winchester, determined to move still further up the Valley, in order to find out the real strength of his antagonist. The venture cost him something. On Monday, the 15th, his supply train having been meanwhile ordered back, he sent forward a party of five hundred to a point about a mile beyond Strasburgh, to erect a signal station, for the purpose of discovering EARLY's position on Fisher's Mountain. This force was summarily "gobbled up" by the enemy. On Tuesday, the 16th, a portion of the force sent forward by LEE to EARLY's support, consisting of cavalry and infantry, made its appearance at Thoroughfare Gap, the object being to strike a sudden and heavy blow on SHERIDAN's left flank and rear. The movement, however, was discovered in ample time. Our cavalry engaged the assailing column with admirable skill and dash before it was fairly formed for the attack, and it was soon compelled to retreat with a large loss in prisoners.

At the close of the fight near Thoroughfare Gap, SHERIDAN, finding that EARLY was strongly intrenched at Fisher's Mountain, and that the Gaps in the Blue Ridge presented more opportunities than it was agreeable to contemplate for a repetition of the attacks upon his left, ordered his army to fall back toward Winchester. From that place, after some heavy skirmishing, he retired to Perryville and Charlestown. And in this retreat, and the contingent engagements between his rear and EARLY's advance, five days were consumed. On Sunday the 21st of August, a severe engagement took place two miles beyond Charlestown, in which our loss was computed at between five and six hundred. The object of the rebels in bringing on this engagement was to gain possession of Martinsburgh, and in this object EARLY was successful.

From the 21st to the 26th of August, there was little to vary the position of the opposing armies. Constant reconnoissances by our cavalry were kept up to enable Gen. SHERIDAN to ascertain the movements and intent of his adversary. From the 26th to the end of the month, a strict guard was kept upon the fords of the upper Potomac, and whether EARLY entertained the purpose of repeating his experiments as an invader north of the Potomac or not, such was the vigilance of the watch established by SHERIDAN, that not a single rebel ventured to set foot in Maryland. Hagerstown was shelled for a few hours from the south side of the Potomac, but beyond that, EARLY made no sign or threat of invasion.

On the 2d of September, AVERILL engaged the rebels near Martinsburgh, and the following day CROOK attacked them near Berryville. In both engagements our forces achieved very considerable successes. From this date to the 16th the situation of affairs varied to no considerable degree. It then came out that Gen. GRANT had reached Washington, from City Point, on his way to the upper Potomac. What transpired in council between the Lieutenant-General and his trusty Executive Lieutenant in the Valley, the events of the ten days intervening between the 19th and 29th inst., have shown with tolerable distinctness. At the first of these dates Gen. SHERIDAN commenced his grand attack on EARLY's lines at Darkesville on the right, and on the Berryville and Winchester pike, near Opequan Creek, on the left. At the latest of these dates SHERIDAN's victorious army had pursued the demoralized forces of EARLY for a distance of over one hundred miles from the opening battle-ground, and is heard from to-day beyond Staunton. On Thursday, the 22d, the two corps of WRIGHT and EMORY, with SHERIDAN himself at their head, came up with EARLY at Fisher's Mountain—defeated him there, scattering his force in every direction, and capturing sixteen pieces of his artillery. With a parallel column of cavalry, SHERIDAN's Lieutenant, TORBERT, again overtook a portion of the flying remnant at Luray Court-House on Saturday, the 24th, making many prisoners, and driving the fugitive band before it. At 8 o'clock on Monday morning last our main army, under SHERIDAN himself, entered Staunton, where he is reported, through rebel sources, engaged in burning and tearing up the railroad track between that point and Waynesboro, on the Gordonsville line.

Such is a brief summary of fifty days operations in the Valley of the Shenandoah under Gen. SHERIDAN.

Arrival of the Steamship Bremen.

SANDY HOOK, Thursday, Sept. 29.

The steamship Bremen, from Bremen via Southhampton, is signalled and will be up about 9 o'clock. Her news is anticipated.

POLITICAL.

The Cooper Institute Meeting.

SPEECH OF MR. DITTENHOEFER—LETTERS FROM DISTINGUISHED STATESMEN.

A. J. DITTENHOEFER, Esq., delivered an eloquent speech on Tuesday last at the Republican Ratification meeting from German Stand No. 1.

He said the battle that will be fought in November between the Union and Confederate forces north of the Potomac, will, I am sure, end in the destruction and annihilation of the bastard Southern Confederacy. Abraham Lincoln commands the Union forces, George B. McClellan the Confederate forces. It is true that George B. McClellan leads the Confederate forces? Let us examine his history. The speaker then elaborately reviewed McClellan's history, showing how, years ago, he connected himself with the fillibustering expedition to steal Cuba, and annex the same to the United States, for the purpose of strengthening and perpetrating the Slave power. How Jeff. Davis, then Secretary of War, now the "great unhung" commenced it. How such men as Vallandingham and Vorhees, who boasted that they never voted a dollar for the war, and declared that this is an unholy and accursed war, feasted and dined and wined him whenever he came to Washington, while he (McClellan) pretended to command and lead the armies in this "unholy and accursed war." How, while at the head of the army, he was dictating to the President a policy acceptable to the Confederates South. How every man at the North who opposed the war demanded that this fighting General should be placed at the head of our armies. How he consented to be harnessed to (a slave) Pen—Mac and Pen—Pendleton being the impersonation of the peace platform and sympathy with Jeff. Davis. How his nomination was received with enthusiasm and cheers by the rebel armies. How the Southern newspapers declare that they can help McClellan more by beating Grant, outside of the Union, than by voting for him (McClellan) in the Union. How the rebel loan advanced on the announcement of McClellan's nomination. How every sympathizer, passive and active, with Jeff. Davis, now cheers for and will vote for McClellan. How he accepts the nomination on the peace platform, and in his letter of acceptance says that the sentiments contained in his said letter were no doubt identical with the sentiments of the convention—"that the war is a failure, and that there must be an immediate cessation of hostilities." How such men as Fernando Wood, Vallandigham and Thomas H. Seymour support him, notwithstanding his letter, and declare that he will enforce the policy statetd in the platform. How his military career (consistent with his history) may be summed up in one word—"delay," which gave the rebels all they wanted—"time." Is it not true, then, said the speaker, that McClellan leads the Confederate forces North? The speaker then reviewed the platform and criticised the phraseology of the peace plank, "immediate cessation of hostilities, with a view to an ultimate convention." Ultimate means, according to Webster, furthest, most remote—that is, the hostilities were to cease immediately, but the convention was to be called most remotely, so that, when called, Jeff. Davis would refuse to enter, and be prepared to enforce his refusal. He remarked upon the absence of all allusion from the platform to the Monroe doctrine, the most stirring and potent party cry in America; and although the Democrats had denounced President Lincoln for merely asserting his right to determine the time and place for enforcing it, the speaker believed that it was intentionally left out of the platform, for fear, if the Democrats offended Louis Napoleon, the Rebels South could not receive from him support or recognition; or perhaps this doctrine was abandoned for the reason that they could not oppose the establishment of a despotism in Mexico and support one in the South. The speaker then said the shells thrown into Atlanta recoiled and had forced McClellan to retreat from the Chicago platform, and the copperheads were thrown into terror on discovering that Grant's fire not only exploded over Petersburgh, but (Prof. Grants') amidst the Rebels of Union Square. He showed how thirty years ago liberty of speech was suppressed by the Democrats when in favor of freedom, and now its suppression is denounced when used against rebellion and treason. How arbitrary arrests were supported and the suppression of *habeas corpus* justified when the interests of slavery were to be subserved, and are denounced when the interests of freedom are to be promoted. How liberty of the press and the inviolability of the mail were mockeries when appealed to on behalf of freedom, and how suddenly they became great and substantial rights when used against treason and slavery. Mr. D. concluded with the remark that, as Louis Napoleon said, "*L'Empire c'est la paix*," so we may say "the election of Lincoln is Peace." Jeff. Davis—his resources crippled—his last man in the field—does not want Lincoln elected, because, with him in office, he must either succumb or fight four years more. He cannot and will not, notwithstanding his boastings and threats, fight four long years more. Like the King of Denmark, who, in London, was bold and defiant, yet, less than two months afterward, submitted to an ignominious peace, so Jeff. Davis, when there is left to him no alternative but four years more of hopeless war with exhausted means, will submit and cry for mercy. Then will there be a firm and lasting peace, based upon union and freedom, and the Union strong, powerful and free, will be respected and *honored* the world over.

Be it storm or summer weather,
Peaceful calm or battle jar,
Stand in beauteous strength together,
Sister States as once ye were.

The following were among the letters from distinguished public men addressed to the Chairman of the great Union demonstration in this City on Tuesday last:

LETTER OF HON. R. E. FENTON.

JAMESTOWN, Saturday, Sept. 16, 1864.

DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 16th instant, inviting me to attend a Ratification Meeting at the Cooper Institute, New-York City, on the 29th inst., was duly received. I regret that a previous engagement prevents my accepting the invitation.

I need hardly say that I am heartily in sympathy with the objects of the meeting which I take to be for conference and discussion, as to the rights and responsibilities of the people in these perilous times.

There never was a period in the history of the nation when the masses had occasion to manifest their sovereignty, so variously, so often and so fully, as in this. Never before was their power so immediately felt in all the departments of Government. Presidents, Cabinets and Legislatures exist but to declare and execute their will. In years past, this mere machinery of government moved so smoothly and easily that it seemed almost self-acting—self-sustaining. But in these times of peril and difficulty, it is obliged to call constantly for new occasions of impulse from the source of all civil power in free Government—the people.

Thus far its special demands have been for men and money, and they have been responded to most nobly, and with a devotion worthy those other heroic days of the Republic when the principles of constitutional liberty which we defend were established. The sinews of war have been contributed with an alacrity and abundance such as no other nation in all history has ever equaled.

But the Government now calls for moral as well as material reinforcement. It asks that the people redeclare the law of their sovereignty—that a legally constituted majority shall rule. The fundamental principle of all free Governments is the first one attacked by this iniquitous Rebellion. A concession of this principle is the only peaceable solution of our national difficulty ever yet presented, or recognized by the rebels, and is the only one encouraged by the opponents of the Administration, as appears by their declarations at Chicago.

Will the people yield this principle to armed aggression, or compromise, or in any way allow this rule of our national existence—this palladium of our power and safety—to be called in question?

This is the grave consideration we are invited to meet and decide. A question between the rebels in arms and the great Union party of the United States, and equally in issue between the supporters of the Baltimore and the Chicago platforms.

To the decision of an enlightened people, I feel assured, it is safe to leave it. Very respectfully,

R. E. FENTON.

WM. A. DARLING, Esq., Chairman and C.

LETTER OF HON. S. P. CHASE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19, 1864.

GENTLEMEN: You have my sincere thanks for the very kind and cordial terms in which you invite me to attend and address the Union meeting to be held at the Cooper Institute on the 27th instant, for the ratification of the nomination of Lincoln and Johnson, and Fenton and Alvord.

I should certainly accept your invitation, were I not already under promise to perform a similar duty in Ohio, about the same time.

To me it seems clear that whatever is most precious in national unity and most sacred in personal freedom requires for all lovers of their country, united and most earnest endeavors to secure the largest possible majority for the Union nominees, whether State or National. No one, I trust, with whom my counsel may have weight, will fail to contribute his best efforts to this result.

Mere majorities will not suffice. Large majorities will be hardly enough. We want and must have majorities so overwhelming and decisive as will extinguish every hope in the hearts of the chiefs of rebellion, and in the hearts of all foreign and domestic sympathizers with rebellion, that the American people will ever consent to the dismemberment of the American Union, or to the reëstablishment of the ascendancy of the slaveholding oligarchy in the land of freedom. Very truly, yours,

S. P. CHASE.

WILLIAM A. DARLING, Esq. Chairman, &c.

LETTER OF HON. D. S. DICKINSON.

BINGHAMTON, Tuesday, Sept. 26, 1864.

GENTLEMEN:—Our Circuit Court, in which I have engagements, sits this day, and I cannot, of course, attend the Union meeting to-morrow as I should be pleased to do. Besides, I am getting a little jealous of Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, and others, for they are speaking so loud, just now, and their arguments are so convincing, that ordinary speakers stand a poor chance, either to do good or gain distinction. They seem determined to *stump the Rebellion* and its sympathizers at home and abroad, *if not the States*. Gen. McClellan is said to be a most comely and expert equestrian, but if he endeavors at the same time to ride the Bucephalus of War and the pale and ghastly stalking Horse of Peace, traveling in opposite directions, it will expand his skill as widely as it will his *understanding*. Believing that it is the determination of the loyal people of the Union to put down the rebellion and restore the Government *by force of arms*, and that such determination will be carried out successfully, I am sincerely yours,

D. S. DICKINSON.

Messrs. SIMEON DRAPER and others, Committee.

LETTER OF HON. PRESTON KING.

OGDENSBURGH, Sept. 22, 1864.

DEAR SIR: The invitation of your Committee, representing all the Union organizations in the City of New-York, having in charge the Union Ratification of the nominations of Lincoln and Johnson, Fenton and Alvord, to me, to be present and address a Ratification Meeting to be held at the Cooper Institute, in the City of New-York, on Tuesday, the 27th day of September, inst., at 7 P. M., is received. I most thoroughly and entirely concur in the objects and purpose of your meeting. I approve the nominations of Lincoln and Johnson, Fenton and Alvord, and shall support them with all my heart at the election. The coming election is not a mere political election, in which the difference between the candidates and the parties who support them is a difference of opinion on questions of constitutional construction or measures of administration. It is a contest between the friends of Republican Government and its enemies—between the Government of our country established by our fathers, backed by its army and navy and the host of volunteer soldiers on the land and sailors on the sea, and the friends of their country at home who support them, on one side, and on the other side a Confederacy of red-handed traitors, pirates on the sea and on the land, rebels in open arms against their country, and their friends in those parts of our country where treason dare not raise its flag nor show its ugly head, but proclaims its demand for a cessation of hostilities against the pirates and rebels, who are reeling and staggering under the blows of the gallant and patriotic volunteers that have rallied and are still rallying around the flag of our country. The question in the election, as in the field of battle, is: Shall the United States stand as a nation among the nations of the earth, or shall the Union be broken in pieces and the glory of the Republic be trodden under foot? I do not doubt the issue. I regret that engagements which I cannot set aside deny me the privilege and the pleasure of attending and participating in the proceedings of your meeting. For your kind invitation please accept my thanks. Very respectfully,

PRESTON KING.

Mr. WM. A. DARLING, Chairman Committee.

Mr. Chase on the Two Platforms.

We copy from the Cincinnati *Gazette*, a portion of the very eloquent speech delivered by Mr. Chase, at the grand Union demonstration, which took place at Cincinnati on Saturday last:

"We are told that McClellan has made a platform of his own. They were sagacious men who nominated him. They were men who understood precisely what they were about. They were in favor of peace, and determined to have it at the sacrifice of the honor and interest of the country; and they therefore put McClellan upon a Peace platform.

There is a peculiar fact in reference to the first plank in that platform. As it was drawn originally, it declared that the Convention of the Democratic party was in favor of the Union, and of maintaining the national unity as an admirable framework of government, and other language which I do not recollect; but the point is, that resolution, when it was offered, had these words in it, "that we are in favor of maintaining the national unity;" but when it went into the committee these words were stricken out, and the resolution was reported without them, and adopted without them. Thus the committee, and the convention through it, so far as they could by a negative, declared themselves not in favor of maintaining the national unity, if that maintenance stood in the way of peace. Thus I am justified in saying that the convention was determined upon having peace. It declared itself in general terms in favor of the Union, but it declared itself also in favor of peace, and you cannot find in the whole of that document a single word upon any other topic except this of peace, and the arraignment of the Republican party. It is full of charges against the Union men of the country—those who have supported Mr. Lincoln. It contains no single word in condemnation of the rebellion—not a single word in denunciation of the men who have lighted the fire of discord and of war in the land.

Now, fellow-citizens, let us look at the other side of the picture a moment. What do we see? What do we inscribe upon our banners? We do not use any equivocal terms. There is not a word the meaning of which is not as plain as sunlight, in the platform of the Baltimore Convention. We declare, in the first place, that we mean to maintain this Union. [Cheers.] We do not mean upon any terms to let this Union go. We will not be content to submit to the loss of one single county, or town, or parish, throughout the whole United States. We mean to keep the whole, because we know that unless we do keep the whole, it is vain to talk of peace. Let this Union be broken up; let this doctrine of secession be sanctioned by the result of this contest, and there is no more peace for America. We are to be divided into a multitude of discordant, belligerent States, between which there can be no peace till at last a despairing people may seek deliverance from endless contention under the shadow of a throne. But we want no throne in this country. [Voices, "Never," "never."] We want no sovereign in this country, but the sovereign people. [Cheers.] And we mean that the American people shall control the whole of these United States. [Renewed cheers.]

What next in this platform? Why the men who made that platform at Baltimore say what the real cause of this rebellion was. It was not usurpation on your part; it was not disposition to infringe any right of the southern States; no disposition to disturb any institution of the southern States on our part. But it was slavery which inspirited them with the idea of despotism, and that despotism they wished to establish all over the country. Our representatives at Baltimore declared this plainly to the world. They disguised nothing. They simply said, this is the cause of the war, and because it is the cause of the war it must be abolished.

But we are told that the Republicans, by which name they choose to call all the Union men, that the Administration has changed the original object of the war. The war was begun, they say, for the restoration of the Union, and we were content to support it as long as it were waged for that purpose, but it has been diverted from that object. Now is that true? ["No, no."]

* * * A few years ago this party, calling itself the Democratic party, had no language strong enough to express its devotion to the emigrants to this country. Does its platform speak a word of encouragement to them now? No. It is as silent on the subject as the grave. But the party of freedom and Union extends its welcoming hand to all who come into the country to partake of its blessings and its glory.

Then there is another thing. They tell us that we are not bold enough in our actions in respect to foreign Powers. Well, let them wait a little. They have not said what they intend to do, but we have told them that we don't mean to look with the least allowance upon the establishment of a foreign empire in America. [Cheers.] I trust and believe that this doctrine will be carried out, and that monarchies in Europe will find that they have something to do at home of more importance to them than sending their Emperors into this country of ours. I say country of ours, because we have a common interest with other Republics on the continent; and no foreign Power can touch a Republic in America without touching the interest of the United States. This is the doctrine we pronounced long ago, and it is the one we hold to yet.

There is nothing in the whole platform of which we need be ashamed. We are for the Union, the freedom and the development of all the resources of our country, for welcoming the foreign emigrant when he comes among us as a brother and a friend. We are against the interference by any foreign despotism with freedom in America. [Cheers.] These are our doctrines, and upon these doctrines we come into the contest; but first and foremost, and above all, because it is the doctrine which meets our immediate necessity, is the doctrine of maintaining the Union against all traitors, at home or abroad, and with Union maintaining freedom.

Gen. A. J. Smith's Sentiments.

The veteran Gen. A. J. Smith, of Fort De Russy fame, an old Pennsylvania Democrat, made a speech recently in St. Louis. He said:

"I want to see us united from Maine to Mexico—one united and happy people. There is but one way of doing this. Rebels commenced the war; now, *let them ask for peace?* How are we to have peace? I say, when the South shall ask for peace, then it will be time for them to get it. Never let the North say peace; but when the South asks for peace, let us be merciful. I would rather see the old flag, under which I have been fighting, sunk fathoms deep in the Mississippi than that we should give up and sue for peace. As for proposing terms to the South, I say it is ridiculous. * * *

When Mr. Lincoln was elected, the South said he was an Abolitionist—well, if he was, I am too; but Mr. Lincoln never had a negro, and I have had many, and set them all free. I would free three hundred thousand negroes, if I had them, for the good of my country. After he was made President, he said to the South, which had seceded, 'Come back.' He gave them three months to return, and after he was made President, he gave them six weeks longer to come back, with all their constitutional rights guaranteed to them. Now, is this what you call an Abolitionist? If so, I am one.

Political Items.

—The following is a list of Union candidates for Congress in Michigan:

First District—Fernando C. Beaman.
Second District—Charles Upson.
Third District—John W. Longyear.
Fourth District—Thomas W. Ferry.
Fifth District—R. W. Trowbridge.
Sixth District—John F. Briggs.

Messrs. Beaman, Upson and Longyear are members of the present House.

—It is reported at Indianapolis that the Surgeon-General of the United States has issued an order furloughing all the convalescents of the Indiana soldiers in the hospitals and camps, from the 1st to the 15th of October, thus giving them an opportunity to go home and vote.

—The following summary of votes on the Presidential question is compiled from late exchanges:

Regiment.	Lincoln.	McClellan.
Tenth Indiana	450	20
One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Ind.	742	22
Forty-third Indiana	207	8
Twenty-fourth Iowa	346	39
Twenty-eighth Iowa	338	8
Fourteenth New-Jersey	147	69
Eleventh Michigan Cavalry	452	4
Total	2,682	161

Lincoln's majority, 2,521.

—Gen. George A. McCall, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Chester District of Pennsylvania, in 1862, repudiates McClellan and Pendleton, and will vote for the reëlection of President Lincoln.

—Hon. S. O. Thatcher is the Union candidate for Governor of Kansas, and Gen. A. L. Lee for Representative in Congress. The State is claimed for Lincoln and Johnson by from 8,000 to 10,000 majority.

—Senator Howard, of Michigan, has recently taken the stump for Lincoln and Johnson. The Union candidate for Governor, Hon. Henry H. Crapo, is earnestly canvassing the entire State.

—The Union convention for the nomination of a candidate to represent the First District of New-Jersey in the next Congress, is to convene at Bridgetown, Oct. 5. Hon. Isaac V. Dickinson, of Salem, is the Democratic candidate.

—Hon. Hamilton Ward, of Alleghany County, is the Union candidate for Congress in the Twenty-seventh District of this State. The present representative is Hon. R. B. Van Valkenburgh, (Rep.-Union.) Union majority, 1862, 4,113.

—Gen. Halbert E. Paine is the Union candidate for Congress in the Milwaukee District of Wisconsin. The district is now represented by Hon. James S. Brown, Democrat, who was elected in 1862 by 3,521 majority over Hon. John F. Potter, Union.

—Hon. Charles M. Harris has been nominated for reëlection to Congress by the Democrats of the Fourth (Quincy) District of Illinois. His majority in 1862 was 2,915.

—An immense Union mass-meeting was held at Harrisburgh on Saturday evening. Gen. Cameron presided, and made an elequent speech. He was succeeded by Hon. John Cessna and others.

—A. B. Hulse, Esq., is the Union candidate for Assembly in the First District of Orange County, and Francis Marvin is the second.

—The Democrats of Orange, N. J., propose having a torchlight procession sometime this week, when Gen. McClellan will be serenaded at the Park House.

—Hon. Giles W. Hotchkiss is the Union candidate for Congress in the Twenty-sixth District in this State. His majority in 1862 was 4,108.

—Edward C. Mesereau, Esq., is the Union nominee for Assembly in Broome County. Union majority, 1863, 2,069.

—It is stated that two of the prominent candidates in the "Democratic" State ticket in Michigan will support Lincoln and Johnson.

—Gov. Morton, of Indiana, states that "no uneasiness need be felt about the electoral vote of that State—it is certain to go for Lincoln."

—The late vote of the soldiers located in Minnesota is reported to stand 1,500 for Lincoln to 300 for McClellan.

—Hon. William H. Fenton is the Democratic candidate for Governor of Michigan.

—Hon. Horace Maynard heads the Union electorial ticket in Tennessee.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—MONDAY, Sept. 26, 1864, 1 o'clock, P. M.

Present—John T. Henry, Esq., President, and the following members:

Aldermen Fox, Jones, McCool, Chipp, Byers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell and Farley.

The minutes of August 31, September 2, 12, 15 and 19 were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Masterson—

Petition of Patrick Brennan asking for a reduction of an assessment for curbing, &c., Eighty-fourth-street, from Eighth-avenue to Broadway.

Which was referred to the Committee on Assessments.

By Alderman Chipp—

Petition of the Protestant Episcopal Church for Seamen for remission of assessments.

Which was referred to the Committee on Assessments.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Petition of the Thirty-seventh Regiment for donation.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

INVITATIONS.

An invitation was received from the Historical Society to attend the two hundreth anniversary of the conquest of New-Notherland.

Which was accepted.

RESOLUTIONS.

By the President—

Whereas, The remuneration price paid the following named officers, is under the present state of affairs, inadequate to the services rendered, and inasmuch as the essential articles of life have materially increased in cost, and the depreciation of the currency has prospectively reduced the amount of compensation allowed; therefore be it

Resolved, That until the present emergent financial condition of the Country, has passed and the resumption of specie payment, the salaries of the following officers in the Street Department be fixed at the rate hereinafter named, to date from the 1st of January, 1864, to wit:

Chief Clerk in the Street Commissioner's Office	$4,000
First Book-keeper	3,000
Second Book-keeper	2,500
Superintendent of Roads	3,000
Superintendent of Wharves	3,000
Deputy Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies in Street Commissioner's Office	3,000
First General Clerk to the Street Commissioner	3,000
Second General Clerk to the Street Commissioner	2,000
Third General Clerk to the Street Commissioner	2,000
Fourth General Clerk to the Street Commissioner	1,000
Fifth General Clerk to the Street Commissioner	1,800
Clerk to Superintendent of Lamps and Gas	1,800

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Whereas, The Seventh District Court is temporarily located in the new building erected for the use of the Fourth District Police Court, and

Whereas, The accommodations are insufficient, not having been intended for the purposes for which it is now used, and

Whereas, The City is a large owner of a lot of land immediately adjoining the said Police Court, which lot is eligibly located for the erection of a suitable building for the said Seventh District Court; therefore,

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for the erection of a suitable building on the lot of ground owned by the Corporation in Fifty-seventh-street, between Third and Lexington avenues, immediately adjoining the Fourth District Police Court, for the use of the Seventh District Court.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the poll of the Ninth Election District of the Fourteenth Ward be held at number One Hundred and Forty-seven Mott-street, until otherwise ordered.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Hardy.

Resolved, That the present sewer in Thirty-eighth-street, between the sewer in Eighth-avenue and a point about two hundred and fifty feet west of Eighth-avenue, be taken up and rebuilt at the usual depth of fifteen feet below the curb grade, or as near to said depth as may be found practicable, the same to be done at City expense, under the head of City contingencies, without contract, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to George H. Bush to erect a wooden awning in front of his premises, number four hundred and fifty-three Eighth-avenue, the same to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Long—

Resolved, That One Hundred and Thirty-fifth-street, between the Fourth and Eighth-avenues, be regulated and graded, the curb and gutter stones cut, and the sidewalks flagged a space of four feet wide through the centre thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Board be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to construct the proposed sewer in Thirty-eighth-street, between the termination of the present sewer west of the Eighth-avenue and the Ninth-avenue, at the usual depth of thirteen feet between the curb grade, or as near to said depth as may be practicable, provided that a satisfactory arrangement can be made between the Croton Aqueduct Board, the Comptroller and the contractor for said sewer, whereby the interests of the city will be protected. The Comptroller being hereby authorized to pay the expense of said alteration in the depth of the sewer out of "City Contingencies."

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Ryers—

Resolved, That the Committee on National Affairs be and they are hereby authorized and directed to procure a stand of colors for the Twenty-seventh Regiment, New-York National Guard.

Which was referred to the Committee on National Affairs.

By Alderman Jeremiah—

Resolved, That the election poll of the Sixth Election District of the Seventeenth Ward be held at number twelve Stuyvesant-street, in lieu of the former place in said district, until otherwise ordered by the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

And the same was directed to be sent to the Board of Councilmen for concurrence.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the poll of the First Election District of the Fourteenth Ward be held at number eighty-six Marion-street until otherwise ordered.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Masterson—

Resolved, That permission be and hereby is given to P. Michelson, to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number six hundred and thirty-one Eighth-avenue, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McCool—

Resolved, That the salaries of the fifth clerk and line clerk in the Bureau of Arrears, Department of Finance, be increased to one thousand five hundred dollars per annum, and that they are so increased from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and that the said increase be paid out of the fund appropriated for City contingencies, or out of any other City fund having a surplus.

Which was laid over.

AN ORDINANCE

TO AMEND CHAPTER FIVE, ARTICLE FOUR, OF THE REVISED ORDINANCES OF ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINE.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York do ordain as follows:

Article one.—Section first of Article five of Chapter four of the Revised Ordinances of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, is hereby amended by adding the following section:

Sec. 50. There shall be appointed by the Public Administrator a Deputy Public Administrator, whose salary shall be twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, payable monthly, who shall assist the Public Administrator in the performance of his duties, and shall perform such other services as may be required of him; the salary for the present year to be taken from the appropriation for city contingencies, or any other unexpended appropriation.

Sec. 2. This ordinance shall take effect immediately.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Jeremiah.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Louis Auger, to lay a drain from his premises, Nos. 120 and 122 Norfolk-street, to connect with sewer in Stanton-street, at his own expense, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

Which was subsequently reconsidered and adopted.

By Alderman Fox—

Resolved, That the Engine Number Forty-seven, lately disbanded, and now in use by Engine Company Number Eight, be, and the same is hereby transferred to Southwark Engine Company Number Thirty-eight, when no longer required by Engine Company Number Eight, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That the election polls of the Second Election District of the Nineteenth Ward be held on the north-east corner of Second-avenue and Forty-third-street, until otherwise ordered by the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Masterson moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Donations and Charities of Board of Councilmen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Congregation Rodolph Sholem, for the sum of $63 50 as a donation, the same to be applied in payment of an assessment against said Congregation for opening Madison-avenue, from Forty-second to Eighty-sixth-street, and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Alderman Hardy moved that the Committee on National Affairs be discharged from the further consideration of resolution, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Edward Van Ranst for the sum of one hundred and twenty-seven dollars for crackers furnished on the occasion of the reception of the Twenty-third Regiment, Sickles' Brigade, as per bill hereunto annexed.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Alderman Hardy moved that the Committee on Naval Affairs be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Councilmen, to amend ordinance relative to relief of families of volunteers, so as to embrace families of men credited to New-York, living in Kings County.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Alderman Hardy moved that the Committee be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that the Comptroller be requested and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the persons whose bills annexed for the amount set opposite their names, being for expenses incurred in the celebration of the Anniversary of our National Independence, July 4, 1863, the same to be taken from any unexpended appropriations in the City Treasury.

STATEMENT OF BILLS.

Rohu's Band (two bills)	$72 00
Russells Band (two bills)	58 00
Wannemaker's Band	58 00

Which was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of paying sundry bills of the New-York *Courier* for advertising.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of donating Lena Wyman the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of paying David Moesbeck for extra services performed in the Comptroller's office during the years one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report recommending the reference of the application of Edward Warberry and Charles Benedict for revision of tax to the Board of Supervisors.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report making a donation to the Yorkville Methodist Episcopal Church, sufficient to pay assessments, and so forth on the church property.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on National Affairs presented a report to pay bills of Stephen Merritt, for the burial of Colonel W. D. Porter.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a Report to build a sewer in Seventy-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a Report to build a sewer in West-street, between Horatio and Gansevoort streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a Report to build a sewer in Fifty-fifth-street, from Fourth to Fifth avenues, and in Fifth-avenue to a point thirty-seven feet north of Fifty-fourth-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a Report to build a sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a Report to build a sewer in Spring-street, from Mercer to Green-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a Report to build a receiving-basin and culvert on the southwest corner of New-Bowery and James-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in One Hundred and Sixteenth-street, between Avenue A and First-avenue.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Fifty-fourth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on National Affairs presented a report to pay bills incurred for the reception of the Sixty-fifth Regiment.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to flag the sidewalks of Forty-fourth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to regulate, &c., Fifty-eighth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to regulate and grade One Hundred and Twenty-Third street, One Hundred and Twentieth street, and One Hundred and Nineteenth street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to curb, &c., Forty-ninth street, between Eigth and Ninth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Forty-eigth street, from Fifth to Sixth avenues, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to open Fifth Avenue, from One Hundred and Thirty-first to One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, according to law.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report to pave Forty-fifth-street, between Sixth-avenue and Broadway, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report to fence lots Fifty-fourth-street, Seventh-avenue, and Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth-streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report to fence lots between Forty-sixth and Forty-eighth-streets, and Third and Lexington avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report to fence lots in Second-avenue, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets; also, in Forty-ninth-street, between First and Second avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report to fill sunken lots on the block bounded by Seventh and Eighth avenues, and One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-second streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report to fence lots on the south side of 48th-street, between 10th and 11th-avs.

Which was laid over.

The special committee appointed to make arrangements to celebrate the late anniversary of our National Independence, presented the following report.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolutions that 52d-street, from 2d-avenue to the East River, be curbed and guttered and the sidewalks flagged four feet wide through the middle of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolutions that the curb and gutter stones be set and reset and the sidewalks flagged a space of four feet wide through the middle of the same, in 42d-street, between 1st and 2d avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and reset where necessary, in Third-avenue, between Fifty-sixth and Eighty-sixth streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Roads presented a report in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and the sidewalks flagged in Eightieth-street, between Third-avenue and the East River, a space of four feet wide, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilman in adopting resolution that the sidewalk on the east side of Third-avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-first-streets, be flagged and reflagged where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the vacant lots in Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, be fenced in immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, relative to advertising for the Common Council, and the refusal of certain of the Corporation papers to continue advertising at the present rates.

Which was referred to Committee on Printing and Advertising.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting statement of necessary balances, September seventeen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, transmitting a statement of necessary balances, September twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was ordered on file.

A communication was received from the Second-avenue Railroad Company in answer to resolution of inquiry in relation to the condition of the streets between the rails of their road.

Which was referred to Committee on Railroads.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner in relation to the contract with the different Gas Light Companies.

Which was referred to the Committee on Lamps and Gas.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner, transmitting apportionment of assessment in the matter of building a sewer in Cannon-street.

Which was ordered on file.

MESSAGES FROM THE MAYOR.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor, nominating James McNamee to a vacant scholarship in Columbia College.

Which nomination was confirmed.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor in relation to the Fire Telegraph system of this City.

Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor in relation to fat-boiling or melting houses and other nuisances in the upper part of the City.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

Report of Committee on Public Health in favor of adopting resolution that the owners of the sunken lots on the westerly side of Avenue A, between Ninety-second and Ninety-third-streets, be directed to fill in the same without delay, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, Jones, the President, Aldermen Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—10.

Report of Comittee on Public Health in favor of adopting resolution that the vacant lots on the east side of Sixth-avenue, between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth-streets, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, the President, Aldermen Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—10

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of adopting resolution that the sunken lots in Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth streets, between the Third and Sixth avenues, be filled in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—10.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalk on the south side of Thirty-fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, be flagged forthwith, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen, adopting resolution that Fifty-ninth-street, between Eighth and Tenth avenues, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under such directions as shall be given by the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, the President, Alderman McCool, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, and Farley—10.

By Alderman Jones—

Resolved, That a Special Committee of five members from the Board of the Common Council be appointed for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements to cause the various public buildings to be illuminated in honor of the recent victories on land and sea, and that his Honor the Mayor be requested by proclamation to invite the citizens generally to join in the illumination forthwith.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution, that Fifth street from the Second avenue to the Bowery be repaved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay half of the expense, and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Acqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz:

Affirmative—Alderman Jones, the President, Aldermen McCool, Chipp, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell and Farley—9.

Report of Committee on Sewers, to build a sewer in Seventy fourth street, from Fifth avenue to the East River.

Which was adopted on a division, as follows:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, the President, Aldermen Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell and Farley—10.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Alderman Jones moved that the present order of business be suspended for the purpose of presenting the following resolution.

Which was carried.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Common Council of the City of New-York are due and are hereby tendered to the gallant soldiers and sailors, through whose heroic efforts the Union arms have been triumphant in so many well-fought fights.

Which was adopted.

And the President subsequently appointed Aldermen Jones, Fox, Farley, Jeremiah and Ottiwell as such Special Committee on the part of the Board.

On motion of Alderman Fox the Board then adjourned, and the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until next Thursday, the twenty-ninth instant, at one o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—SEPT. 29, 1864.

$15,000	U. S. 6's, '81.C.	107	300	Erie Railway	97
500	do	107¼	100	do	96⅞
60,000	do	106⅞	200	do....b30	98
2,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s.R.	108¾	100	do....b30	97⅞
45,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20's.C.	109⅜	100	do....b30	97⅝
16,000	do	109⅜	300	do	97¾
5,000	U. S. 5s.10-40s.C.	96	200	do....b10	97¼
1,100	Treas. 7 3-10 N. Oct. & April	106	700	do	97⅛
20,000	do	108	100	do....s30	97
150,000	U.S. 6s, 1-yr..C.	95	100	do....s10	97
5,000	Va. State 6s.	62	1900	do....s60	96
14,000	Ill. War Loan	100	400	do	97
25,000	O. & M. Cer.	38⅛	100	H. Riv. R....b30	114
40,000	do	38⅞	200	do....b30	113⅛
10,000	do	38¼	700	do	113
10,000	do....b30	39	200	do	112¾
5,000	Mich. So. S.F.Bs.	110	500	Reading R.	123⅛
1,000	P. Ft. W. & C. 1st.	115	1000	do	123
1,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 3d.	95	200	do	123¼
5,000	At. & G. W. 1st M., Ohio Div	100	400	do....s10	123
1,000	Mil. & St. P. 1st M.	95	100	do....s5	123
1,000	Det. M. & Tol. Bs.	103	200	do....b10	123¼
20,000	Am. Gold....c	201⅛	400	do....s30	122⅞
5,000	do....c	201¼	50	Mich. Cen. R.	126⅞
15,000	do	201	150	do	127
20,000	do....s30	197	100	do....b10	127
5	City Bank	100	290	M. S. & N. I.	74⅛
100	Canton Co.	29¼	200	do	74¼
100	do	29	500	do	74
15	Del. & H. C. Co.	175	50	Ill. Cen. R.	121⅞
50	Cen. Coal Co.	60	200	Clev. & Pitts. R.	107⅛
100	Cum. Coal Pref.	60	100	do....b30	108⅛
100	do	60¼	400	do	107¾
700	do	60⅜	200	do....b10	108
50	do	60⅝	500	do....s30	107⅛
300	do	63¾	40	Chi. & N. W.	47
1000	do	61	200	do....b30	46⅛
100	do....b10	61⅛	100	do	46⅝
550	Quicksilver M. Co.	80	100	do	46¼
200	do....b30	81	200	do	46
100	do....s60	79¾	100	Chi. & N. W. P. b30	80
100	do....b10	80¼	200	do	79¼
600	Mariposa Min.	40	100	do....b10	79¾
100	do....s30	39¾	500	do	79⅜
100	Wyom. V. Coal	51	100	do....s30	79¼
100	Consolidation Coal Co. of Md.	63	100	Chi. & R. I. & R.	97⅝
400	do....b5	63	200	do	97⅛
100	Pac. M. S. Co.	280	100	do....s10	97⅛
50	N. Y. Central..b30	117	100	do....b30	98⅛
100	do	117	50	Chi., Bur. & Q. R.	120
8	Del., L. & W. R.	265	200	Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	100
30	do	263	225	do	100¼
			200	do	100⅛
			100	do....b30	101¼
			100	do....s30	100¼

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000	U.S. 6s, '81...C	106⅞	2900	Reading R.	123
1,000	U.S. 5s, 10-40s. C.	97	200	do	122¾
27,000	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. c	95	100	do....s15	122⅞
10,000	do	94⅞	1000	do	122⅛
2,000	Tenn. 6s, '90	58⅛	50	Mich. Cen. R.	126
23,000	do	59	100	do	125⅜
1,000	Mo. State 6s	65	100	do....b30	126
30,000	O. & M. Cer	38	100	do	125
50,000	do	37⅞	200	Cleve. & Pitts.	107⅞
35,000	Amer. Gold	196	200	Ill. Cen. R.	119⅜
300	Cumb. Coal Pr.	63	300	do	119
400	do	62¼	100	Chic. & N. W. R.	45
200	do....s10	62¼	50	do	45⅛
100	Quick. Min.	80¼	400	do	45¾
1000	Erie R.	96½	100	Chi. & N. W. Pref.	79
300	do	96⅝	200	do	78⅛
300	do....b30	97	500	Chi. & R. I. R.	97
100	do....s60	96	500	do	97¼
25	Erie R. Pref.	102	300	do	97⅜
100	Hudson R. R.	112	300	do	97⅛
100	do	111⅞	100	do....b5	97⅛
500	do	111⅛	100	P., F. W. & C.	100⅛
300	do....s10	111¼	500	do	100¼
500	M. S. & N. I.	72½	200	do	100
500	do	72¾			

THURSDAY, Sept. 29—P. M.

After our last report was made up yesterday, Street sales of Gold were made as high as 205@206 ⅌ cent., and at the Evening Exchange 202½@202 ⅌ cent. The speculation to-day opened at 199 ⅌ cent., and ranged for several hours between 199@201 ⅌ cent. After 2 o'clock the market was inactive in the Gold-Room, and fell off to 196½ ⅌ cent. The cash deliveries were large to-day, but the sellers appear to have provided the Gold in advance. The market, at any point over 200 ⅌ cent., is about as difficult to sustain as anything over 225 ⅌ cent. a week or ten days ago. It derives very little, if any assistance, from the partial increase in the export demand, and none at all from the Customs demand, which is very moderate. The Exchange on London is 108½@109 ⅌ cent. for Gold, on 60-day Bankers' Bills. The Currency rates for Saturday's mail were not reliably quoted to-day.

The Gold-bearing Government Stocks are steady in price, both for the 6 per cents of 1881, and the 5-20s. Some of the limited European orders for the latter cannot be executed at the present Currency rates for Exchange. Other discretionary orders are being filed on the calculation that as our good military and Gold news reaches the other side, the price of 5-20s will advance in proportion.

The demand continues very large for Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, 12 months to run, and the price to-day is 95 ⅌ cent. and the accrued 6 ⅌ cent. interest. Notwithstanding the constant supply of new Certificates through the Quartermaster's Department, the price gains strength with the steady working of the Money Market.

The Railway speculation on the Stock Exchange opened this forenoon with a fair appearance of steadiness, and on Erie, Reading and a few other Roads, a good business was done early in the day. At the Second Board, however, the number and urgency of sellers increased, and prices yielded on Erie about 1 ⅌ cent., and on other descriptions in nearly the same proportion.

At 4 o'clock the following prices were made, as compared with the same hour yesterday. The Railways dull. Gold weak, 196@196¼ ⅌ cent. The Miscellaneous Shares, like Quicksilver and Cumberland, are higher than yesterday:

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U. S. 6s, 1881	107	106⅞	Mich. Southern	73⅞	73⅞
U. S. 5-20's	109¾	109¾	Illinois Cen.	120⅞	119
N. Y. Central	114⅝	115	Pittsburgh	107⅛	107
Erie	96⅜	96⅛	Fort Wayne	100¾	99¾
Erie Preferred	102	102	Rock Island	97⅜	97⅝
Hudson	111¾	111¾	Reading	121⅞	122⅞
Canton	28⅞	28¾	Quicksilver	79½	80¼
Treas. Cer., new	94⅞	95	Cumberland Coal	60	61⅞
Northwest	46⅝	46½	Mariposa	39⅞	39⅝
Ohio & M. Certs	38⅛	37⅞	N. West Pref.	79⅞	78

There is increased ease in the supply of Money to the Stock Brokers at 7 ⅌ cent. The market for Mercantile paper continues unsettled, and only the very best names find currency through the Bill Brokers. The new 7.30 ⅌ cent. Currency Loan of the Government attracts over a million of dollars per day throughout the country.

There was very little bidding for the City Bank Stocks to-day. The following offers were made for the Railway Mortgages:

Erie 1sts, '68	107	Chi. & N. W. 1sts.	92
Hud. R. 2ds S. F. '83	115	Chi. & N. W. 2ds	98
Harlem 1sts, '69 & '73	112	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	100½
Harlem 3ds '68	103	Tol. & Wab. Ext.	100½
Mich. C. new 1sts	130	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	87
Chi., B. & Quincy	117	Mil. & P. du Ch. 1sts	104
Mich. S. & N. Ind. S.F.	110	Pitts, Ft. W. & C. 1sts	115
Pacific R.R. ex	50	Pitts, Ft. W. & C. 2ds	94
Al. & T. H. 2d In.	82	Miss. & Mo. L. G.	55
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	106	Atlantic & G. W.	100
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds	100		

The Mercantile Agency of Messrs. R. G. Dun & Co., No. 293 Broadway, has just published its complete and valuable Reference Book of the ratings in point of credit and responsibility of the Merchants, Manufacturers and Traders generally throughout the United States, for the years 1864-5. The book is in the royal quarto form; the references being arranged by States and towns to the vast extent of 180,000 names and firms. A complete key is given in the preface as to the basis of the ratings. The information is communicated in this comprehensive printed form to each subscriber, as from the latest and fullest confidential information, from the very best sources received at the Agency Office to the date of publication.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer, United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $1,418,249, including for customs, $136,000; payments, $2,182,484; on account loan, $80,000; balance, $23,749,913.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK DEPOSITORY
AND
FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st.,

Receives subscriptions to the new 7 3-10 Treasury Notes, which are convertible at maturity into *Six Per Cent. Gold-bearing 5-20 Bonds*.

Commission of ¼ per cent. in all cases allowed and liberal terms to Banks who buy to sell again. Receives subscriptions to the 10-40 Bonds. Converts the old 3-10 Notes into 6 per cent. 1881 Bonds. Collects Warrants and Drafts on the Treasury, and transacts all other business connected with Government.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Sept. 29—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 10 bbls. Ashes, 12,289 bbls. Flour, 20 bags Corn Meal, 146,657 bushels Wheat, 35,080 bushels Corn, 14,841 bushels Rye, 126,465 bushels Oats, 150 bushels Malt, 463 pkgs. Provisions, and 392 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue inactive and nominal, at $11 50 @$12 for Pots, and $13@$13 50 for Pearls, ⅌ 100 lbs.

COAL—The market is dull, lower and irregular. The lots of Scranton sold at auction yesterday, (the report of which was crowded out to-day,) comprised 4,500 tons of grate at $8 45@$8 50; 4,500 tons steamboat at $8 50; 5,500 tons lump at $7 80@$8 05; 3,500 tons egg at $8 25@$8 50; 5,000 tons stove at $8 75@ $8 87½, and 2,000 tons chestnut at $7@$7 25 ⅌ long ton of 2,240 lbs., delivered at Elizabethport, N. J.

COFFEE—Is very quiet and unsettled. We quote, nominally, Java at 44c.@46c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo at 38c.@40c.; Rio at 35c.@40c.; St. Domingo at 34c.@36c. ⅌ lb.

COTTON—Continues inactive, at very irregular prices. Middlings, $1 18@$1 25 ⅌ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour is in less demand to-day, at a reduction of 15c. @25c. ⅌ bbl., closing quite heavily. Sales since our last amount to 10,890 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $8 @$8 50; poor to choice Extra State at $8 50@$9 00, chiefly at $8 65@$8 80; round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, at $9 85@$10 25 ⅌ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$8 00	@ 8 50
Extra State	8 50	@ 9 00
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 50	@11 00
Extra Ohio round-hoop, shipp'g b'ds.	9 85	@10 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 30	@11 25
Extra Genesee	9 10	@11 00
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	9 30	@14 50

Southern Flour is dull and lower; sales since our last 900 bbls. at $10 30@$11 40 for poor to good, and $11 50 @$14 for good to choice extra brands, and $14@$15 for Phœnix Mills, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is declining steadily; sales 500 bbls. extra at $8 75@$11 25 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour continues scarce and quiet, including fine and superfine, at from $8 25@$10 25 ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is quiet to-day, closing at $7 90@ $8 for Jersey, $8 35 for Marsh's Caloric, and $8 40 @$8 45 for Brandywine ⅌ bbl. Sales, 140 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been more freely offered, to-day, at materially reduced prices, yet the demand has been quite limited. Sales, 40,000 bushels, including Amber Western at $2 03; Red Western at $2 02; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 94@$1 96; Milwaukee Club (nominal) at $1 85 @$1 93; Chicago Spring at $1 80@$1 92 ⅌ bushel. Corn continues in fair demand and firmer; sales since our last 46,000 bushels, at $1 60 for Mixed Western ⅌ bushel. Oats are in less request and cheaper, being more abundant. We quote Canada at 87c.@ 88c.; Western at 88c.; State at 87½c.@88c., cash-⅌

bushel. 45,000 bushels Canada West Barley were sold on private terms.

PRICES OF BREADSTUFFS IN NEW-YORK.

	Sept. 14.		Sept. 29.	
Superfine Flour	$9 50	@ 9 90	$8 00	@ 8 59
Extra State	9 90	@10 50	8 50	@ 9 00
Extra Ind. and Michigan	9 85	@12 60	8 50	@11 00
Extra Ohio	10 90	@12 25	9 85	@11 25
Extra Genesee	10 50	@12 00	9 10	@11 00
Extra Missouri	10 50	@15 50	9 30	@14 50
Super. to Extra Southern	11 00	@16 00	10 30	@15 00
Rye Flour	8 00	@ 9 50	8 25	@10 00
Corn Meal	8 00	@ 8 50	7 90	@ 8 45
White Wheat, ₱ bushel	2 35	@ 2 50	2 10	@ 2 30
Red & Amber Wh't ₱ bu.	2 05	@ 2 35	1 80	@ 2 05
Mixed Western Corn	1 62½	@ 1 64	1 60	@— —
Yellow Corn	1 64	@— —	1 60	@ 1 61
Rye	1 60	@ 1 65	—	@ —
Barley	— —	@— —	— —	@— —
Oats	88	@ 90½	87	@ 88

HAY—North River is in moderate demand, at $1 20@$1 25 for Government and shipping; $1 35@$1 55 for small lots for City use, ₱ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—Have been lightly dealt in, at 15c.@36c. for inferior to choice, one year old, and 40c.@52c. for new ₱ ℔.

LEATHER—Is dull, and prices are tending downward.

MOLASSES—Has been inactive and depressed.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more sought after, especially New Mess, which is wanted to fill *short* contracts, and prices of which are much higher. Sales, to-day, 14,500 bbls. at $39 75@$41 12½, closing at $41@$41 12½ for New Mess, cash; $40 50@$41 50 for do., check Saturday, Monday and regular way; $40@$40 50 for one year old Mess; $41 50 for Prime Mess; $40 for Thin Mess; $38@$39 for Prime, and $37@$37 50 for Rumps, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are in demand at 17¾c.@18½c. for Shoulders, 18c.@19½c. for Hams; sales 200 pkgs. Bacon continues quite nominal. Lard is less active; sales 2,800 tcs. and bbls. at 19½c.@21¼c., the latter an extreme. Beef is in demand at $19@$24 for Extra Mess; $15@$18 50 for Plain Mess; $10@$14 for Country Mess ₱ bbl. Sales, 200 bbls. Butter is quiet and heavy at 38c.@46c., for poor to prime State, and 30c.@38c. for Western ₱ lb. Cheese rules heavy at 15c.@23c., the latter an outside figure, ₱ ℔. The week's business in Butter and Cheese Messrs. STARIN & Co., in their special report for the current issue of the WEEKLY TIMES, review thus:

The decline in the Butter market noted in our last report has continued steadily during the entire week. Holders of Butter and parties who have been operating heavily at the late extravagant rates, have resisted the pressure, and every effort has been made to check the decline, but the continued fall of Gold and Sterling Exchange, and the unfavorable reports from the several English markets, has left no foundation for high prices, and at the close Butters of all grades are freely offered at a fall average decline of $10 per hundred pounds. The market is quite dull and heavy at the decline, and no disposition on the part of shippers or dealers is shown to purchase, it being now clearly evident that the bottom is not yet reached, and that the chances are still strongly in favor of the real bona fide crash, closely following the *intimation* that the trade have had in the last week's demonstration of the instability of an inflated market. The issue cannot be avoided by holding produce back from a fair market, and the result of such a course will only tend to accumulate property and depress prices unnaturally. The theory of a short Butter crop is exploded, and the reports of the effects of the drouth on the crop in Europe have all greatly exaggerated the facts, and the usual result, a severe reaction, has followed. A resumption of ordinary dealing on the part of Dairymen, in the place of speculating on the rise and fall of Gold, will no doubt greatly facilitate their real interests. Fresh pail Butters have receded from 60c. to 50c ₱ pound for selections; but the average price is about 45c. Our quotations are yet entirely nominal, with downward tendency:

Orange and Sussex—fresh—pails—₱ ℔	40	@50
State and Pennsylvania—fresh—pails—₱ ℔	40	@50
State—firkins—Yellow	42	@45
State—half-firkin tubs—₱ ℔	40	@45
State—Welch tubs—₱ ℔	38	@42
Western firkins—Yellow—₱ ℔	32	@36
Pennsylvania—Yellow—firkins	40	@43
Pennsylvania—Yellow—half-tubs	—	@—
State firkins—Light colored	40	@43
Western firkins—Light colored	30	@33
State and Western firkins—Mixed colors	30	@32
Canada firkins—Extra	36	@40
Canada firkins—Ordinary	32	@35

The trade in cheese during the past week has been completely stopped by the decline in the Produce Market, and there are no transactions on which to found valid quotations. That much lower prices will soon be current, there is no question, and the only doubt now expressed is how low prices will decline. Stock is accumulating in this market, and the heavy holders in the country are showing greater anxiety. The reports from the English market continue favorable, but shippers cannot purchase at any rate that receivers can name. Our quotations are nominal:

State Dairies—factory made—fine	21	@23
State Dairies—factory made—fair to good	20	@21
State Dairies—extra quality	20	@21
State Dairies—fair to good	17	@19
Western Reserve—good to prime	16	@20
English Dairy—Eastern	19	@21
English Dairy—Western	18	@20
Pine Apple	22	@24
Orange County—flat skimmed	15	@16

PRICES OF PROVISIONS IN NEW-YORK.

	Sept. 14.		Sept. 29.	
New Mess Pork, ₱ bbl.	$43 00	@$— —	$39 75	@$41 50
Prime Pork, ₱ bbl.	38 50	@ 39 50	38 00	@ 39 00
Lard	23	@ 24¾	19½	@ 21¼
Pl'n Mess Beef, ₱ bbl.	16 00	@ 20 00	15 00	@ 18 50
Ohio Butter, ₱ ℔	40	@ 48	30	@ 38
State Butter, ₱ ℔	48	@ 56	38	@ 46
Cheese, ₱ ℔	19	@ 27	15	@ 23

STEARINE—Sales, 5,000 ℔s. at 22c. ₱ ℔.

SUGARS—Are in limited demand and quite unsettled. Sales since our last, 210 hhds., including Cuba, &c. at 17c.@19½c. ₱ ℔. Refined continue quiet at 20c.@26c., the latter an outside figure, ₱ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales to-day, 115,000 ℔s., at 15c.@16¼c., chiefly at 15c.@16c. ₱ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales to-day 800 bbls., in lots, at $1 76@$1 78, chiefly at an average of $1 77 ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Engagements were light to-day, including, for Liverpool, 12,000 bushels Wheat at 2¾d.; 180 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 6d.; 25 hhds. Tallow at 15s.; also, by steamer, 2,500 boxes Cheese and 600 pkgs. Butter at 30s., with 100 boxes Bacon at 25s. For London, 183 bales Jute at 17s. 6d. For Antwerp, 4,000 bbls. Petroleum at about 5s. 6d.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Borussia	Oct.	1	New-York	Liverpool
City of London	Oct.	1	New-York	Liverpool
Persia	Oct.	5	New-York	Liverpool
City of Baltimore	Oct.	6	New-York	Liverpool
Bremen	Oct.	8	New-York	Southampton
Bellona	Oct.	8	New-York	Liverpool
Virginia	Oct.	8	New-York	Liverpool
Olympus	Oct.	12	New York	Liverpool
Asia	Oct.	12	Boston	Liverpool
Washington	Oct.	12	New-York	Havre
Etna	Oct.	15	New York	Liverpool
Atlanta	Oct.	15	New York	Liverpool
China	Oct.	19	New-York	Liverpool
Hansa	Oct.	22	New-York	Southampton
Erin	Oct.	22	New-York	Liverpool
Iowa	Oct.	22	New-York	Liverpool
Cilla	Oct.	29	New-York	Liverpool
Louisiana	Nov.	5	New-York	Liverpool
Lafayette	Nov.	9	New-York	Liverpool

FROM EUROPE.

Louisiana	Sept.	10	Liverpool	New-York
Virginia	Sept.	13	Liverpool	New-York
City of Baltimore	Sept.	14	Liverpool	New-York
Bremen	Sept.	14	Southampton	New-York
City of Limerick	Sept.	17	Liverpool	New York
Asia	Sept.	17	Liverpool	Boston
Etna	Sept.	21	Liverpool	New York
China	Sept.	24	Liverpool	New-York
Kedar	Sept.	26	Liverpool	New York
Hansa	Sept.	28	Southampton	New-York
Europa	Oct.	1	Liverpool	Boston
Scotia	Oct.	8	Liverpool	New-York
America	Oct.	12	Southampton	New-York
Canada	Oct.	15	Liverpool	Boston

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Guiding Star	Oct.	1	New-York	New-Orleans
Columbia	Oct.	5	New-York	Havana
Corsica	Oct.	10	New-York	*Havana

*Via Nassau.

European Mails.

The mails for the United Kingdom and the Continent, by the *City of London*, will close at 10:30 A. M. on Saturday.

The mails for Hamburg and the German States, by the *Borussia*, will close at 10:30 A. M. on Saturday.

For Havana, New-Orleans, &c.

will close at 1:30 P. M. on Saturday.

The mails for Havana and the West Indies, by the *Liberty*, will close at 2 P. M. on Saturday.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:15 P. M.
Erie Mail	5 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Erie Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 3 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:15 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	4:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	4 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
North Mail, Way	6:00 A. M. and 3 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., 4:30, 6 and 10:30 P. M.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED.—A FIRST-CLASS SEAMSTRESS, who thoroughly understands cutting and making ladies' and children's dresses, and all kinds of family sewing, would like to obtain a situation in a private family; best of City reference. Call at No. 136 East 23d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG WOMEN, SITUATIONS: one as laundress, who understands doing up all kinds of muslins and fluting—two years' reference; the other as chambermaid and waitress; the best of City reference. Call at No. 187 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT, with excellent references, a situation as seamstress; can do all kinds of sewing, and cut and fit children's clothing; is willing to assist in taking care of grown children. Call this week at the Fancy Store, No. 260 Court-st., South Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as regular waitress; understands her business thoroughly; will be highly recommended by her employers in this City; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 67 West 18th-st., near 6th-av.

SITUATIONANS WTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress; is a good washer and ironer; has good City reference. Apply at No. 60 West Washington-place, first floor, front room, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH woman (Protestant,) a situation in City or country, as nurse and plain sewer; understands bringing up children by the bottle; is willing and obliging; has good reference. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook, washer and ironer; can do all kinds of plain cooking; best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 241 West 17th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG WOMEN, SITUATIONS; one as cook; no objection to assist with the washing. The other as first-class waitress or chambermaid; best of City reference from their last place. Apply at No. 77 West 19th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young girl as nurse and seamstress; is a neat sewer; has been accustomed to the care of young children; has the best of reference from her last place. Call or address 241 West 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., for two days.

WANTED.—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as cook; understands all kinds of cooking; will attend to milk and butter, or assist in washing and ironing if required. Please call for two days at No. 276 1st-av., between 16th and 17th-sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION as seamstress; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; would be willing to make herself useful otherwise. Call at, or address OPERATOR, No. 278 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, with five years' City reference, a situation as cook; is a good baker, and willing to assist in the washing and ironing. Apply at No. 123 West 33d-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT English woman, as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; no objection to the country; good city references. Can be seen for two days at No. 132 Elizabeth-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN a situation as lady's maid; understands her business thoroughly, and hair-dressing to perfection; will assist with sewing. City references. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 24th-st., 2d floor.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG WOMEN—one as cook and laundress, or laundress alone; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse; both have good reference. No. 103 West 36th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO COOKING OR general housework by a willing, capable girl, neat and economical; is an excellent washer and ironer; best of references. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn; City or country.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as nurse; is competent to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; can give good City reference. Call at No. 89 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as chambermaid and seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Singer's machine. Call at No. 225 West 16th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, as seamstress; understands dressmaking, and is a good plain sewer; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 234 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT cook; has the best of reference; no objection to assist with the washing and ironing. Call at No. 225 West 16th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS and chambermaid or waitress. Best of reference from her last employer. Apply at No. 82 West 33d-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girls, situations—one as chambermaid and waitress, the other to wash and do plain sewing; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 468 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as cook in a small private family; would do the plain washing; has good reference. Call at No. 91 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A LADY WISHES A SITUATION for her Protestant nurse, who is leaving her, to take charge of an infant, or of one or more very young children. Call at her last employer's, No. 149 East 12th-st.

WANTED—AS COOK, A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, with 5 years' City reference; is a good baker, and willing to assist in the washing and ironing. Apply at No. 123 33d-st., 3d floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and sewing; best of City reference from her last place. Address No. 155 East 28th-st., northeast corner 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as waitress; has lived four years in her last place; can give first-class reference. Call at No. 135 Amity-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT, a place to cook, wash and iron, in a small private family; has good City references. Call at No. 91 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands cooking in all its branches; is a good baker; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 124 7th-av., corner of 21st-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR THREE RESPECTABLE colored women, one as cook, one to cook, wash and iron, and one to do housework or chamberwork. Call at RAYMOND'S, No. 61 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; good references; no objection to the country. Call at No 55 Park-st., near Pearl.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as good plain cook, washer and ironer, or would do chamberwork and waiting; good City references. Call at No. 411 2d-av., 2d floor.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A SITUATION as housekeeper. Good reference. Inquire at No. 30 1st-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED SEAMSTRESS, a situation; has good City reference. Call at No. 85 East 15th-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN, SEWING by the day or week. Can be seen at No. 10 Union-court, University-place, near 12th st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK'S PLACE BY A RESPECTABLE woman; has the best City reference. Call at 128 Clinton-place, 8th-st., near 6th-av., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, to do the kitchen work of a small private family, or as laundress. Call at No. 87 West 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as first-class cook; thoroughly understands her work. Call at No. 317 East 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUATION to do general housework in a small family; has good City reference. Call at No. 212 East 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG GIRL, as chambermaid and to assist with the washing; good City reference. Call at No. 45 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR FITTING UP clocks. Address C. REYNOLDS, No. 383 8th-av.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, NO. 397 4TH-av., between 28th and 29th sts. Families, hotels and boarding-houses supplied with Protestant and Catholic housekeepers, first-class cooks, cooks to wash and iron, first-class waitresses, chambermaids, ladies' maids, small girls and servants for all kinds of housework.

CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to economise by employing good faithful women and girls at moderate wages, can be nicely suited at E. CARROLL'S agency, No. 69 6th-avenue.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a middle-aged German, who thoroughly understands his business—laying out grounds, the cultivation of flowers, greenhouses, graperies, fruits, ornamental trees and vegetables, and all that is necessary for a first-class place. Call for a week at YOUNG & ELLIOTT'S, seedsmen, No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY YOUNG man, lately landed from the old country, as coachman in a private family, and to take care of horses, and is willing to make himself generally useful. T. D., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS GARDENER AND florist, on a gentleman's place, by a single man, thoroughly conversant with all branches of his profession. Address M. O. C., at Timothy Ryan's, nurseryman, seedman, &c., Main-st., Yonkers, N. Y.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION in a private family; can take care of horses and drive, and is willing to make himself useful; wages not so much of an object as a permanent place. Address a note to D. COFFEY, No. 128 Beekman-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT married man as coachman and gardener, either in City or country, has four years' references from his last employer. Address P. S. E., Box No. 209 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A STEADY, SOBER young man, as coachman and groom; he perfectly understands his business; would make himself useful; can milk. Address J. C., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS gardener, by a single man, who understands his business in all its branches; has no objection to taking care of a pair of horses; is willing to make himself useful. Address D. P., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS COACHMAN AND gardener, in a private family; has the best reference for three years from last place. Address J. M., Box No. 212 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a single man; understands his business and is willing and obliging; best reference from City and country. Address J. D., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

ON DEMANDE UNE BONNE FRANCAISE tres—capable pour soigner deux enfants. Les meilleures recommandations sont necessaires. Sadresser 1 et 2 heures seulement à No. 433 5eme-av.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A COMPETENT FARMER AND to manage a farm near this city, and take care of cattle; can have a good home and fair wages. Apply at No. 112 Broadway, Room No. 10. J. STEVENSON.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—ON A SMALL FARM AT ORANGE, N. J., a gardener, who can take care of a horse and cow, and who will make himself generally useful; he must be strictly sober, active and obliging. To such a man, well recommended, a comfortable situation is offered. Scotch, German or American preferred. Apply by letter to H. A., Box No. 2,039 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—RARE CHANCE—AN AGREEABLE couple, (brother and sister,) to accompany a gentleman on a three months traveling tour. The gentleman to act as secretary; or a lady copyist, who could be accompanied by a younger brother. The best of wages given. References required. Address, BLOOMFIELD, Astor House.

WANTED—A CONFECTIONER, WHO UNDERSTANDS all branches of the business, for a retail store a short distance in the country. Good pay and a steady situation to one competent. Address CONFECTIONER, Box No. 182 *Times* office.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, to do light chamberwork and assist in family sewing; must bring satisfactory recommendations as to character, ability, &c. Address Box No. 1,470 New-York Post office.

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED.—A PRACTICAL book-keeper, if applied for immediately, can have a permanent situation, provided he sustains first-class recommendations. Address BOOK-KEEPING, Box No. 182 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A STOUT, ACTIVE BOY, 16 OR 17 years of age, in a hardware store, one who resides with his parents and has a good recommendation. Address W. D., Box No. 126 *Times* Office. Salary first year $150.

WANTED—IN NEW-YORK CITY, A GIRL TO do plain cooking, washing and ironing for a private family; must be neat and obliging. Apply Saturday morning, between 10 and 12 o'clock, at No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st.

WANTED—A WOMAN WHO UNDERSTANDS taking care of children and to do light housework; a good recommendation required; no Irish need apply. Call at No. 148 2d-av., corner of 9th-st.

WANTED—AN HONEST BOY, WHO WRITES well in an office. Salary $3 per week. Apply to WM. B. HAYWARD, No. 139 Broadway, between 3 and 6 o'clock.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS, OF GOOD character and address. No capital required. Apply to the HOWELL COLOR COMPANY, No. 111 Nassau-st., New-York.

WANTED—A MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS FARMING and the care of horses, and who will make himself generally useful. Inquire at 68 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS LAUNDRESS. Apply on Friday morning, between 11 and 12 o'clock, at No. 41 5th-av.

$15 PER DAY NET PROFIT.—AGENTS wanted for a light wholesale business. Send for a circular to C. F. SHUTTS, Troy, N. Y.

FOR SALE.

OIL, COAL AND TIMBER-LAND.—THE subscriber offers for sale a tract of land in Wood County, West Virginia, containing seven hundred acres, (more or less) situated in the immediate neighborhood of a number of large and paying oil wells. It is heavily covered with the best qualities of timber, and lying on the North Western Railroad, offers unusual facilities for getting to market.

Will dispose of half, or whole, at option of purchaser. Title perfect. EUG. LIST, Parkersburgh, West Virginia.

8 NEW HOUSES FOR SALE—ON CUTting's Hill, East 41st-st.; ground as high as Murray Hill, and overlooking the East River, same as Brooklyn Heights; three-story, basement and cellar; 16x100 feet; brick and brown-stone, high stoops, with all modern improvements. Possession immediately. Price $6,000. Opposite side, two of a row, brown-stone, 20x100; price $8,000. C. O. BILLINGS, on the premises; J. W. STEVENS, No. 30 Pine-st., from 1 to 2 P. M.

3,700 FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, AND ON the line of two railroads, a three-story Philadelphia front brick house, brown-stone trimmings, iron balcony, marble mantels, high ceilings, ornamental cornice, gas, &c., containing ten rooms, kitchen and cellar, 1½ miles from the ferry. House in good order, 20x36; lot 100 feet; shrubbery, grape vines, &c. Apply at No. 86 Pine-st., New-York. R. ADAIR.

FOR SALE—THE CHURCH EDIFICE AND chapel, and four lots of ground 25x100 feet, situated on the west side of Adelphi-st., between De Kalb and Willoughby avs., known as the Church of the Messiah, Brooklyn. For particulars, inquire of JOHN C. PERRY, Attorney, corner of Broadway and Fulton-st., New-York, or T. S. MACKAY, No. 6 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, A THREE-STORY basement and sub-cellar Philadelphia brick house, situated on the corner of Carlton and DeKalb-avs., with bath water-closets, wash-stands, bells, speaking-tubes, &c. The house is new, and in complete order. Possession immediately. Inquire of J. KIRBY, Builder, Gates, near Washington-av.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS, BROWN-STONE house in the neighborhood of Central Park, ready for use, four stories, basement, under-cellar and all modern improvements; price low if sold this week.

ALSO—Two small brown-stone, first-class houses; price $8,000 and $8,500. Several first-class tenant houses cheap. Apply to HENRY MAXWELL, No. 126 35th-st.

FOR SALE—IN NEW-JERSEY, THIRTY-FIVE minutes from New-York, on the Erie Railroad. An excellent and comfortable stone house, 14 rooms, kitchen, cellar, &c., with about six acres of ground, well laid out in orchard and garden lots. Garden well stocked with fruit, &c. Situated at Boiling Spring, eight miles from Long Dock. Apply to HENRY D. LAW, 24 Vesey-st.

FARM FOR SALE—CONTAINING 75 ACRES choice land, plain farm-house and out-buildings, situate at Pleasant Plains Station, Staten Island Railroad, west end of Staten Island, the property of Edward Wier, deceased. For particulars apply to G. R. WIER, on the premises, or EDWARD WIER, 80th-st., near 2d-av., Yorkville.

THE FOLLOWING HOUSES FOR SALE by A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine-st.: E. 54th-st., n. 5th av., 4 story h. b. s., 22x48 and ex., lot 100.5, $25,000; W. 45th-st., n. 5th-av., 3-story h. b. s., 16.10x55, lot 100, $16,000; E. 37th-st., n. 4th-av., 4-story h., b. s., 22x65, lot 100, $22,500; W. 51st-st., n. 9th-av., 4-story e. b. brick and b. s., 25x50, lot 100, $6,800.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A SMALL AND very neat place in Westchester County, sixteen miles from City, and very accessible; house, barn, stable, &c., with near three acres of land; fruit and shade in abundance; all in excellent order. COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, IF APPLIED FOR immediately, a country seat, on Long Island, three-quarters of an hour from Wall-st., with good house and barns, &c.; plenty of fruit; high, healthy, and near railroad depot. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—A THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP house and lot on 35th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., with immediate possession. For permits and particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY, HIGH-STOOP brick house and lot on Lexington-av.; full size lot; possession in thirty days. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE on Lafayette-av., containing 13 rooms, with the modern improvements, in first-rate order; possession about the 10th of October. For cards of admission apply to J. DAVENPORT, corner of Fulton-av. and Oxford-st., Brooklyn.

LLEWELLYN PARK.—STRANGERS WISHING to visit Llewellyn Park can obtain cards of admission at T. B. MERRICK & SON'S, No. 70 William-st., New-York; or BAILEY & EVERITT'S, Library Building, Orange, N. J.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE story brick house, No. 166 Washington-st., situated on high ground, convenient to the ferries; containing bath, stationary tubs, range, water-closets, &c., all in perfect order. For terms, &c., apply on the premises.

FOR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS DWELLING-house, free-stone front, high-stoop, four stories, in perfect order; situated No. 18 East 32d-st., between Madison and Fifth avs. Possession immediately. Apply to ELLIOTT C. COWDIN, No. 327 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front houses, 20x50; lot 100 feet; design and finish complete; on 60th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs., near Central Park. Apply on the premises, or to GEO. J. HAMILTON, No. 297 Lexington-av.

COTTAGES AT BERGEN AND HUDSON CITY FOR SALE.—Near Jersey City and Hoboken by horse cars; fine neighborhoods and views; prices $1,200 to $7,000 each. Apply to PARSONS & WARD, No. 81 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF STATEN Island, near the water, a beautiful villa site of 4¾ acres; price $1,800; location unexceptionable; view unsurpassed; of easy access to the City. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 8 Pine-st.

ORANGE COUNTY FARM FOR SALE, of 190 acres, near Goshen, N. Y.; superior for grazing; stone dwelling-house, with good buildings. For further particulars, apply to WM HENRY SMITH, No. 36 Vesey-st., or ALEX. T. MOORE, No. 113 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 100 ACRES OF LAND, near "English" neighborhood, New-Jersey, on the Northern Railroad. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

YONKERS REAL ESTATE FOR SALE at all prices. A number of furnished houses to rent. Also, boarding. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, agent, Yonkers.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, NO. 105 ELLIOTT-place, a new first-class, three-story, high-stoop brown stone house, 21x60, with furniture; all the modern improvements. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS NEW BROWN-stone four-story high-stoop houses, Nos. 35 and 37 West 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Latest improvements. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—TWO BROWN-STONE, HIGH-stoop houses, 4 stories, ready for occupation, cheap for cash. Nos. 236 and 238 East 50th st. JOHN GLASS, owner, No. 830 2d-av.

FOR SALE—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—THE handsome three-story high-stoop brown-stone house No. 122 East 46th-st., between Lexington and 4th avs. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH BASEment dwelling, on Murray Hill. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A FINE FARM OF 100 ACRES IN Monmouth County, New-Jersey. House recently built, 36x60. Fruit in abundance, with good outbuildings. Price, $16,000; one-half can remain. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, Jauncey Court, No. 43 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED HOUSE, 20x50, West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to COR. R. DISOSWAY, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No 8. No commissions allowed.

TO LET.

TO LET—IN FLUSHING, L. I., A VERY PLEASANT and convenient two-story house with 10 rooms, handsomely furnished. Will be let to a careful tenant until 1st May next. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—A SPLENDID FURNISHED HOUSE, uptown, to private family only; also a splendid one for sale, with a number unfurnished. The best place in this City to rent or have rented houses or store property, is at N. C. BISHOPS, No. 161 Broadway.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE, WITH SIX lots of ground and stable, all in complete order, on the south side of 125th-st., 6th and 7th avs. Apply to LEHMAN & BROWN, No. 1,275 Broadway.

TO LET—AT NOS. 817 AND 819 BROADWAY, cor. of 12th-st., eligible front rooms for business, artists, &c. Address JOHN S. KELSO, No. 86 Cedar-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED TO RENT—A HOUSE, UNFURnished or furnished; or would purchase the furniture for cash. Address, stating size, location, price and other particulars, Box No. 4,739 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED—BY A LADY, SON AND daughter; a parlor and two bed rooms, in a first-class house in 5th or Madison-av. or vicinity. None but first-class parties, and those offering unexceptionable references, need apply. Address M. P., Box No. 184 New-York Post-office.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY BOARD, FOR families, can be had at the residence of the subscriber; comfortable rooms, liberal table, very healthy and pleasant location among the hills. Address H. E., Town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y. Daily communication with the City, by boat and rail.

BOARD.—TO LET, AN ELIGIBLE APARTMENT in a small, unobtrusive family, with board, to an invalid or lady expecting to require medical care, kindness and home attention. For location, terms, &c., apply to or address Dr. THIERS, No. 1,217 Broadway. No children or boarders.

BOARD WANTED FOR THE SEASON.—A gentleman, wife and servant wish a parlor and bed-room communicating, with meals for the lady in her room, as she is an invalid. The vicinity of Gramercy-park preferred. Address, with location, terms, &c., A. D. G., Box No. 3,727 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING—TWO PARLOR BEDROOMS, UNfurnished, with closets, on second floor, and furnished front parlor on first floor, and private table; good house and respectable neighborhood; convenient to Myrtle-av. cars, Brooklyn. Address D., Box No. 4,076, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY CONSISTING OF two adults and two children, three or four rooms with board in a private family; one of the large rooms would be furnished if necessary. Preference given to private table. Address, stating details and references, Box No. 1,807 New-York Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, in the vicinity of 14th-st., by a widow lady and son 11 years old; a furnished room with board. Address, stating terms and locality, J. W., Box No. 4,912 Post-office. References required.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR a few single gentlemen can obtain handsomely furnished rooms, with private table, or without board, in Washington-place; very convenient to Broadway. Address A. L. N., Box No. 143 *Times* Office.

GENTLEMEN DESIRING FINE ROOMS in a small, cheerful family, where everything will be done to add to their comfort and happiness, may obtain such by addressing Box 5,225, Post-office, for three days; unexceptionable reference given and required.

TO RENT—WITH BOARD, TO A FIRST-CLASS family, a handsomely furnished parlor and bed-room, on second floor, in a private house up town, near 5th av; references required. Address M. L. C., Box No. 1,133 Post-office.

AT HARLEM—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR a party of four can obtain board in a private family, at a moderate price, in 128th-st., second house from 2d-av.; house has all modern improvements; convenient to boat and cars.

A SUITE OF ROOMS TO LET, WITH board, in a private family, in 42d-st., west of Broadway. Reference required. Address F., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BREAKFAST, may be had by two or three persons at No. 28 University-place; the rooms are large, well furnished, and very pleasant; good reference required.

AT NOS. 174, 176 AND 178 BLEECKER-street, west of Broadway, pleasant rooms, furnished, with excellent board, from $7 to $12 per week. Families accordingly.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET, with or without board, four very pleasant rooms, on second or third floors, on reasonable terms. Call at No. 55 West 28th-st.

WANTED—ONE OR TWO ROOMS FURNISHED or unfurnished, with board, in a private family, for a gentleman and wife, within an hour of the City Hall. Address J. A. P., Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

ROOMS TO LET—A HANDSOME SUITE OF rooms on the second floor; also a suite on the third floor, of dwelling No. 28 West 4th-st., furnished or unfurnished.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND his wife, in the vicinity of 86th-st., (Yorkville,) with nice room, in a private family. Address A. B., Box No. 135 *Times* Office.

BOARD.—TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with private rooms and board in a private family. Apply at No. 36 Dominick-st. References exchanged.

AT NOS. 174, 176 AND 178 BLEECKER-STREET, West of Broadway, pleasant rooms, with excellent board, from $7 to $12 per week. Families accordingly.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, A LARGE ROOM ON parlor story, suitable for gentleman and wife, at Nos. 110 and 112 East 14th-st.

ONE OR TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with board in a private family. Apply at No. 224 East 10th-st.

TO LET—A NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM TO A gentleman, without board; and also a front basement office, at No. 142 9th-st., three doors east of Broadway.

42 ST. MARK'S PLACE—FURNISHED rooms to let to gentlemen, without board, or with breakfast and tea.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO GENTLEMEN only, in house of private family. Inquire at No. 134 Macdougal-st.

BOARDING.—PRIVATE FAMILY DESIRES TO let neatly furnished suites of rooms; also rooms for single gentlemen; good table; dinner at 6. 34 West 29th-st.

BROOKLYN.—NO. 16, CLINTON-ST., A SUITE of three rooms on second floor, convenient to ferries.

AT NO. 55 EAST 28TH-ST., SEVERAL rooms, with board.

VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, WITH BOARD, can be obtained at No. 85 Second-place, Brooklyn.

PROPOSALS.

[No. 5.]

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Sept. 24, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until MONDAY, Oct. 17, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery, to this department of

IRREGULAR TROWSERS, of any color except light blue or gray.

Samples to be furnished by the parties offering, who will state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

To be delivered free of charge at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods, distinctly marked on each article and package.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to sample, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

Bids will be opened on Monday, Oct. 17, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Tuesday, Oct. 18, 1864.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposals for ——————," and address Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until FRIDAY, the 30th day of September, instant, for the manufacture of eight hundred infantry trowsers pairs, and one thousand fatigue caps, with pompons, covers, numbers, &c., all of the New-York State regulation pattern, for the use of the National Guard of the State of New-York. A sample uniform may be examined at this office. The bids will state the price at which each article will be furnished. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids which may be made.

The successful bidder will be required to give bonds for the faithful performance of the contract on his part.

S. V. TALCOTT,
Quartermaster-General S. N. Y.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, NO. 17 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 28, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 3 P. M. of SATURDAY, Oct. 1, for supplying this department with
100 BARRELS LARD OIL.

Bidders will please furnish samples with their proposals, and will offer it subject to inspection. Payment to be made in such funds as the Government provides.

The right is reserved of rejecting any proposal not deemed advantageous.

Offerings should be indorsed, "Proposals for Lard Oil," and addressed to
Major STEWART VAN VLEIT, Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF
ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
No 4 STATE-STREET, NEW-YORK, September 26, 1864.

Sealed Proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock, P.M., on FRIDAY, the 30th instant, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:

20,000 pounds first quality SPLIT PEAS, to be packed in suitable barrels.

17,400 GALLONS of the best quality of PURE VINEGAR, made only from Cider or Whisky, free from all foreign acids and injurious substances, and of a uniform strength, the Whisky Vinegar taking thirty-five grains bicarbonate of potash to neutralize one ounce troy, the Cider Vinegar as near the same strength as may be; to be put up in half-barrels of 22 gallons capacity, like samples at this office. Each proposal must state distinctly the kind and quality of Vinegar offered and the kind of package.

2,000 gallons good MOLASSES or SYRUP, in barrels or cypress half-barrels with pine heads, and at least four iron hoops.

10,000 gallons of superior BOURBON WHISKY; barrels to be of good seasoned white oak staves and heads; to have twelve wooden and four strong iron hoops, heads and iron hoops painted. Returns required from a gauger and inspector to be named by the undersigned.

30,000 gallons of RECTIFIED WHISKY, to be full first proof, according to the United States Custom-house standard. Barrels to be of good seasoned white oak staves and heads; to have twelve wood and four strong iron hoops, heads and iron hoops painted. Returns required as above.

100 barrels of "C" SUGAR; barrels to be new and of the best in use for the purpose, and to be full headlined.

POTATOES—Such quantities as may be required during the month of October, 1864, 60 pounds to the bushel, in good ordinary well-coopered barrels.

ONIONS—Such quantities as may be required during the month of October, 1864, 60 pounds to the bushel, in barrels as above.

The goods to be furnished as soon as practicable; bidders are requested to state the time when they can deliver.

Separate proposals, *in duplicate*, must be made for each article enumerated, and bidders may propose for the whole or any part of each.

Samples of all the articles must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."

The seller's name, place of business, and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with weight, gross and tare, and shipping marks to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated.

All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery, and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights, signed by a professional Public Weigher, must be furnished whenever required.

Payment, as heretofore, to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and A. C. G. S.

[No. 2.]

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 20, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until THURSDAY, Oct. 6, 1864, at two o'clock, P. M., for the immediate delivery, to this Department, of

TRUMPETS, (with extra mouth pieces,) Army standard.
TRUMPETS, CORD AND TASSELS, Army standard.
GARRISON FLAGS, Army standard.
STORM FLAGS, Army standard.

Sample of which may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal, and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to army standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on THURSDAY, Oct. 6, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on FRIDAY, Oct. 7, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse evelope, "Proposals for ——————," and address Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster, Cincinnati Depot.

[No. 3.]

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, OHIO, Sept. 22, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until TUESDAY, Oct. 11, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery to the Department of—

TROWSERS, Mounted—Army Standard;
SACK COATS, Lined—Army Standard;
HALLIARDS, Garrison and Storm—Army Standard.

Sample of which may be seen at the Office of the Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered free of charge at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, Oct. 11, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Wednesday, Oct. 12, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for ——————" and address Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

[No. 1.]

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 19, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery to this department of

ARMY BOOTS, (extra sizes,) Nos. 9 to 14.

Samples of which may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price and time of delivery.

Samples when submitted must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to army standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Wednesday, Oct. 5, 1864, at 2, o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Thursday, Oct. 6, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for Army Boots," and address Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
NOS. 562 AND 564 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 28, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on FRIDAY, the 30th inst., for furnishing by contract at this depot:

800 Uniform Jackets'
800 Shirts,

of the Duryee (Fifth New-York Volunteers) pattern, like sample in this office.

Proposals will also be received, at the same time and place, for making up from cloth furnished by the Government:

800 pairs Zouave Trowsers, the bidder to furnish all necessary trimmings for the same.

Bidders will state how soon they can deliver the above articles.

The United States reserves the right to reject any part or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed for the interest of the service.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Army Supplies," and addressed to
Col. D. H. VINTON, D. Q. M. Gen.

SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON CITY,
D. C., Sept. 21, 1864.

AN ARMY MEDICAL BOARD, TO CONSIST of Surgeon Charles S. Tripler, U. S. A., President; Surgeon William S. King, U. S. A., and Surgeon Glover Perrin, U. S. A., Recorder, will meet at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 18th of October next, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the United States Army, and of such Assistant Surgeons for promotion as may be brought before it.

Applicants must be between 21 and 30 years of age, and physically sound.

Applications must be addressed to the Secretary of War or the Surgeon-General stating the residence of the applicant, and the date and place of his birth; they must also be accompanied by respectable testimonials of moral character.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing the examination, as it is an indispensable pre-requisite to appointment.

There are now five vacancies on the Medical Staff.

JOS. K. BARNES,
Surgeon-General, U. S. A.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY STORES.

OFFICE U. S. COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
No. 32 VINE-ST., CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 27, 1864.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received by the undersigned until 3 o'clock P. M., SATURDAY, Oct. 15, 1864, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, subsistence stores, as follows:

5,000,000 pounds of
PORK—Mess, Thin Mess, or Prime Mess.
BACON—Sides, Shoulders or Hams.

Pork to be sound, free from rust or stain, full weight, (200 ℔s.,) full salted, in full-hooped oak or ash barrels.

Bacon to be sound, thoroughly cured and smoked dry; loose, or packed in strong tierces or boxes containing about 300 pounds net each.

Cooperage must of the best kind, and all boxes must be strapped with green hickory straps.

Bidders will state fully and precisely the kinds of meat and quantity of each kind offered, and the time within which they propose to make the delivery, and for Bacon, whether loose or in packages. If the latter, state the kind.

The stores to be delivered to the Commissaries of Subsistence at Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Chicago, Baltimore, New-York, or Boston, as each bidder may select, but they must state in their proposals at which of these points they will make their deliveries; and if at more than one point, the quantity at each.

Separate proposals must be made, in duplicate, for each of the articles offered, or for deliveries of the same article at different points, and bidders may propose for the whole or any part of the amount specified.

The prices (per barrel for pork, per pound for bacon,) named in the proposals, will be for the article delivered free of expense to the United States for drayage, cooperage or packages, at such places in the cities named as may be designated by the receiving Commissary.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods without expense to the United States until required for shipment, if so desired by the receiving Commissary.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors other than the party furnishing the stores, must be furnished when required; but the meats will also be examined and passed upon by such inspector as may be designated by the Commissary to whom the delivery is made.

Returns of weights, signed by a professional Public Weigher, must be furnished when required.

All old marks, except such as pertain to the contents, must be obliterated, and each package must have distinctly and plainly marked on it the name and address of the seller, the name of the contents, and date of contract, and Bacon packages must also have on them the gross, tare (actual) and net weights.

Payments will be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, as also a written guarantee of two responsible names.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

Place of business and date ——————.

The undersigned, in response to your advertisement, dated Sept. 27, 1864, hereby offers for sale to the United States, the following stores ———— (here state the kind and quantity offered, place and time of delivery, &c.,) ———— at ($——) ———— dollars ———— cents per ————, and should this proposal be accepted, in whole or in part, will deliver the same in strict compliance with advertisement, a copy of which is hereunto attached. (Signature of bidder,) ——————.

We, the undersigned, hereby guaranty that, should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it should be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions. Also a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed if required.

(Signatures,) ——————

Proposals must be inclosed in an envelope, sealed and addressed to the undersigned, and must be distinguished from other letters by the words, "Proposals for Stores," on the upper left hand corner of the envelope.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, if such a course should be deemed to the interest of the United States.

B. Du BARRY,
Maj. and C. S., U S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR ERECTING THE CUSTOM-HOUSE AT PORTLAND, ME.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Aug. 26, 1864.

Proposals will be received at this department until the 1st of November, 1864, at 12 o'clock noon, for the construction of the Custom-house authorized to be erected at Portland, Me., according to the plans and specifications prepared at this department; said proposals to be either for the whole building, or separate for different kinds of work; the department reserving the right to reject or accept the proposals hereby invited, or any part thereof, where it deems the interest of the United States requires it; the department also reserving the right to exclude the bid of any person or persons, whom there is just cause to believe will not faithfully perform the contract. Also all bids that, upon investigation, are below a fair price for the work.

Bids will not be received in gross, and the department having prepared a schedule of the approximate quantities of each kind of work and material required, (which schedule may be had at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department,) the bidder will be required to affix his prices thereto for such articles and kinds of work as he proposes to bid for, and then carry the whole out in one gross amount.

Ninety per cent. of the amount of the work done and material delivered according to contract price (said amount to be ascertained by the estimate of an agent of the department appointed for that purpose) will be paid from time to time as the work progresses, and ten per cent. retained until the completion of the contract and acceptance of the work by the agent aforesaid, and be forfeited in the event of the non-fulfillment of the contract.

Contracts will be awarded only to master builders and mechanics, and the assignment thereof, except by consent of the Secretary of the Treasury, will be a forfeiture of the same.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, (certified to be so by the United States District Judge or Attorney of said district,) in the sum of $5,000 for the whole work, or of a proportionate amount if for any part, that the bidder will, when required, if his proposal be accepted, enter into a contract and bond, with sufficient securities for its faithful performance.

Forms of the bond and certificate required, also the plans, specifications and working drawing, will be furnished on application to the Supervising Architect of the department.

No bid will be considered unless it fully complies, in all its details, with the requirements of this advertisement.

The proposals must be sent to this department, addressed to Isaiah Rogers, Supervising Architect, and plainly indorsed:

"Proposals for the Portland Custom-house."

Proposals will also be received at the same time for the old Custom-house building and materials therein, (the four granite columns on Fore-street excepted,) to be removed within sixty (60) days from date of the award, and in case the sale of the same be awarded to the successful bidder for the new Custom-house, the amount of same will be taken as part payment of his contract.

ISAIAH ROGERS, Supervising Architect.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Sept. 10, 1864.

The time for receiving the above proposals has been extended to Nov. 1, 1864.

ISAIAH ROGERS,
Supervising Architect.

[No. 4.]

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 24, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until THURSDAY, Oct. 14, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the immediate delivery to this Department of

STOCKINGS—Army Standard.
MESS PANS—Army Standard.
SHOVELS—Army Standard.
DRUMS, complete—Army Standard.
BUGLES, with extra mouth-piece—Army Standard.
WALL TENTS, complete—Army Standard. (Bidders may state whether they propose to furnish 8 oz. or 10 oz. Duck, and whether of Cotton or Linen materials.)
HOSPITAL TENTS—Army Standard.
WORSTED SASHES—Army Standard.

Sample of which may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quanity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on THURSDAY, Oct. 13, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on FRIDAY, Oct. 14, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposals for ——————," and address Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster Cincinnati Depot.

CITY INSPECTORS DEPARTMENT,
19 CITY HALL SQUARE,
NEW-YORK, September 23, 1864.

PROPOSALS FOR FREIGHTING AWAY FROM the City of New-York its ashes, garbage, street-dirt and rubbish.

Proposals for the above work for the term of one year, enclosed in a sealed envelope, endorsed "Proposals for the freighting from the City of New-York its Ashes, Garbage, Street-dirt and Rubbish," with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, of Monday, the 3d day of October, 1864, at which time the bids will be publicly opened and read.

The said ashes, &c., must be removed as fast as delivered on board of boats to be provided by the contractor at the several docks now used, or which may hereafter be designated for that purpose.

The docks now used are situated at the foot of Vesey and Watts streets, on the North River, and Roosevelt, Stanton, Fifth, Sixteenth and Twenty-third streets on the East River.

The proposals must state whether the bidder will remove the said ashes, &c., from all of said docks, or only from a particular dock.

Security in the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the whole work, or in proportion for a lesser amount, will be required for the faithful performance of the contract.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the proposals, if considered necessary for the interests of the City.

Blank forms of proposals will be furnished upon application at this office. F. I. A. BOOLE, City Inspector.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE
for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.

PROPOSITIONS

must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to

S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, SEPT. 30, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Natural Curiosities; Phenomena, &c.—Afternoon: Love's Disguises and Jones' Baby.—Evening: The Signet of King Solomon.

WALLACK'S—She Stoops to Conquer.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Presentation Concert.

IRVING HALL—Fallon's Stereopticon.

WINTER GARDEN—Everybody's Friend—The Toodles.

BROADWAY THEATRE—The Victims—The People's Lawyer.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Martin Chuzzlewit.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—Magic.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the Times (Daily) is Four Cents.

To Mail Subscribers per annum..........$10 00

Including Sunday morning edition, $12.

The Semi-Weekly Times.

One copy 1 year....	$3 00	Five copies 1 year..	$12 00
Two copies 1 year...	5 00	Ten copies 1 year..	22 50

The Weekly Times.

One copy 1 year.....	$2 00	Five copies 1 year...	$8 00
Three copies 1 year.	5 00	Ten copies 1 year....	15 00

And an Extra Copy to any Club of Ten.

Twenty copies 1 year..........25 00

To Clergymen.—Weekly, $1 25; Semi-Weekly, $2 25.

Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Club Rates.

Payments invariably in advance.

We have no authorized traveling Agents.

To any person sending us a Club of Twenty, the Semi-Weekly Times will be sent gratuitously for one year. To any one sending us a Club of Fifty, the Daily Times will be sent gratis for one year. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Gen. Grant began yesterday morning a new movement against Richmond. He telegraphs to Secretary Stanton at 10:45 A. M., Thursday, that Gen. Ord's corps, the Eighteenth, advanced in the morning and carried the very strong fortifications and long line of intrenchments below Chapin's Farm, some fifteen pieces of artillery, and from two to three hundred prisoners. Gen. Ord was wounded, though not dangerously. Gen. Birney advanced at the same time from Deep Bottom, and carried the Newmarket Road and intrenchments, and scattered the enemy in every direction, though he captured but few. He continued his march toward Richmond. These operations are all on the north side of James River, and are evidently conducted with a view of entering Richmond from that side.

The news from Gen. Sheridan is from rebel sources, and is to the effect that his cavalry occupied Staunton on Monday last, and also Waynesboro, several miles east of Staunton, on the railroad. We cannot learn from the same sources which way Early retreated, but it looks as though he had fallen back on Charlottesville. No direct communication from Sheridan has been received for several days.

From Missouri we have some further information as to the situation at Pilot Knob. Gen. Ewing had concentrated his forces in front of the enemy, who had begun to throw shells into the fort. Col. Mills was attacked at Mineral Point on Tuesday night by a large body of rebels, who were repulsed. Our troops subsequently withdrew to Desoto. Potosi was captured by the rebels on the same night. Gen. Smith's headquarters are still at Desoto, where he is receiving reinforcements. Gen. Ewing was ordered to evacuate Pilot Knob, but the rebels cut off his communications before he could get away. About 12,000 militia are now under arms in St. Louis, which, with the independent citizen companies, will make quite a formidable force.

The news from Gen. Rousseau, who is operating against Forrest in Tennessee, is to the effect that the rebel raider was severely checked in the fight at Pulaski on Tuesday, and driven off in a southerly direction for a distance of nine miles. He is believed to be crossing over to the Chattanooga Railroad. The damage done to the Tennessee and Alabama railroad by the rebels will take several weeks to repair. It seems to be the object of Forrest and his co-operating bands to perpetrate all the damage possible upon Sherman's communications, so as to compel him to remove from his position. At Atlanta, Secretary Stanton says: "A desperate effort will be made by the enemy to force Sherman from Atlanta, by destroying his communications. All loyal and patriotic people should urge forward rapid enlistments, in order to reinforce Sherman, and enable him not only to hold his position, but also without delay to push on his campaign."

The United States steam transport *Fulton*, from Port Royal, S. C., arrived here yesterday, with advices to the 26th. A flag-of-truce boat was sent to Charleston harbor on the 23d, with a number of prisoners to be exchanged. Quite a large number of Union surgeons and chaplains were released by the rebels without exchange. When off Wilmington, the *Fulton* fell in with a large blockade-runner, which she chased for two hours. The gunboat *Gettysburgh* and one other joined in the chase. Darkness coming on, the *Fulton* was obliged to abandon the pursuit, leaving the task of overhauling the blockade-runner to the gunboats.

It is reported that Admiral Farragut will be immediately transferred from the command of the West Gulf Squadron to the North Atlantic Blockading Squadron, and that Admiral Lee will take command of the fleet in Mobile Bay.

GENERAL NEWS.

Both boards of the Common Council met yesterday. The Aldermen passed the Fulton Railroad grant over the Mayor's veto. They also received and laid over a message from Mayor Gunther, vetoing the resolutions providing for an illumination of the public buildings, in honor of the recent victories on land and sea, and requesting him to issue a proclamation inviting citizens generally to illuminate their dwellings on the same night. The Mayor's objections are chiefly that the proposed illumination would foment partisan feeling, and that it is contrary to the custom of mankind to rejoice over victories gained in civil wars. The veto, which will doubtless be widely and eagerly read, we publish in full elsewhere. The Councilmen transacted but little business, none of which was important. The Aldermen adjourned to Monday, at 1, and the Councilmen till to-day, at 2 P. M.

The United States Government has denied the request of the Board of Commissioners of Health and others for the use of Bedloe's Island as a quarantine station. The reason assigned is, that the necessities of the military service will not allow it; all and more room than the island affords is required by the Government.

General business was less animated yesterday. The fall in Gold depressed produce and merchandise. Flour fell off 15c.@25c. ℔ bbl.; Wheat (nominally) 3c.@5c.; Oats, 1c.@2c. ℔ bush., closing quite heavy. Mess Pork was higher, under a speculative demand. Tallow, Cotton, Oils, Groceries, Coal and Metals were also cheaper and lightly dealt in. The auction sales of dry goods attracted a fair attendance, and resulted rather more satisfactorily for owners. Freights were quite dull.

A private letter from a veteran resident farmer and horticulturist, located within a few miles of Milwaukee, who knows public sentiment in his district thoroughly, says that the Copperhead vote there will be amazingly decreased this Fall in consequence of the number of skeddadlers from the draft. He adds: "We mean to elect Gen. Halbert E. Paine to Congress in the place of our present secesh sympathizer, and my word for it, Wisconsin will give a rousing majority for Uncle Abraham."

The War Department has decided that a drafted man may furnish a substitute after he has been accepted and is in camp. When the substitute is accepted, the Government will discharge the drafted man, aad permit him to return to his home.

The National Union Committee are sending off one hundred thousand campaign documents daily.

The Gold Room was weak yesterday afternoon, and 4 ℔ cent. lower than on Wednesday. The Railways left off dull. Governments steady.

The Cessationist Candidate.

We are in the constant receipt of communications reviewing the military career of Gen. McClellan. We must decline to publish them, partly because the subject has been exhausted already, but mainly because it has comparatively little to do with the real issue before the country. In the early days of the war, before our people had become accustomed to its character, when ten thousand men seemed an enormous force, and a man with epaulets who could ride a horse on parade was likely to be hailed as a great General, it was natural and excusable to mistake Gen. McClellan for a new Napoleon. But that day of early innocence has passed away. The glitter of regimentals has been tarnished. We have had since then too much experience of the realities of war to be longer deceived by its shams and shows. We have had Generals who could *fight* the enemy as well as parade their own troops; who could hurl fifty regiments of valiant men, like so many winged thunderbolts, upon the enemy, as well as sit in camp and calculate the chances of defeat or ride to the rear to look out safe resting-places for a beaten army. We have seen Generals who considered it their business to win victories as well as to plan campaigns,—who deemed it their duty to support their Government instead of denouncing and assailing it, and who did not think that the art of war consisted wholly and exclusively in getting an army twice as large as they knew how to handle, and then whining and howling for more.

The country has had experience of Corinth and Vicksburgh, and Atlanta and Petersburgh and Mobile Bay, and a hundred other glorious and immortal fields:—it is not likely to waste much time in studying the tactics of the siege of Yorktown, or in pondering the marvelous display of genius and skill witnessed on the banks of the Chickahominy and in the safe retreat of Harrison's Landing. The American people have known Grant and Hooker, and Sherman, and Sheridan, and Farragut—and they are not likely to put them, as subalterns, under the supreme command of Geo. B. McClellan.

But even if McClellan were the greatest General of this war, that would be no good reason for making him President. He is the candidate of a party which denounces the war as unjust, which brands it as a failure, and which demands "immediate efforts for a cessation of hostilities." He is put forward on a platform of absolute and uncompromising hostility to the contest which the nation is waging for its own salvation. He stands before the country as the representative of the principles and purposes of the Chicago Convention,—principles and purposes distinctly and deliberately put forth by the unanimous vote of that Convention, as the basis of the Administration of which, if elected, he will be the powerful and responsible head. The question for the country to determine, is *whether they will adopt those principles and purposes as their own.* If they will, their course is clear; they have only to elect McClellan President and they can rely on having them carried into practical effect.

With characteristic timidity and evasiveness, Gen. McClellan has tried to countenance the idea, put forward by some of his more unscrupulous friends in his behalf, that he is not committed to the principles of the Chicago platform. Nothing can be more idle or absurd. If it were true, he would simply stand before the country as an unprincipled impostor,—as a man willing to take a nomination merely to betray those who gave it to him,—as a man seeking the highest of all earthly trusts on false pretences, and with the deliberate purpose to cheat and betray those who should trust it in his hands. But it is not true. Weak as he may be, he has not yet descended to this grade of infidelity. He has not repudiated in a single particular a single sentiment or declaration of the Chicago platform. He stands forward as its representative,—the embodiment of its principles, the instrument of the men who made it, the candidate and creature of the party which adopted and proclaimed it.

Now, the simple question for the people to decide is, whether they will have *that platform* as the basis on which this Government shall be carried on for the next four years. Do they consider the war a "failure?" Are they in favor of "immediate efforts for a cessation of hostilities?" Do they believe that we cannot put down the rebellion by force of arms, and that it is absolutely necessary that we should surrender to it in the hope of "ultimately" being able to compromise with it?

If they do, let them vote for McClellan. If they don't, they had better vote for somebody else.

The Lake Erie Pirates.—The Toronto *Leader*, having due regard to the possibility of the Lake Erie pirates being captured in Canada, takes occasion to warn the Provincial Government against the dangers which might arise from their extradition. It instances the case of William Lyon Mackenzie, in 1837, as one in which the surrender of a political fugitive was refused by the United States; but it conceals from its readers the fact that there is nothing approaching to a parallel in the two cases. Mackenzie was claimed by the British Government on the ground of his having committed a mail robbery before he had taken refuge here. The refusal to surrender him was based on the fact, that at the time of the alleged robbery he was leading an armed band of insurgents, to whom the possession of the Government mail bags was an essential political gain. The act, or the alleged crime, was, therefore, necessarily adjudged to be political in its nature.

In the case of these pirates, the crime is conceived, and the arrangements for its commission are made on supposed neutral ground. The Sovereignty of the neutral power is thereby violated, and the offence becomes one in which that power is altogether as much interested in punishing, as is the Government of the United States. Fortunately for the Government and people of the Provinces, they do not seem to share the *Leader's* view of international obligation to any great extent. And there seems to be good reason to conclude that all parties in the Province—outside of the Confederate conclave in Toronto—will cordially co-operate in bringing home conviction, and punishment to the pirates.

Grant's New Movement—The North Bank of the James.

As was expected, General Grant has very promptly taken advantage of the splendid successes achieved by Gen. Sheridan in the Shenandoah Valley. Yesterday morning two of our Army Corps on the James—the Eighteenth under Gen. Ord, and the Tenth under Gen. Birney—took up their line of advance for Richmond on the north bank of the river, leaving Warren firmly planted on the Weldon Road below Petersburgh, and the other corps of the Army of the Potomac located—we know not where. It is generally known to the country that we have had a small force stationed on the north bank of the James, about ten miles below Richmond, ever since our army reached its present position at Petersburgh; and it will be remembered that about the middle of last month a large body of infantry and cavalry, under Hancock and Gregg, was thrown over to Deep Bottom, and forced its way, through heavy fighting, up to within six miles of Richmond—the real object of the movement, however, being simply to make a diversion while Warren seized the Weldon Road.

The points of starting in the present movement—Chapin's Farm and Deep Bottom—are a considerable distance apart, if we follow the winding course of the James, but, after all, they are very nearly on the same parallel—the former being only some five miles west of the latter, while the capture of Newmarket brings both corps on a line of eight miles from the rebel capital.

The movement of both corps began simultaneously yesterday morning, and each at once achieved a noteworthy initial success. Gen. Ord carried the very strong works below Chapin's Farm, captured fifteen cannon, and several hundred prisoners, while Birney carried the New Market intrenchments, scattered the enemy in every direction, and, says Gen. Grant, at 10:45 A. M., yesterday, "is now marching on toward Richmond."

It is impossible at this moment to speculate intelligently on the import and object of this unexpected and striking march. On its face, it looks like an attempt to seize Richmond by a sudden stroke; but, as Grant says that the "whole country is filled with field fortifications," it is evident that very great difficulties would obstruct such a measure. There is a strong probability that the movement has another and a less direct object than this; but to learn what that is, we must wait for its development, which will evidently be rapid.

Mayor Gunther on the Victories.

Our Municipal Government is just now giving an amusing illustration of the efforts of the McClellanites to blow hot and cold on the war question. The Common Council, the great majority of which, of course, are for the Chicago nominee, felt the necessity, after the late victories, of doing something to clear him of the odious associations of the platform he stands upon. To that end they passed a resolution ordering the illumination of the various public buildings, and requesting householders generally to participate, in like manner, in this expression of joy. It was a very nice plan, demonstrating, in the face and eyes of everybody, the war spirit of the party, and costing nothing but the expenditure of a little gas—just the sort of material for the purpose.

But the McClellan Mayor don't fancy the arrangement. He has a jealousy for the platform, and, in his own peculiar fashion, puts his foot upon the Common Council resolution. His veto may be found in another column. It is Copperheadism, pure and simple. Of course it is disgraceful; but, for all that, there is a certain openness in its very shamelessness that compels a certain approval, when contrasted with the more calculating dissimulation of his fellow-partisans in the other branch. The Mayor at least has the merit of sticking consistently to the authorized creed.

The platform declares that the "experiment of war is a failure," and that "justice, humanity, liberty, and the public welfare, demand immediate efforts for the cessation of hostilities." Accepting this as truth, all victories are but a useless expenditure of blood in which only a murderous malice can rejoice. Mayor Gunther recognizes this, and, in true party fealty, writes a production which to every loyal man is infamous.

The Mayor gives out unreservedly that he is opposed to the victories—that they are but a piece of bloody electioneering, got up by President Lincoln to secure another term of office—that they are in no sense Union victories. He apprehends that if we are to set the precedent of illuminating on their account, they will come so thick that we shall have nothing but illuminations between this and election. He is "forced to regard," he says, "the proposed demonstration as one of a political nature." So we have it clearly. Victories will help the Administration, and be a damage to the prospects of McClellan, and should be an occasion for mourning rather than rejoicing. Grant and Sherman, and Sheridan and Farragut, who win them, are only doing the work of public enemies; and the soldiers, who pay for them with their blood, are only pitiable dupes.

Moreover, it does not become us to find satisfaction in victories over fellow-citizens as if they were victories over aliens, and enemies. We are bound, the Mayor says, to "abstain from rejoicing over victories in civil wars." He avoids the use of the word rebels as scrupulously as did the framers of the Chicago platform. He will not admit the idea that this is a struggle between a Government with rightful authority and men who seek to destroy that authority—or between a nation fighting for its existence and internal enemies banded to cut it in twain. He uses the term civil war as if it were a mere contest between two parties for the possession of the same government, one having no better sanction than the other. Even Mayor Gunther, we suppose, could not be so infatuated as to pretend that the deliverance of this city from an insurrection that threatened to precipitate it into anarchy and ruin, would not be a meet matter for public rejoicing, because forsooth, the insurgents were our fellow-citizens and Gov. Seymour's "friends." We rejoice to be delivered from assassination, even though the blow is aimed by a member of the family.

Nobody who looks at this hideous production can fail to see that it was engendered in an intense sympathy for the rebels. Every feature of it carries this mark. No truly loyal man, with a heart devoted to the flag and the Union, could have honestly penned that document. There is hardly a line in it which Jeff. Davis himself, with a little mental reservation, could not have written.

The motives of the Common Council in proposing the illumination do not command much respect. But, every citizen who has any pride in this great Metropolis, must feel like bowing his head for shame that its chief official should use his position to proclaim to the world such abominable sentiments. New-York was sufficiently disgraced in the beginning of the war by the telegraph of Fernando Wood, its then Mayor, to the Georgia conspirators, regretting his inability to help them to the arms designed for their use, which had been seized by the Washington authorities. But the present official language of its present Mayor, in sympathy with the rebels, is a greater scandal yet. In the one case it might be pleaded that the objects of the conspirators were not fully understood. In the other, four years' record of the blackest infamy in human history estops any such pretext. It is immensely baser to favor Jeff. Davis and his accomplices in 1864 than it was in 1860. And whether the former will be forgotten or not, this letter never can be. As long as this City has a history, it will be read that in the closing days of the great Rebellion, when the hearts of the loyal people of the land were exulting in the tidings of the last decisive victories, the Mayor of New-York publicly proclaimed that it was an occasion for condolence rather than congratulation. If the stigma of it were only to attach to him and to the party to which he belongs, it would matter little. But history, in picturing a State or community, takes note, first of all, of its political action through its official heads. If this is false and disloyal, the public character itself must almost unavoidably have a correspondingly bad color in the eyes of the world.

The Vital Issue.

We commend these points to the earnest consideration of every citizen:

1. That it is his duty to cast his vote—one way or the other—during this coming Presidential election. No matter what may have decided him heretofore to refrain from this duty, there is now too much at stake for any citizen to decline expressing himself upon the vital questions at issue, without being as truly a recreant as the coward who fails in his duty on the battle-field.

2. He should vote conscientiously. No prejudice against or for either of the candidates should cause him to overlook the principles they represent, and his vote should be cast, not for the sake of men, but for principles.

3. The political differences between the contending parties do not depend upon the comparative trivialities that govern a choice in time of profound quiet. The points now at issue involve nothing less than the continuance of our Union and of a Republican form of government.

The present Administration plants itself firmly upon the principle that every citizen shall "be free and equal"—that every man, once a citizen, shall equally share the protection of our laws and equally enjoy our freedom; that the South, always opposed to such a principle, shall receive nothing but war until she submits, or manifests a desire for peace; it believes no other course is consistent with the honor and dignity of the North and the union of the country—otherwise we must exhibit the disgraceful attidude of being conquered ourselves by Southern arms and principles. Either the North must subjugate the South or be forever subject to its political and military control.

The South wars for Slavery, for civil in equality, and its independence is the accomplishment of a military despotism or of an aristocracy. The war was prearranged for thirty years by Southern Democrats—who were traitors while still holding office under, and solemnly sworn to support, the Government they were plotting to destroy, and were actually destroying. The South seceded under a Democratic Administration, which it had bought, body and soul, at its own price. Secession was with the full knowledge and approval of many leading Northern Democrats. No sensible man can now ignore the fact. These Northern traitors intended the South should succeed—and have constantly and persistently worked for that success during the war, by bitter opposition to the Administration and its war policy, as truly as if they were ranged under rebel banners.

History will unveil the details of this conspiracy to subvert our Government, and the names of Northern traitors will be written in the roll of infamy, side by side with those of their Southern brethren and allies.

Slavery is no longer the most prominent of these great questions; its importance is lost in more absorbing interests. The chief decision regarding it is whether it shall be suffered again to be made a pretext for rebellion and disunion.

We repeat that the struggle in this election is really and fundamentally between Southern aristocracy and independence, and Northern republican supremacy. The result will be decisive forever of the interests of freedom in this land. We are confident that *the people*, clearly seeing the field, will decide as truly now as when the fires of Sumter first shed a broad light on Southern motives.

Meanwhile, we urge upon every man to reflect, and to decide for himself whether these generalizations are not supported fully by multitudinous facts presented to his knowledge since the beginning of this infamous rebellion against the most liberal Government known to the world's history.

John B. Gough.—It will be seen by advertisement that this distinguished orator will deliver a lecture on Temperance at the Cooper Institute on the 11th proximo.

Amusements.

Wallack's Theatre.—Lovel's five-act comedy of "Look Before You Leap" was revived here on Wednesday evening with very marked and well-deserved success. Although not free from the usual stiltedness of the school to which it belongs, it is nevertheless a fresh and interesting work. The characters are nicely drawn, the dialogue is well distributed, and the colloquial points are clearly and sharply made. Such a piece can only be well played at one theatre, and that theatre is Wallack's. The cast last evening was admirable. It had the special merit of introducing all the best ladies of the establishment, and of affording an opportunity for three gentlemen to make their first appearances. Several old members of the company also made their *rentrée* on this occasion; notably, that delightful representative of old ladies, Mrs. Vernon, who, as *Miss Brown*, was as pleasant and active as ever. Mrs. Jennings, as *Elenor Mortimer*, was admirable. Mrs. Floyd was received with favor, and her liege lord was a good *Charles Rashleigh*. These were the old favorites, and they have all good reason to be satisfied with the friendly recognitions bestowed on them. Of the new comers, Mr. Nicol McIntyre as the fop, *Edward de Vere*, made the best impression. His performance was well sustained and strongly marked throughout. Mr. Whiting, of whom we have had occasion to speak in terms of commendation during the early seasons of the Brooklyn Park Theatre, was the *Henry Brandon*. He is a quiet and gentlemanly young actor, who needs a better opportunity than was afforded to him on this occasion to display his ability. The part is both weak and embarrassing. Mr. Wright, as *Hardman*, did not impress us favorably. His manner is somewhat too pronounced for the *habitués* of the theatre, but it is susceptible, we suppose, of modification. Among the regular artists of the company who displayed unusual excellence, were Miss Mary Gannon, and Miss Henriques. We do not remember to have ever seen the last-named lady to greater advantage. The part of *Clara* is a good one, but aside from this it was not difficult to notice in Miss Henriques, performance a very marked improvement on her efforts of last season. Miss Gannon was of course inimitable. Mr. Gilbert was very good as *Mr. Coddington*, and Mr. Charles Fisher deserves the same meed of praise. Indeed the comedy was charmingly rendered and will maintain a prominent place on the bills of the season. Its success warrants this presumption.

Irving Hall.—To-night the Stereopticon will be exhibited for the last time. If there are any who have not seen its wonderful transcripts from nature, they should certainly secure this opportunity.

FROM THE PLAINS.

Everything Quiet Again—Safety of Travel—Exaggerated Stories—All Trains Should go Armed.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

Fort Kearney, N. T., Tuesday, Sept. 20, 1864.

Everything commences to wear a quiet look again out here. The Indian scare on the Overland route is about over. The stages commence running again to-day or to-morrow on the Overland road. Gen. R. B. Mitchell arrived at Buttonwood, 95 miles west of this, on Friday last, and will probably start again on a scout in two or three days. He went to Salmon Fork of the Republican, but was unable to find any Indians.

I notice that your correspondents out West here, exaggerate matters with reference to this route. The Indians, in small parties, (about seventy-five,) started out on the Overland mail route, and did succeed in massacreing several trains who were wholly unarmed. They never did attack any fort, nor are they likely to do so on the Overland route east of Laramie. They will not make a stand when they find soldiers coming after them. They are extremely careful to keep out of harm's way. The very day they attacked a train, thirty-three miles west of this, near Rum Creek, and killed eleven men, they allowed another train to pass, simply because the drivers made a decent show of fight by producing rifles and other firearms. Any train of considerable size, say fifty wagons, with the teamsters well armed, can travel as safe ever, with ordinary caution.

I have lived here ever since 1858, and I never did consider it safe for large trains to travel as they did—hardly a rifle among fifty or a hundred men. The Indians were well aware of this, and no wonder they made use of their information. The idea that white men lead the Indians has one strong argument against it, namely, the entire absence of any damage done to the telegraph, which the Indians look upon with great deference.

W. G.

Court Calendar.

Albany, Thursday, Sept. 29.

In the Court of Appeals, Sept. 29, 1864: Day Calendar for Friday, Sept. 30—Nos. 12, 160, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 161 and 164.

THE SITUATION IN THE SOUTHWEST.

The Change of Scene—Rebel Brag Compared with Facts—Rebels and Copperheads to be Swept Away—Military Justice—Rebel Interior Lines Broken Up—Atlanta—Mobile—Wilmington.

The Beeches, Wednesday, Sept. 20, 1864.

The blue haze which I recently described as resting upon the landscape, has cleared away. There was a sort of despondent tone in the atmosphere, which found its analogy in the tone of the public mind. I could account for neither. I saw nothing in nature which should make that haze, and I saw nothing in our public situation to justify despondency. Yet so it was. A few days more passed away, and my sleep was broken by repeated crashes of thunder, and the whole horizon was lit up with most vivid flashes of lightning. The morning came, and the clouds were whirling over the heavens, driven by fierce winds, and in another day the blue sky appeared, the haze had gone, and a pure, beautiful light rested on every object. And now I find an analogy. The storms which burst over Atlanta and Mobile have cleared the haze from the public mind. The light of reason returns, and Nature vindicates herself. All intelligent men can see now that the rebel Confederacy is a mere shell—it is a mere puff-ball. The rebels never bragged so loud, and never were in so weak a situation. If you will go back and put together the statements made in the Richmond papers, transcribed into the columns of the Times, you will find that the rebels have killed off Grant's army two or three times—that they have won dozens of victories, and on every principle of reason and common sense our armies ought now to be dispersed, our Government besieged in Washington, and we sending commissioners for peace. What does this mean? It is simply the language of despair—*utter despair*. Men never laugh so wildly as when the plague is at the door.

How stands the fact? Half the rebel Confederacy is conquered. Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi, (what were left of them,) now lie at our feet. The Gulf States are swept away, literally. What remains? Florida, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia, and we have half the last and parts of the former! This is the rebel Confederacy, which claims to be "independent," with its Government shut up in Richmond, the larger part of its territory gone, and its armies on their last legs! And, this is the great Confederacy which the Chicago Convention wanted to help! These are the gentlemen that Wood, Vallandigham, Seymour and Vorhees, Hunt and Brooks, want to save from the punishment and perdition which they so deserve and have so labored for! In the name of common decency and common sense, why should they divide the country in the hour of its triumph? But, if they will have it so; if they have, indeed, gone mad, it will require no prophet to tell them that the people of this country will sweep Chicago as well as Richmond with the besom of destruction. All the battles of the Chickahominy will be nothing to that, in which, on the Ides of November, the people will sweep away the Copperhead party, its platform and candidate.

But I meant to speak of the situation. What is the value of Atlanta and Mobile? Neither of them, as towns, are worth the tenth part of their cost. But, as military positions, as strategic points, they are worth a great deal more than Richmond ever was. If you examine the details of the first two years of the war, and even to this Summer, you will find that the rebels have had an immense advantage in two things. 1. That their lines of railroads were concentric in the interior, and that consequently, in spite of anything we could possibly do they had the advantage of moving their forces from point to point, on their military base and line of action, in a third part of the time we could. The same was true of telegraph lines. This was not merely moving on interior lines, as some say, but it was moving from concentric curves and central points (which lay *entirely out of our reach*) with the utmost speed. This advantage alone was worth whole armies When the Mississippi was taken we cut off one long line of communication; but when we took Chattanooga and Knoxville, we did, in a military point of view, better than that. We cut off and destroyed one of the main lines of rebel military movement—one of inestimable value—which enabled him to send armies through to the valley of Virginia, to Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama and the Mississippi, without any power on our part to prevent it. In the years 1862 and 1863—till the fall of Chattanooga—this was the greatest means of rebel defence. We never got a fair *grip* on them till we broke up this line. The reader well recollects Davis' visit to Bragg's army, with the boast that he would retake East Tennessee at all hazards, and how he did not do it. By the way, just remember how many and how constantly their boasts are made, and you will see how very little real ability is manifested in their empty brags of what they can do.

2. Another immense advantage the rebels have had is in three or four ports, which, by their numerous and shallow inlets, enabled the blockade-runners to supply them liberally with arms, munitions of war and other necessary articles. In the case of Mobile and Wilmington this could not be prevented till we captured the ports themselves. Let us now see the bearings of our operations at Atlanta and Mobile on these positions of the enemy.

At Chattanooga we commanded the railroad which connected Richmond with Atlanta, and the last with Nashville,—if we had not the last point. At Atlanta we do the same thing by commanding all the railroads which connect Charleston, Savannah, &c., with the Northern half of the Gulf States, which they have heretofore had, and by which they were enabled to send troops and provisions into those regions. Hence, if we were to stop at Atlanta, we should nevertheless, *hold possession—as we do of Kentucky and Tennessee—of all the northern half of the Gulf States.* We might go *into* them, but could not *hold* them before this event. But this is not all. By taking the only defensible positions, we can take and command Macon, Columbus, &c., by which communication is kept up with Montgomery. In one word, we command, as soon as we choose to take possession, everything, from the Savannah to the Mississippi Rivers. The whole of that great cotton country, which, in the vain boast of Southern politicians, was to command a world, and force our Government to terms! It is true, there is a great deal of minor work to be done, but the great blow has been struck. Sherman will probably find himself obliged to take Macon, in order to take the last central point of railroads in the Southwest. He will rest his army, and make the campaign of November on Augusta and Charleston, if not before.

Now, for Mobile. It is the last port, but one, from which the rebels could make anything, by blockade running. It is doubtful, in many minds whether Farragut ought not to be contented with the Bay of Mobile, and proceed with his main fleet to Wilmington. I have no doubt he could enter Cape Fear river as easily as he did Mobile Bay. But if the war in Virginia is to be continued, by the successful defence of the rebels, the capture of Mobile *and the command of the river from Mobile to Georgia*, is a more important military movement. The river is navigable now to within twenty miles of Columbus, Ga. To possess these rivers for our gunboats and to take Macon, will end all the jobs necessary to be done west of the Savannah river, yet the capture of Wilmington would be a powerful blow at Lee's army. I shall be contented with either movement. All our armies appear to be *retreating* now as Grant was on Vicksburg, and *imprisoning* the rebels before the lightning of retribution strikes the final blow.

A Veteran Observer.

Horticultural Exhibition of the American Institute.

The annual exhibition of this society, now in progress at Rooms Nos. 21, 22 and 23 Cooper Institute, is certainly one of the finest and most meritorious fruit exhibitions ever placed before the public in this City. A visit to the rooms yesterday afternoon fully convinced us that the few people in attendance, were enjoying a pleasure which will delight thousands of others, if they will simply take our advice and attend during this the closing day and evening. The exhibition of pears exceeds anything that has been seen here for ten years, while that of grapes was never excelled. No person of a refined and beautiful taste will forego this exhibition; nature is most lavish in her productions and adornments this year, and should not be scorned; by the indifference of ourpeople. Three large rooms are devoted to this disply, and the number and quality of the various apples, pears and grapes surprises even professional fruit-growers. We have space to notice but a few of the prominent features of the exibition. A bushel of pears, the *Duchesse D'Angouleme* variety, exhibited by F. L. Dubois, of Brooklyn, are the perfection in size and appearance—nearly as large as pineapples, and attracting much praise.

A basket of very fine *Lawrences* are shown by Dr. Ward, of Newark. The largest collection is by Hovey & Co., of Boston, comprising over sixty varieties; while Ellwanger & Barry, of Rochester, the famous nurserymen, show fifty varieties—as fine a display, in point of quality, as we have ever seen. There are many other collections, less in number of varieties, but equal in quality. R. L. Stuart, Esq., exhibits twelve splendid varieties, grown at his residence, corner of Twentieth-street and Fifth-avenue. Dr. Grant, of Iona Island, near Peekskill, exhibits thirty-five varieties of pears and twenty of apples.

The display of grapes is so great in point of variety, and in the number of exhibitors, that it is impossible to particularize. The exhibition is convincing proof that this country affords the most ample diversification of soil and climate for the growth of this favorite fruit, and the rapid increase of its production each year promises well for such abundant yields in the future, that all classes may enjoy grapes at one-fourth of present prices. The varieties greatest in number and most admirable in quality, are the *Delaware*, *Iona*, *Concord*, *Diana*, *Isabella* and *Catawba*. Green-house varieties, *Black* and *White Hamburgs*, and several specimens of a perfect *lusus naturæ* in size, are also exhibited. Dr. Grant's *Iona* takes the "Greeley Prize" of $100, and the variety is certainly a very fine one. While it exceeds the *Delaware* in size, and is fully as hardy, it crowds it very hard in respect of flavor. Dr. Underhill, of Croton Point, has a fine display of several varieties, among which, were the *Concord*, *Isabella*, &c. There is also a fine display of cut flowers on exhibition, and a few choice green-house plants, [among which] we noticed the beautiful and tender *Orchid*. Burgess, of East New-York, has some very beautiful specimens of Dahlias, and a very sweet and pretty dwarf evergreen, *Daphne Cneorum*, blossoming early and late, and fragrant as a tuberose. It is very beautiful for garden borders, and cemetery lots.

It ought not to be necessary to urge our citizens—those of taste and appreciation, we mean—to attend such an exhibition. And we trust the officers of the Association will have cause to feel to-day, that their earnest labors to produce this display are fully appreciated. Cannot our worthy ladies for instance, those who pride themselves upon genuine taste and an appreciation of the beautiful, vary the course of their day's duties and enjoyments, and look in at this display of Pomona's choicest gems?

The Piracies of the Tallahassee.

New-York, Thursday, Sept. 29, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The history of the rebel privateer, as published in your paper of this morning, is very interesting, but it is likewise very false—at least so far as the facts about my conduct after the capture and destruction of my pilot-boat, the *William Bell*, are concerned. The rebel writer makes out that I was treated with great courtesy, that I condemned my own Government, that I smoked with him, slept in his blankets, and at parting made him a present. These statements are all false. I was not treated with courtesy—scarcely with ordinary decency; I am a loyal man through and through, and therefore, love and respect my Government—I never spoke a derogatory word in regard to it, and never shall. I did not smoke with him, for the very good reason that I do not smoke; I did not sleep in his blankets, for he offered me none; I tried to sleep on one of his lockers, wrapped in the burgee of the pilot-boat *James Funk*, and I made him no present at parting, for he had robbed me of $5,000; and I will not present such traitors with anything but a rope with which to hang themselves.

The rebel's statement that Capt. Moore, of the ship *Adriatic*, came on board the *Tallahassee* drunk is false, like the rest. I saw him when he came on board, and he was perfectly sober.

Very respectfully, yours,

JAMES CALLAHAN,
Sandy Hook Pilot.

Obituary.

COMMODORE THOMAS A. CONOVER.

This gallant officer entered the navy from the State of New-Jersey, in January, 1812, and had consequently been in the service nearly fifty-three years. His first cruise at sea was on board the frigate *Essex*, commanded by the notable Captain David Porter, in the war with England. His next service was under Commodore McDonough, on Lake Champlain, where he participated in achieving that glorious victory over the English fleet, on the memorable 11th of September, 1814. Promoted to a lieutenancy shortly after, he served with his gallant chief on board the *Guerriere* in the Mediterranean, and subsequently in other vessels in various portions of the world until his promotion to a Commodore, about 1835, in which capacity he commanded the *John Adams*, sloop-of-war, some years. In 1848 he was promoted to the rank of Captain, and in the years 1857-8 he commanded the Coast of Africa Squadron, the old *Constitution* being his flag-ship. In July, 1862, on the creation by law of the grade of Commodores in the navy, he was commissioned as such.

Few men have departed this life leaving a more enviable reputation among those who personally knew and survived them, than the subject of this brief notice. Courageous in fight, a patriot in every sense of the term, he was the beau ideal of a gallant officer. He married, about the year 1822, the eldest daughter of Col. Stevens, of Hoboken, who with several children, survive him, to deplore, with his numerous friends, in and out of the navy, his departure from among us.

B.

Meeting of the War State Democratic Committee.

A meeting of the War Democratic State Committee of the State of New-York was held at the Astor House on Tuesday, Sept. 27, 1864. Hon. George A. Brandreth, Chairman; Hons. T. R. Westbrook and R. H. Tyler, Vice Chairmen; H. C. Page, Secretary.

Letters were read from absent members of the committee and prominent War Democrats throughout the State, all breathing a spirit of enthusiasm in behalf of the good cause, and devotion to the best interests of the country.

On motion the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the War Democratic State Committee of the State of New-York, in view of the condition of public affairs and the necessity for a vigorous prosecution of the war for the suppression of the rebellion, will give their unqualified support to the nominations of Abraham Lincoln for President, and Andrew Johnson for Vice-President; and of Reuben E. Fenton, Thomas G. Alvord, Franklin A. Alberger and David P. Forrest, for State officers; and request that their fellow citizens who believe that the present rebellion can and should be suppressed by arms, and the Union restored in its integrity, to vote for those candidates, sacrificing mere party questions and individual preferences to the public interest, and giving their earnest efforts to the election of those men who are distinctly pledged to the use not only of merely peaceable, but all measures, to suppress the rebellion.

On motion, it was also

Resolved, That our brave and gallant soldiers and gallant sailors are entitled forever to the Nation's gratitude, and to the brightest place in the memories of all true lovers of the Republic; that the victories of Grant, Sherman, Farragut, Porter, Winslow and Sheridan, abundantly evince that the bravery and chivalry of the American people are worthy of the past glories of the country.

A communication was received from the War Democratic General Committee of the City and County of New-York, in regard to a Mass Convention of the War Democracy, which was read and placed on file, and the Chairman of the State Committee authorized to appoint a coöperating Committee for the same purpose.

A number of spirited and highly patriotic addresses were made, and some routine business transacted, after which the committee adjourned.

The Grand Union Demonstration at Boston.

The Boston *Advertiser* says that on the occasion of the great Union meeting, Wednesday evening, at Boston, old Faneuil Hall was densely crowded with a vast multitude of citizens, who had repaired thither to testify their unswerving devotion to the cause of the Union, the preservation of the Government, and the vigorous prosecution of the war by which the Union and the Government are to be maintained. Long before the hour appointed for the meeting, the multitude, eager to secure available positions, had filled the hall, and overflowed into the square, for which event anticipatory pbeparations had been made in the erection of stands outside for speakers. The meetings, indoors and out, were in the highest degree enthusiastic. Probably no greater number of persons has ever before assembled at a political meeting in Boston.

Mass Meeting of Republicans at Roslyn, Long Island.

The house of William Cullen Bryant was made resonant last evening with enthusiastic cheers for Lincoln and the Union. Nearly a thousand people gathered on the main avenue of the place at about 8 o'clock, and rockets, Roman candles, music and a torchlight procession, all united to swell the enthusiasm for "Honest Old Abe."

Mr. Bryant was made chairman of the meeting, and after an eloquent speech was followed by Mr. Ethan Allen and Mr. Park Godwin, who both, in stirring, able and eloquent arguments, pleaded for the Union and the triumph of Republican principles. Queens County will exhibit a commendable desire to reform, in a reduction of her "Copperhead" vote this Fall.

ILLUMINATION OF THE CITY.

INFAMOUS VETO LETTER OF MAYOR GUNTHER

He Vetoes a Resolution to Illuminate the Public Buildings in Honor of our Victories—A Trick to Save the Feelings of Unrejoicing Copperheads.

Mayor's Office, New-York, Sept. 29, 1864.

To the Honorable the Common Council:

Gentlemen: Your resolution of the 26th instant, appointing a "committee of five from each board, for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements to cause the various public buildings to be illuminated, in honor of the recent victories on land and sea," is returned unapproved.

I might acquiesce in your response to an appeal of your fellow-citizens, who might desire to give an expression of their feelings respecting these victories, but I must decline to comply with your request to issue a proclamation to the citizens, generally, to join in such an illumination, for various reasons, which I will briefly state:

1. If I should issue such a proclamation, there are many citizens who would be denounced as disloyal, if through want of opportunity of inclination, or of means, they failed to comply with the recommendation.

2. By those in authority, they are not claimed as Union victories, but as the result of the Emancipation Proclamation, and latest war measure of President Lincoln, as announced in his "to whom it may concern" manifesto.

3. It is asserted that the new policy of the Administration will give us a succession of victories. If this is the case your honorable body will be called upon to illuminate every fortnight, and if the papers in the employ of the Administration, which daily parade "the defeat of the rebels," are to be believed, three times a week.

I yield to no man in my attachment to "the Union as it was, and the Constitution as it is," but as the President demands of the Southern people to abandon the rights which the Constitution confers, I do not see how those, who have always held that the Federal Government has nothing to do with the domestic institutions of the States, can be expected to rejoice over victories which, whatever they may be, surely are not Union victories.

If these victories were to unite the States, and were a sure harbinger of peace, I would be pleased, if I could issue such a proclamation as would induce the poorest citizen to part with his last mite for the purchase of a single tallow candle to celebrate the event.

4. It has been the immortal custom of mankind, in all ages and climes, to abstain from rejoicings over victories gained in civil wars, and such has been the practice thus far during the present strife, which has distracted our once happy Union. The only effect of departing from this usage, sanctioned alike by humanity and sound policy, will be to acknowledge, by such exhibitions, that these are victories over aliens and enemies, and that there is no hope of securing peace on the basis of the Federal Union. This hope, in common with a large portion of our fellow-citizens, I am not prepared to abandon.

You are aware that here is the essential difference between the two parties now contending for political mastery in the Northern States; one of these declares that no terms can be offered "except such as may be based upon an unconditional surrender" of the rights of the States, and the other maintains that "peace may be restored on the basis of the Federal Union."

Taking into consideration that a canvass is now in progress of the most exciting character, I am forced to regard the proposed demonstration as one of a political nature, and, according to the rule which I laid down for my guidance on entering upon the duties of Mayor, I cannot give it my official indorsement.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

Grapes.—The Isabella grapes raised at the Croton Point Vineyard by Dr. Underhill are about as superb an article as can be imagined. They are very large, very delicate, and very luscious, with a peculiar, rich, aromatic flavor and odor. The skin is thin, and has a clear, cleanly appearance; and the grapes hang from the vine in huge clusters, like those of Eschol. The culture of the grape is now attracting great attention in this country, and so also is the making of wine; and certainly the liquor expressed from this Westchester County, grape ought to be of the first quality.

Alarm in Broadway.—Last evening a fire broke out in the 5th story of the old American hotel building, corner of Broadway and Barclay street, opposite the Astor House, caused by the explosion of a gas pipe. Damage very small. It was put out by a private watchman by the name of Callahan. The alarm was given by the blowing out of one of the windows on Barclay street.

Union Mass Meeting.—At the Union mass meeting to be held on Monday evening next at the Hall, corner of Broadway and Forty-seventh-street, the following distinguished speakers will be present: George William Curtis, Esq., Hon. James M. Scovel, and Col. Thomas B. Van Buren.

Arrivals in the City.

Brig.-Gen. Jas. A. Farrell, United States Volunteers; Hon. Chauncy Vibbard, Albany; J. W. Hemphill, United States Navy; H. C. Ayer, Haward, Illinois; and H. W. Chittenden, Buffalo, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Brig.-Gen. Wm. F. Bartlett, United States Volunteers; Ira Murdock, Bridgewater; J. N. DuBarry, Harrisburgh, Pennsylvania; Capt. W. C. Ide, United States Army; and Lewis N. Tappan, Colorado, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Hon. Z. H. Chandler, Norfolk, Virginia; Lieut. Douglass Cassell, United States Army; and J. J. Bailey, Kentucky, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Hon. David Stewart, Long Island; and H. P. Perkins, Lowell, Massachusetts, are at the Everett House.

An Important Discovery.

From the Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

The nineteenth century will be handed down by history as one in which science has made greater progress than any other. Discovery upon discovery has changed almost our entire system of living—so much so that could our forefathers return to earth they would fully realize that a generation. Inventive and progressive, had sprung up in the place of the one to which they belonged. Among them all, medicine has not been behind-hand. Many operations before considered impossible are now performed with success, and diseases considered incurable now yield readily under the hands of the skillful physician. A disease than which there is none more deleterious and insidious, carrying to premature graves hundreds annually, and which has heretofore baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, is Catarrh. Few realize the fatal consequences from neglecting it. Consumption, that terror of terrors, is but the effects of it in its advanced stages. As many may have it in its incipient stage, and not be aware of it, we copy, for their benefit, the following paragraph from a treatise on it by Dr. Rowe, of No. 16 West Fourteenth-street, New-York:

"Catarrh, in its first stages, is an inflammation of the lining of the nose. It produces a feeling of uneasiness, heat and stiffness of the nostrils, which are often closed on one or the other side, caused by the thickness of the membrane from inflammation. Soon a thin, watery discharge commences, excoriating that part of the skin with which it comes in contact. If the disease is not checked then, the discharge soon becomes thick and purulent, of a greenish-yellow color, sometimes tinged with blood, with an odor more or less disagreeable, and sometimes very offensive. The breath of the patient becomes so revoltingly offensive as to isolate him from society, and render him an object of disgust to himself. The discharge frequently drops down the throat, and has to be hawked up in order to obtain relief; the senses of smell and taste become greatly impaired, and sometimes entirely lost, a distressing headache makes its appearance as the frontal sinuses become affected. If the inflammation extends through the Eustachian tubes to the middle ear, the hearing becomes more or less impaired; if it extends down the throat, it gives rise to dyspepsia, bronchitis, and oftentimes to consumption. The experience and investigations of the greatest savans in medical science have established the fact that in fully two thirds of the cases of consumption it commenced by inflammation and ulceration of the air passages. Remember that the best and only cure of consumption is its prevention."

Snuffs have been frequently used, but have proved of no avail. Speaking of their use, Dr. Rowe says:

"Experience has proved to me that snuffs have no beneficial effects whatever on the disease—the only good they do being to clear the nostril when obstructed, which soon becomes filled again. In many cases they have a decided injurious effect, by irritating the membrane, and thereby increasing the inflammation."

Very many imagine that it is a severe cold they are suffering from, and that it will soon go away, so insidious is the disease.

There are many that have it, suffer and despair of being ever cured, yet knowing that it must ultimately bring them to the grave. It being the cause, in many instances, of deafness, besides the fearful inroads it makes on the general health, and the alarming extent to which it prevails, has brought it under the notice of Dr. Rowe, who has devoted much time and attention to it; and succeeded at last in discovering a system under which it yields readily, and is cured.

The case of Miss Day, daughter of Mr. Thomas S. Day, of No. 223 Pearl-street, Brooklyn, is an illustration of this.

This young lady had been afflicted for many years, almost from infancy, with catarrh. Her health had been so impaired by it that all her friends supposed she was in consumption, and that her life would be of short duration. Everything had been tried in vain. Her family physician, who was the last that attended her, said she could not live three months. Fortunately for her she was not yet in consumption, though she had several times raised blood, and seemed to be sinking fast. Under Dr. Rowe's care, however, she has been restored to excellent health, and the disease entirely removed. This should be a lesson to the afflicted not to let it progress so far, for every one may not be so fortunate, when so far gone, as to be restored.—Advertisement.

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price Five Cents. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news, European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the Semi-Weekly Times has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports: items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "Semi-Weekly Record," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

Terms.—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year, $5; five copies one year, $12. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Club rates.

Mammoth Oil Company.—We should judge by the large number of these corporations now being organized, that the petroleum oil business was very prosperous. The discovery of this oil has been worth already millions of dollars to the Government. The shipments abroad are at present perfectly enormous, and are steadily and rapidly increasing. A new company, known as the "President Petroleum Company," is now being organized, with a prospective capital of $5,000,000. We have seen a list of the stockholders, and it embraces some of the strongest names in the City of New-York, including seven Bank Presidents, and other leading men connected with some of the largest institutions in the country. We have no interest in any oil company, but do not hesitate to say that, had we money to invest, we should take some of this stock. It promises to pay large dividends, and can hardly help doing so even with only moderate success. Those of our readers who have money to invest in corporations of this character will find this new company worthy of their attention. See advertisement in our columns.

Dr. Lighthill has returned to the City, and can now be daily consulted at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place, from 10 A. M. till 3 P. M., on Deafness, Catarrh, and all diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Throat.

If You Want to Know, &c., Read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE.
A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price, $1 50. To be had at all news depots. Contents tables mailed free. Address
Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y.

Batcheler's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

New Sewing Machines
To Rent And For Sale.
V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 486 Broadway, cor. Broome-st

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,
For children teething, cures dysentry and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels and cures wind-colic.

Soldiers, to the Rescue!—Young men, rushing into the exposures and dangers of a soldier's life, should prepare themselves for the fatal Fevers, the Dysentery, the Sores and Scurvy, which are almost certain to follow. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, used occasionally during the campaign, will insure sound health to every man. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-store in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

Colorific—A New Hair-Dye.—No Wash, no trouble; one application only; does not crisp or burn the hair like the old dyes; splendid for ladies, colors beautiful brown or black without trouble or entangling the hair. BOSWELL & WARNER'S COLORIFIC; try it; you will use no other. Wholesale depot, 9 Dey-st., N. Y

Artificial Limbs.—B. FRANK PALMER, LL.D., gives the "best" Patent limbs to soldiers—free! 744 B'way, N.Y.; 1609 Chestnut-st., Phila.; 19 Greene-st., Boston. Commissioned by Surgeon-Gen. Barnes, U. S. A.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

For the Hair and Skin—Barry's Tricopherous.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by all druggists.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Corns, Bunions, Nails, Enlarged Joints, all diseases of the feet, cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, No. 760 Broadway.

Marvin's Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Safes for offices and dwellings.
MARVIN & Co., No. 265 Broadway, N. Y.

Lovet's Wahpene, an Indian Vegetable Extract cures Baldness and restores gray hair. Depot, No. 9 Bleecker-st.

Ladies Returning from the Country.—If you wish Boots and Shoes for yourselves and families, buy them at MILLER & CO.'S, No. 387 Canal-st.

Fall Styles of Gents' and Youths' Hats just issued. Prices to suit the times.
BURKE, No. 210 Broadway, corner Fulton-st.

5,000 Gold Fish Wanted by B. Greenwood, at the Aquarium Depot, No. 498 Broadway.

Second-hand Safes for Sale Cheap for Cash, at No. 160 Maiden-lane.

MARRIED.

Adriance—Holmes.—On Thursday morning, Sept. 29, by Rev. M. D. C. Crawford, Thomas B. Adriance and Mary E. Holmes, all of this City.

Ditmas—Stryker.—On Wednesday, Sept. 28, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, by Rev. Dr. Littlejohn, Henry Ditmas, of Flatbush, and Sarah M., youngest daughter of the late Michael Stryker, of Flatbush.

Robeson—Martin.—At St. Paul's Church, Rahway, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 28, by Rev. R. M. Abercrombie, D. S. Robeson and Miss Jennie C., daughter of the late M. M. Martin, Esq., all of Rahway.

Veitch—Codington.—In this City, on Thursday, Sept. 29, by Rev. John W. Lindsay, Wm. H. Veitch and Mary E., only daughter of George F. Codington, all of this City.

Willis—Hicks.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 27, by Rev. Orlando L. Kirtland, William J. Willis, of New-York, and Sarah C., only daughter of Thomas E. Hicks, Esq., of the former place.

DIED.

Byers.—On Thursday, Sept. 29, Mr. John Byers, aged 83 years, late of Armagh, Ireland.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 170 West 26th-st., on Saturday, Oct. 1, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Bull.—At Governeur, St. Lawrence County, on Monday, Sept. 26, after a short and severe illness, Thomas F. Bull, of this City, in the 39th year of his age.

Gillet.—On Wednesday, Sept. 28, Louis Warrington Gillet, aged 23 years, eldest son of the late L. Warrington Gillet.

His friends, and the friends of the family, are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 50 West 17th-st., at 9 o'clock on Friday morning.

Hall.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Sept. 29, Holmes Baynard Hall, in the 33d year of his age.

The funeral services will take place at 10½ A. M. on Saturday, Oct. 1, at the Church of Rev. Mr. Thrall, Adelphi-st., Brooklyn.

Haight.—On Saturday, Sept. 24, at Fort Schuyler Hospital, of disease contracted in the army, Teunis Birch Haight, of Company K, Eleventh Regiment N. J. Vols., aged 45 years.

The relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral, from Trinity Episcopal Church, corner of Grove and Montgomery sts., Jersey City, this day, (Friday,) Sept. 30, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Lockwood.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday morning, Sept. 29, Willie Calvin, son of F. F. and Caroline R. Lockwood, in the 4th year of his age.

The funeral will take place this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 66 Joralemon-st. His remains will be taken to Troy for interment. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Lent.—On Wednesday, Sept. 28, Virginia Munro, wife of Elam L. Lent, and daughter of Charles Oakley, in the 28th year of her age.

Friends are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her brother-in-law, No. 75 Bedford-st., on Saturday, at 11 o'clock A. M.

☞ Peekskill and Sing Sing papers please copy.

Monson.—On Tuesday, Sept. 27, Charles Monson, a member of the Senior Class of the General Theological Seminary, aged 23 years.

The friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 1 Hudson-place, West 34th-st., near 9th-av., this day, (Friday,) at 1 o'clock, to Greenwood Cemetery.

Maires.—On Thursday, Sept. 29, Frances Ida Brady, only daughter of Lewis W. and Sarah J. Maires, aged 5 years, 8 months and 19 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 20 St. Mark's-place, on Sunday, Oct. 2, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Milledoler.—In Brooklyn, L. I., on Wednesday, Sept. 28, after a lingering illness, William S. Milledoler, aged 38 years.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Classon-av., near Gates-av., on Saturday next, at 12 o'clock.

Miller.—Of pleuro-pneumonia, Maria Rebecca, only daughter of Geo. S. and the late Maria L. Miller, aged 10 months and 29 days.

Funeral in Saturday's paper.

Rose.—On Wednesday, Sept. 28, after a short illness, Susan, wife of Peter H. Rose, in the 56th year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, Locust-av., Cypress Hills, L. I., on Saturday, Oct. 1, at 3 o'clock.

Scofield.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Sept. 27, Samuel W. Scofield, aged 28 years, 5 months and 18 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, and of his brother William, also of his uncles, Harry Vandewater and Albert R. Scofield, the members of Keystone Lodge, F. & A. M., No. 235, the members of the Fourth Precinct Police, and members of Manhattan Engine Company No. 8, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his uncle, Harry Vandewater, corner of Ludlow and Grand sts., on Friday afternoon, at 2 P. M. The remains will be taken to Cypress Hills for interment.

Wight.—On Wednesday, Sept. 28, Julia Ross, youngest daughter of John W. and Mary B. Wight, from injuries received on board the Williamsburgh ferry-boat *Minnesota*, aged 3 years, 2 months and 19 days.

The friends and relatives of the family, as also of her uncles, S. B. P. and A. Foster Higgins, are invited to attend her funeral, from No. 24 South 8th-st., corner of 2d-st., Williamsburgh, at 3 P. M. this day, (Friday,) the 30th inst., without further notice.

Williams.—On Wednesday, Sept. 28, Mary B., infant daughter of John S. and Mary M. Williams.

Funeral services at the house of the parents, No. 53 West 34th-st., this (Friday) afternoon, at 2½ o'clock.

Wilkinson.—In Springfield, Vt., on Wednesday, Sept. 27, Mary Elizabeth, wife of Frederick Wilkinson, in the 36th year of her age.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes payable three years from Aug. 15, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold-bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars, or some multiple of fifty dollars.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

It is a National Savings Bank, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in United States notes considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in Government securities or in notes or bonds payable in Government paper.

CONVERTIBLE INTO A SIX PER CENT. 5-20 GOLD BOND.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. Stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

ITS EXEMPTION FROM STATE OR MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation.* On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the Government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States. Up to the 24th of September, the subscriptions to this loan amounted to over

$40,000,000.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED

BY THE

ASSISTANT TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES, corner of Wall and Nassau sts.

First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.
Second National Bank of New-York, 23d-st. and Broadway.
Third National Bank of New-York, No. 5 Nassau-st.
Fourth National Bank of New-York, 27 and 29 Pine-st.
Fifth National Bank of New-York, No. 338 3d-av.
Sixth National Bank of New-York, 6th-av. and Broadway.
Eighth National Bank of New-York, No. 650 Broadway.
Ninth National Bank of New-York, No. 363 Broadway.
Tenth National Bank of New-York, No. 240 Broadway
Central National Bank of New-York, No. 71 Duane-st.
National Exchange Bank of New-York, No. 184 Greenwich-st.

And by all National Banks, which are depositaries of public money,

AND ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will give further information and AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

BAGS FOR BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.
We are now having made, especially for the Buckwheat trade, paper bags to hold 10 pounds, 12½ pounds and 25 pounds. The best Buckwheat bag ever offered. Sold wholesale and retail, and neatly printed to order, at the Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory, No. 25 Pearl-st., corner of Whitehall.
B. E. CLARK & CO.

PAPER-BAG EMPORIUM.
The celebrated PATENT MACHINE PAPER BAGS, of all kinds and sizes, are now offered at wholesale and retail, plain or printed, at the Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory, No. 25 Pearl-st., corner of Whitehall.
B. E. CLARK & CO.

SEAL RINGS FOR GENTLEMEN—FINE GOLD—NEW STYLES—EIGHT, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN, TWENTY-FIVE, to ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS each—for sale by
G. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

LADIES' BREASTPINS—NEW STYLES.
Two, three, five, eight, ten to thirty-five dollars each, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

POLITICAL.

CENTRAL LINCOLN AND JOHNSON CAMPAIGN CLUB.

A meeting of the Club will be held at Headquarters, corner of BROADWAY and TWENTY-THIRD-ST., on FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 30, at 8 o'clock.

The following gentlemen will address the Club:

Hon. ABRAM WAKEMAN,
Hon. GEORGE H. DE CAMP, of Penn.
JUDGE C. B. SABIN,
an eloquent refugee from Texas,
Col. JAMES FAIRMAN, and
DANIEL McFARLAND, Esq.

Singing by the GLEE CLUB, and solos by Mr. SOLOMON.

The public are invited to attend.

CHARLES S. SPENCER,
President.

Allen Cooper,
H. G. Carter,
Secretaries.

NINETEENTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Nineteenth Ward Union Association will be held at Headquarters, Dingledein's, 3d-av., between 59th and 60th sts., on FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 30, 1864, at 7½ o'clock.

Addresses will be delivered by
M. L. TOWNSEND, Esq.,
HENRY S. SMITH, Esq.,
and others.
WM. H. DE CAMP, President.

Allan Cooper,
Nelson Yelverton, } Secretaries.

AT A MEETING OF THE WAR DEMOCRACY, held at the Everett House, Thursday evening, Sept. 29, the Hon. Aaron Vanderpoel was called to the Chair, and Mr. Stephen Hyatt appointed Secretary. Mr. A. A. Valentine stated the object of the meeting to be the nomination of a War Democrat for Member of Congress of the Eighth Congressional District, and moved that the nomination be tendered to Mr. Robert B. Roosevelt. This was unanimously carried, and a Committee appointed to obtain his acceptance.

A. VANDERPOEL, Chairman.
Stephen Hyatt, Secretary.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

TO THE TRADE.
FORTY VARIETIES OF
CAMPAIGN
BADGES, MEDALS AND PINS.
SEND TO HEADQUARTERS
If you want to get choice goods that will sell at manufacturer's price; descriptive catalogues with terms to the trade. Send on applications. Address
S. W. HITCHCOCK.
Campaign Headquarters, No. 14 Chambers-st. N. Y.

THREE NEW BOOKS NEXT WEEK.

NEARER AND DEARER.—A charming and amusing Love Story, by the author of that splendid college book "*Verdant Green*." It is filled with comic illustrations, and will be found exceedingly interesting and attractive 12mo., cloth, tinted paper. $1 50.

THE SUPPRESSED BOOK ABOUT SLAVERY.—A book written and stereotyped in 1857, but not published until the present time, for reasons which the reader will readily understand. 12mo., cloth. $2.00

THE WINTHROPS.—A new American novel. 12mo., cloth. $1.75.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE ALABAMA AND SUMTER.—A vivid and picturesque history of the entire career of these two famous Confederate vessels. Reprinted from the London edition of the private journals, etc., of Captain Semmes and his officers. Two vols. in one. 12mo. cloth. $3 00.

DOWN IN TENNESSEE.—The new book by the author of "Among the Pines," that is the sensation book of the day, and the book that is selling by the thousand. 12mo. cloth, tinted paper, $1 50.

VICTOIRE.—A new novel—vigorous and fresh. 12mo. cloth, tinted paper, $1 75.

CENTEOLA. An entirely new work, by the author of "Green Mountain Boys." 12mo, cloth, $1 50.

JOHN GUILDERSTRING'S SIN. An intense and passionate love-story, in the "Jane Eyre" style. 12mo, cloth, tinted paper, $1 50.

QUEST. A new and promising author is developed in this charming work of fiction. 12mo. cloth, tinted paper, $1 50.

⁂ These books are sold everywhere, and will be sent by mail free, on receipt of price, by
CARLETON, Publisher, New-York.

ARE THEY GREAT MEN?—PRESIDENT Lincoln's Portrait, Phrenology and Biography. Hon. Mr. Fessenden and the three new Bishops, Thompson, Clark and Kingsley. Physiognomy of the Horse, Lion, Gorilla, Wolf, Sheep, Eagle, etc.; Michael Angelo; Our Teeth, with "Signs of Character." Stammering, its cause and cure. Railroad Men. Soul and Spirit. Marrying Cousins, etc., in October No. Phrenological Journal and Life Illustrated. Newsmen have it. By first post, 20 cents. Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, N. Y. See the new Phrenological Bust, with exact location of the organs of the Brain, just issued. Examinations day and evening.

PRICES REDUCED.
DEVLIN & CO.
have reduced their prices upon the whole of their
SUPERB STOCK OF
OVERCOATS,
DRESS, FROCK AND WALKING COATS,
PANTALOONS, VESTS, &c.,
AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
to the basis of a GOLD VALUE.
Dealers may rely upon the best articles at the lowest prices at either store.
BROADWAY, CORNER GRAND-ST.,
BROADWAY, CORNER WARREN-ST.

WONDERFUL RESULTS FROM THE USE OF
CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR,
approved and used by prominent *Physicians and Chemists.* Ladies and gentlemen of the highest standing bear witness of its virtues. *It restores gray or faded hair to its original color*, stops its falling out, prevents dandruff, irritation or itching, and keeps the head clean, cool and healthy; will not stain the skin or soil the whitest fabric; keeps the hair soft and glossy, and causes it to remain in any desired position. No other dressing is required. Sold at the drug stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, where advice as to the treatment of the hair will be gratuitously given. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen, in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory 440 West-st.

MENDUM'S NEW AND POPULAR
SAMPLE ROOM, NO. 75 CHAMBERS-ST.,
One door west of Delmonico's Hotel, first floor.

CABINET FURNITURE.
In consequence of the fall in gold we offer our Stock at greatly reduced prices, consisting of parlor, library, dining, reception and bedroom sets, made of the best selected material and in the latest fashionable styles, under the direct superintendence of Mr. J. E. Braunsdorf. All goods warranted.
WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
between Essex and Norfolk sts., No. 125 and 227 Rivington-st.
The Belt Railroad and Cortlandt-st. stages pass within two blocks of the store.

SLEEVE BUTTONS—NEW STYLES,
Two, Three, Four, Five, Seven, Eight, to Twenty-five Dollars a set. For sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

SEAL RINGS FOR GENTLEMEN,
Fine gold, new styles. Six, Eight, Ten, Twelve, Fifteen, Twenty-five to One Hundred and Fifty Dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent via Queenstown and Liverpool per steamer "CITY OF LONDON," and for the German States via Hamburg, per steamer "BORUSSIA," will close at this office on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and at the up-town stations as follows: Stations A and B, 10, A. M.; stations C and D, 9¾, A. M.; stations E and F, 9¼, A. M.; G, 9, A. M.
ABRAM WAKEMAN, Postmaster.

THERE IS NOTHING BETTER FOR Pain or Weakness in the Back, Breast, Side, Rheumatism, Asthma, and for diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Kidneys, than KNAPP'S Indian Strengthening Plasters. General depot, No. 382 Hudson-st. Sold by all druggists.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—SEVENTY-five per cent. premium paid for prizes. Information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

GILT COMBS—NEW STYLES, JUST RECEIVED—Two, three, four, five, to twenty dollars each. For sale by GEORGE C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

HOYT'S HIAWATHA WILL RESTORE gray hair to its original color, which no other restorative will do. No. 10 University-place, New-York.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE,
CURED.
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.
And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
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BROADWAY.

No. 816
BROADWAY.
OPINIONS OF THE NEW-YORK PRESS
From the Journal of Commerce.

CATARRH CURED.

THE CASE OF HUTCHINGS, THE "LIGHTNING CALCULATOR."

There was published in these columns a few days since the remarkable cure of Hutchings, the "Lightning Calculator," so well known to the public during the many years he exhibited his wonderful arithmetical powers at Barnum's Museum, by the celebrated Oculist and Aurist, Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Hutchings is represented to have been at the point of death, and but for the timely interference of the Doctor, would now be resting in his grave. This is a remarkable case, and worthy of the attention of persons similarly afflicted.

We think it is but just to Doctor Von Eisenberg to call public attention to this case. There are hundreds in the community suffering from catarrh, who, like the "Lightning Calculator," if not actually praying for death, are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distresses. To such we would say, trifle not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to assure his patients whether it is within his power to make them whole or not.

DEAFNESS CURED.

From the Tribune.

EARS TO THE DEAF.

Every man, and especially every woman, believes in his or her physician. There are philosophical minds which hold to an abstract faith in Allopathy, or Homeopathy, or Hydropathy, or some other form of scientific cure; but with the world at large the belief is not in the system, but in the doctor. Especially is this true as regards aurists and oculists. The patient who has recovered his sight or his hearing is sure that the blessing could have been restored to him by no other practitioner than that particular one by whom his eyes or ears were opened. Dr. Von Eisenberg is among our best-known aurists. He has not lent us ears as a brother practitioner has eyes, and in whose skill, therefore, we believe above all others. But we hear of him from those who esteem him not merely as a surgeon, but as a benefactor. A recent case has been related to us, for the truthfulness of which we can vouch, though we can name no names. The patient was a lady who had been deaf from infancy, as a consequence of some of the ailments to which children are liable. Latterly the disease had taken an acute form, and the patient was subject to intense suffering. The deafness was rapidly becoming complete, and the general health breaking down under the physical exhaustion attendant upon constant pain. Ordinary remedies and ordinary advice were useless, and Dr. Von Eisenberg was called in. We need not repeat his diagnosis, for that would be only a list of hard names to the general reader. But he detected at sight the seat of disease, first in one portion of the organism, then in another, and with manipulation as skillful as his insight was accurate, he removed the causes, and she who, from infancy, had heard with difficulty, and latterly hardly at all, was restored first to perfect hearing and then to perfect health. Dr. Von Eisenberg's advertisement reminds us of this case, which we thus briefly relate, though not at his solicitation. Let him that hath not ears, hear.

From the Christian Times.

SIGHT RESTORED.

CONCERNING EYES AND OCULISTS.

Of the five senses, that which we call seeing is the most important and most valued. In proportion as this sense fails us, we are reduced to helplessness. If entirely destitute of sight, how slow would be our progress in knowledge, and how limited our sphere of action and usefulness. Endowed with it, the universe becomes a new creation, clothed with beauty and diversified by that infinite variety which never fails to attract the mind and heart.

For several months past this has been a practical subject to us. An inflamed condition of the eyelids communicating itself to the pupil, rendered the discharge of daily duties not only painful, but dangerous. Attributing it to the effect of a cold, we endured it through the Spring, with the hope that with the return of warm weather it would entirely disappear. But in this we were doomed to disappointment. Summer returned, but not our wonted sight. What might have been the result, either of further neglect or of incompetent treatment, we cannot say.

Stating our case to a friend, he assured us that a similar one in his own family had recently been treated with entire success by Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Satisfying ourselves by more particular inquiries that the doctor is no empiric, but a scientific oculist and aurist, we concluded to seek the benefits of his treatment, which we have now reason to acknowledge is very great. Though but a few weeks under his care, the appearance of our eyes has totally changed. The pupil is now full and clear, and the lids are entirely free from inflammation. The doctor says that the optic nerve has been weakened and the retina assumed a chronic, inflammatory state, affecting more or less all the other tissues, and threatening, if neglected, to end in Amaurosis. Opthalmitis, is the term we believe, which oculists apply to eyes affected as were ours. Having obtained the much desired relief, we take great pleasure in acknowledging our indebtedness to the talent of Dr. Von Eisenberg, and of calling to it the attention of others who may be suffering from a similar or even worse condition of their eyes. It is said that Providence provides an antidote for every bane. It is certain that the eye is, in these times, subject to severer trials than formerly. Let us be thankful, then, that as we increase the tendencies which destroy the organ of vision, the progress of science keeps pace with these tendencies, if not in advance of them.

OFFICE NO. 816 BROADWAY.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
Nos. 327 and 329 4th-av.,
REV. GEORGE W. BACON, A.M., LL.B., Principal.

The rooms have been much enlarged and refitted, and a Gymnasium has been added. The modern languages, Drawing, &c., are taught without extra charge. There are three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory.

THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL,

For Young Gentlemen, Nos. 55, 57, 59, and 61 West 33d-st., Ebbitt Hall, between 5th-av. and Broadway, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 14. The Scientific and Classical Departments are under the charge of
Mr. P. M. W. REDFIELD.
The Department of Modern Languages under that of
Mr. A. BERNARD.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'

French and English boarding and day school, No. 56 West 11th-st., will reopen Sept. 22.

THE GARDNER INSTITUTE.—ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School, No. 16 East 38th-st., will reopen Sept. 20.
DR. and MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MISS BRACE'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies, Nos. 38 and 40 Elm-st., New-Haven, Conn., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15, 1864.

NEW-YORK COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.

The Thirty-fifth annual courses of Lectures on Chemistry, and on Materia Medica, Pharmacy and Botany, will commence October 10, at 7½ P. M., and be continued on every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, during the Winter, at the lecture-room, in the University Building, Washington-square. Pharmaceutists, Professional men, and others who wish to attend may apply to
P. W. BEDFORD,
No. 745 6th-av., near 44th-st.
THOMAS T. GREENE, Treasurer,
Broadway and 14th-st.

LABORATORY INSTRUCTION.

Prof. F. F. Mayer receives for instruction in Analytical and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Pharmacentists, and other students.
New-York College of Pharmacy, University Buildings, Washington-square.

M. W. LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

No. 926 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., now open, receives youth of all ages, and prepares them for college or business. For the past two years no pupil has been permanently transferred to any other city school. Several names of last year's patrons follow as references:

H. M. Alexander,
John Auchincloss,
John S. Boyd,
Wm. A. Butler,
B. F. Butler,
A. W. Canfield,
J. M. Cooper,
J. P. Crosby,
K. Couillard,
Henry Day,
Geo. De Forest,
Edmund Dwight,
Alex. Knox,
C. E. Knox,
Thos. Lebouttillier,
Jas. L. Phipps,
D. S. Schanck,
Robt. Schell,
W. L. Skidmore,
C. A. Smith,
C. N. Talbot,
A. H. Trowbridge,
H. C. Van Vorst,
J. C. Work.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
GOSHEN, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.
Mrs. M. L. READ, Miss M. E. BROWN, Miss M. L. McCLUER.

The School year will begin on MONDAY, Aug. 29. The location is unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty. REFERENCES—Right Rev. Horatio Potter, D. D., Rev. Robert S. Howland, D. D., Hon. Chas. P. Daly, Duncan McDougall, Esq., New-York; Capt. J. J. Comstock, Jersey City; Ashbel Welsh, Esq., Lambertville, N. J.; Dr. H. B. Tebbetts, Lake Providence, La.

MRS. LEVERETT'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
No. 32 West 18th-st.,

Will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 20. Applications may be made to Mrs. L., personally or by letter, at the above address.

MRS. Z. R. PLUMB'S
ACADEMY OF PHYSICAL CULTURE,
No. 59 West 14th-st.,

will open for classes in Light and Vocal Gymnastics, on the 3d of October. Ladies' Classes, 10½ A. M.; Misses' and Masters', 3½ P. M.; Ladies and Gentlemen, 7½ P. M. For terms, apply at the Academy.

MISS COMSTOCK

will continue to receive a LIMITED NUMBER of pupils at her residence,
No. 7 East 27th-st.
Classes reopen Sept. 20.

MRS. FITZ HENRI

Respectfully announces to her friends and the public, that she has opened a select English and French Boarding and Day School, for young ladies and children, at No. 40 Irving-place, near Gramercy-park, and one block from Union-square.

MILITARY INSTRUCTION OF THE NEW-YORK CADETS.

Will begin the middle of October. The drills of the senior and junior classes will be kept strictly separated; the particulars hereafter. HLASKO.

JOHN B. MOORE'S

MATHEMATICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH (limited) SCHOOL, No. 922 Broadway, reopens MONDAY, 26th inst.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.

For circulars apply to W. H. ARTHUR & CO., No. 39 Nassau-st., or to BENJAMIN MASON, Principal, Yonkers, N. Y.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—THIS INSTITUTION will be open for the regular annual session of 1864-65, on MONDAY, the 3d day of October next, at 11½ o'clock A. M., on which day the inaugural address of the President will be delivered. Students are requested to appear in their gowns. The business of the session will commence on Tuesday, Oct. 4, at 10 o'clock A. M., when the student will attend for matriculation. Candidates for admission will be examined on Friday, Sept. 30, and Saturday, Oct. 1, on application at the College, at or after 10 A. M. Students having conditions to fulfill will also present themselves on those days. F. A. P. BARNARD, LL. D., President Columbia College.

FEMALE COLLEGE, BORDENTOWN, N. J.—This institution is pleasantly located on the Delaware River, about sixty miles by railroad from New-York, and thirty from Philadelphia. Thorough instruction is given in common and higher branches of English, and superior advantages are furnished in the ancient and modern languages, drawing, painting in all its branches, vocal and instrumental music. For catalogues, address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, A. M., President.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED WILL OPEN her French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies, at No. 11 West 38th-st., on the 24th inst. References: Bishop and Mrs. Potter, Rev. Dr. Sprague, Hon. M. and Mrs. Fillmore, Gen. and Mrs. Dix, Hon. W. H. Seward, Hon. Ira Harris, Rev. Dr. Dix, Rev. Dr. Morgan, Hon. Erastus Corning, Hon. A. J. Parker, Prof. and Mrs. Botta, Messrs. Edwin Hoyt, J. H. Swift, E. V. Delancey, George W. Hatch, Gen. J. T. Sprague, Gen. S. V. Talcott.

COLLEGIATE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE, No. 18 Cooper Union, New-York.—Students received at any time. Naval, civil and mechanical engineering given. Open day and evening. Prof. Scheinert will resume his classes in ancient and modern languages and fencing in the above institution, Tuesday, Sept. 20. For circulars call or address
Prof. J. G. FOX, A. M., Principal.

REV. J. H. TYNG WOULD APPRISE parents that he has taken a pleasant and convenient room, corner Broadway and 21st-st., where he will be glad to receive a small number of lads, to whose thorough instruction in all the usual branches of classical and English study his whole time and endeavors will be devoted. The modern languages will also receive their full proportion of attention. Inquiry is invited at 923 Broadway.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS—ESSEX, Conn.—M. A. CUMMINGS, A. M., Principal. Winter session will commence Nov. 2, to continue five months. Board and tuition, $120 for the session. Circulars at Sheldon & Co.'s, No. 335 Broadway. Mr. Cummings will call on any person wishing to patronize such a school, who will address a line to him in New-York, in care of Sheldon & Co., No. 335 Broadway.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE—AFFORDS the very best advantages for a classical, scientific, commercial and musical education. French Conversation and Lewis' Gymnastics for Ladies, and Military Drill for Gents, daily, without extra charge. A new Gymnasium, costing $6,000. Fifteen instructors. Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

MRS. J. W. BLIGH'S ENGLISH AND French School for 30 young ladies, No. 48 West 17th-st., will reopen September 26; Mrs. Bligh will be in New-York on the 15th of September, until which date letters addressed as above, or to Box No. 695, Newport, R. I., will have prompt attention.

MISS KENNEDY'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH School for a limited number of Young Ladies and Children, No. 12 Union-square, reopens Sept. 12.
MISS KENNEDY is prepared to receive six young ladies as boarding pupils, who will be under her own personal supervision, and enjoy unusual facilities for acquiring a thorough, practical knowledge of the French language.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French and English School, No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 5. Circulars at Christern's, No. 763, Crowen's, No. 843, Corwin's, No. 900, and Mitchell & Seixas', No. 959 Broadway.

THE CLASSICAL, FRENCH, ENGLISH and Primary School of Dr. F. BERTHET and B. BRAMAN, No. 920 Broadway, will reopen Sept. 19. There is a Gymnasium. For circulars, inquire of LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

MISS F. B. PRIEST WILL REOPEN her school on MONDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 203 (old No. 77) East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square.

A HOME FOR SIX BOYS, WITH INSTRUCTION for College or business. Rev. J. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

THE MISSES SMITH WILL REOPEN THEIR School for Young Ladies, on TUESDAY, Sept. 20, at their residence, No. 42 West 19th-st.

BERKSHIRE FAMILY SCHOOL—STOCKbridge, Berkshire County, Mass. Fall term begins Monday, Oct. 3, 1864. HOFFMAN & HUNTER.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND French School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 236 West 20th-st., is now open.

THE MISSES GREEN WILL REOPEN their school on TUESDAY, Sept. 20, at No. 1 5th-av., first door from Washington-square.

BOY'S BOARDING SCHOOL, ESSEX, CONN.—M. A. CUMMINGS, Principal. Terms, $250. Circulars at SHELDON & CO.'S, 335 Broadway.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE

For young gentlemen, will reopen Sept. 20, Nos. 48 and 50 East 24th-st. Boarding and day school. A primary department. Pupils prepared for College, business, West Point and the Navy School. The prospectus of the school contains the names of the pupils and those of their parents for the past nine years.
Prof. ELLE CHARLIER, Director.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., on Washington-square,
GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

Opened its Twenty-second Academic Year, Sept. 12. It fits students of all ages for business, West Point, or any American College; has four departments and twelve assistant professors.

Catalogue of terms, references, &c., to be had at the Institute, which is easily accessible from all parts of New-York, neighboring cities and villas. The Square furnishes safe and delightful recreation for the pupils. The following have sons at the school:

Rev. S. M. Isaacs,
Hon. W. R. Beebee,
Hon. Wm. H. Mansfield,
Dr. S. T. Hubbard,
Dr. S. D. Brooks,
Messrs. A. R. Wetmore,
Robert Bonner,
H. R. Dunham,
E. K. Collins, Jr.,
F. P. Sage,
Hon. F. A. Conkling,
Hon. L. L. Lombard,
Gen. John P. Hatch, U.S.A.,
Dr. A. P. Dalrymple, U.S.A.,
N. Quackenbos, Esq.,
George F. Nesbitt,
John Aitken,
Charles Bliven,
J. C. Withington,
Gardner A. Sage,
and one hundred other well known citizens.

PACKER COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, L. I.
A. CRITTENDEN, A. M., Principal.

The twentieth annual session will commence on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 14.

This institution offers to young ladies unusual advantages for a complete and thorough education, both in the solid and ornamental branches.

Young ladies from abroad will find ample accommodations and a genuine home in the family of Prof. Eaton, adjoining the institution.

For circulars, giving full particulars, address A. CRITTENDEN or Prof. D. G. EATON.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,
No. 71 West 14th-st., corner 6th-av.,

Now in its forty-fifth year, reopens on MONDAY, Sept. 12, with every advantage for the education of youth in both the elementary and higher branches, in ancient and modern languages, book-keeping, and all the departments of a complete school course. Pupils are received at all ages and thoroughly prepared for college or business.

Reference is made to the Faculties of Columbia College and New-York University. Also, to the following gentlemen, whose sons have attended the school: Rev. Drs. Beach, Spencer, Hatfield, Dowling, Phillips, Isaacs, Imbrie, (of Jersey City,) Hornblower, (of Patterson,) Rev. E. E. Rankin, (of Newark,) Rev. I. D. Vermilye, Hon. W. F. Havemeyer, William H. Webb, Esq., and many others whose names and commendatory letters will be found in the circular.
G. P. QUACKENBOS, Rector.

MRS. MACAULAY'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY-SCHOOL,
No. 253 Madison-av.

Will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.
For circulars of further particulars, please apply as above.

MAPLE HALL
FEMALE SEMINARY,
Jamaica, L. I.
P. A. ANDREU.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHONS'
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL AND GYMNASIUM,
No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Open Sept. 12.

MR. ROBERT GOLDBECK'S CLASSES FOR THE THEORY OF MUSIC.

Mr. GOLDBECK'S class pupils are requested to assemble at the rooms of Messrs. Steinway & Sons, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., on MONDAY, Oct. 3, at 3 P. M. New applicants can see Mr. GOLDBECK at the above rooms on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, from 3 to 5 P. M., or on MONDAY, Oct. 3, from 2 to 3 P. M. Circulars can be obtained at the music-stores.
N. B.—Mr. G. has resumed instruction on the piano.

TOGHCONIC INSTITUTE, LANESBOROUGH, Berkshire County, Mass.—ALBERT TOLMAN, Principal. The Nineteenth Semi-Annual Session of this select family school for boys will commence on Thursday, Nov. 3. The Principal will be at the house of E. L. Childs, Dentist, No. 290 Court-st., cor. of President, Brooklyn, until Monday, Oct. 3. He invites the most thorough examination of his claims to public confidence. New-York References (patrons in italics)—Andrew Stewart, Esq., No. 169 Broadway; *S. Ott*, No. 748 Broadway; *G. W. Edwards*, No. 26 Cedar-st.; *E. C. Chapin*, No. 197 Fulton-st.; *Milton St. John*, No. 20 Exchange-place; *E. E. Kellogg*, No. 139 Pearl-st.

BEDFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE—BEDford, Westchester Co., N. Y.—A family Boarding-school, under charge of Mr. and Mrs. BOLTON, will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21. Terms, for board and tuition, $60 per quarter. Circulars obtained of J. H. Fonda, No. 38 Wall-st.; James M. Bates, No. 165 Broadway; James M. Rankin, No. 172 Broadway, corner Maiden-lane, or address the Principal.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., commences its forty-seventh semi-annual session Oct. 6, 1864, with important improvements in its buildings, added to the great beauty of its location and the well-known excellence of its permanent corps of instructors. For circulars, address Rev. C. V. SPEAR, the Principal.

WM. H. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL, French and English School, No. 1,214 Broadway, one door below 30th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 12. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Segee's, No. 826 Broadway; at the school, and 224 10th-st.

GREYLOCK INSTITUTE—SOUTH WILLIAMSTOWN, BERKSHIRE CO., MASS.—A select family school for boys. The Forty-eighth Semi-annual Session will commence Nov. 2. Twenty-five pupils. For circulars, address the Principal, BENJ. F. MILLS, A.M.

LAW SCHOOL OF NEW-YORK UNIVERSITY.—This school has been reorganized and will open on MONDAY, Oct. 3, 1864, at the University Building. For circulars, &c., application may be made at the University, or by letter to JOHN NORTON POMEROY, Dean of the Law Faculty.

THE MISSES DE BRUYN KOPS, WHOSE method of teaching French has proved very successful, in securing to their pupils the practical use of the language, in a comparatively short time, are ready to form classes for ladies as well as for misses, at their residence, 74 West 46th-st., or at the homes of their pupils.

MISS S. J. RUSSEL'S SCHOOL AND Kindergarten, No. 1,248 Broadway, will reopen Sept. 22. Letters directed to the school will be promptly attended to. Those desirous to enter scholars may find Miss RUSSEL at the school, from 10 A. M. to 12 M., after the 18th of September.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The fifty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Tuesday, Nov. 1. For circulars, apply to the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, M. A.

KINDERGARTEN.—A PRIVATE SCHOOL for children, on the Kindergarten plan, will reopen Sept. 14, at No. 10 West 37th-st. Number limited. For particulars, please address Miss E. M. COE, as above.

MRS. G. ANTHON CALLENDER'S French and English Boarding and Day School, No. 32 East 21st-st., will reopen on the 21st day of September.

MISS PORTER WILL REOPEN HER School at No. 417 4th-av., on MONDAY, Oct. 3. Forming classes for young ladies and children, taking a limited number.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S BOARDING and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, at No. 3 West 37th-st., second door from the 5th-av., will reopen Sept. 15.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The Fall and Winter term will commence on the first MONDAY in October. For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. T. LOCKWOOD.

EAGLESWOOD MILITARY ACADEMY, Perth Amboy, N. J. JARED REID, Jr., A. M., Principal. Fall term begins Sept. 14. MARCUS SPRING, Proprietor, No. 1 Park-place, New-York.

MRS. TUFFS' FRENCH AND ENGLISH boarding and day school, in West 48th-st., near Central Park, will be reopened Sept. 20. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway, and Segee's, No. 826.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School for young Ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., will reopen on Sept. 22. The Principal will be at home during the Summer.

MISS SCHENKBERG'S FRENCH AND English School for Young Ladies will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 65 West 21st-st.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—White Plains, N. Y.
O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

MISS BALLOW'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Young Ladies, No. 24 East 22d-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REOPEN their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

MISS FRASER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG ladies, 50th-st., first house west of 6th-av., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 15.

UNION HALL, JAMAICA, L. I.—MISS STEVENS, PRINCIPAL.—The forty-sixth year of this Seminary will commence on TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

R. F. JENKS' SCHOOL WILL REOPEN at No. 1,182 Broadway, three doors above 28th-st. on MONDAY, Sept. 12.

MRS. WILLIAMES, ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School, No. 26 West 39th street, will reopen, Sept. 21.

THE MISSES AUBERT'S FRENCH AND English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 148 East 13th-st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

J. H. PATTON'S SCHOOL WILL REOPEN on MONDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 1,149 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts.

AARON RAND'S SCHOOL, NO. 11 WEST 27th-st., will open on MONDAY, Sept. 12

WEDDING CARDS.

French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St.
For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

SHOW CASES AT LOW PRICES.—SILVER-plated, white metal, black walnut, &c. All kinds in stock. Old show cases taken in exchange.
HOFFMAN & FRESH, No. 25 Chatham-st.

INSTRUCTION.

COOPER UNION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE AND ART.—FREE READING-ROOM, FREE GALLERY OF ART, FREE SCHOOL OF ART FOR WOMEN, FREE NIGHT SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND ART, AND ORPHEON FREE CHORISTER CLASS.

The Trustees of the Cooper Union announce that the SIXTH ANNUAL SESSION will begin on MONDAY, the 3d day of October next.

1. The READING ROOM and FREE GALLERY OF ART are open to the public without any restriction whatever; the former from 8 A. M. till 10 P. M., and the latter from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

2. Applications for admission to the FREE SCHOOL OF ART FOR WOMEN may be made at the office daily from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M., and at the School, on and after October 3d, from 9 till 1.

Circulars containing all information necessary for applicants can be obtained of the clerk.

Applications for admission to the FREE NIGHT SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND ART will be received by the clerk until October 1st, daily, from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.; and on WEDNESDAY, 28th inst.; THURSDAY, 29th; FRIDAY, 30th, and SATURDAY, October 1st, from 7 till 9 P. M. The course of studies for the term, which will commence on Tuesday, Oct. 4th, at 7½ P. M., and end on Friday, March 31st, 1865, is as follows:

1. Algebra.
2. Geometry.
3. Logarithms and Plane and Spherical Trigonometry.
4. Analytical and Descriptive Geometry.
5. Defferential and Integral Calculus.
6. Mechanics.
7. Natural Philosophy.
8. Elementary Chemistry and Chemistry Applied to the Arts.
9. Analytical and Organic Chemistry.
10. Architectural Drawing.
11. Mechanical Drawing.
12. Drawing from Copy.
13. Drawing from Cast.
14. Drawing from Life.
15. Perspective.

Circulars containing the rules and regulations of the School, the manner of admission, &c., can be obtained at the office during the present week. The number of applicants who can be admitted to the school is 1,500, distributed as follows: in Mechanics and the higher Mathematics, 100; in Algebra and Geometry, 250; in Natural Philosophy, 200; in Chemistry, Elementary and Analytical, 150; in Architectural Drawing, 100; in Mechanical Drawing, 300; in Drawing from Copy, Cast and Life, 300; and in Perspective, 100. Eight instructors in the Art Department and nine in the Scientific Department are engaged for the Term. Ladies are admitted to the classes in Mathematics, Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.

The various classes will be organized on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th of October, at 7½ P. M.

The Orpheon Free Chorister Class will hold its sessions during the day, and is limited to ladies and boys. The former will meet on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS at 4 P. M., and the latter on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at the same hour. Special attention is to be given to the Musical Department this season. Mr. C. Jerome Hopkins having been engaged by the trustees for its management. Applications for admission must be made during the first week in October, on the above-mentioned days.

The Trustees also announce that on the 1st of November a SCHOOL IN PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY will be organized, which will be under the direction of Prof. Charles S. Stone. Any information concerning it may be obtained of him at the Laboratory or of the clerk at the office.

The public are admitted to the Lectures on Chemistry and Natural Philosophy, but must enter before half-past seven. The cardinal idea of the Institution being to improve and educate the working classes, the Trustees cordially invite the youth of the city and the public generally to avail themselves of the liberal provision which has been made for their improvement.
By Order of the Trustees.
ABRAHAM S. HEWITT, Secretary.

TEACHERS.

TO TEACHERS.

Wanted, gent. for maths. and classics, for private school, City; gentleman for English branches, City institution, salary $750; gent. for classics, in boys' boarding-school—principal here for interview on Friday; gent. for drawing, &c.; near City; Presbyterian principal for Western academy; lady for piano and singing in Western female seminary; male principal for public school near City. All teachers who seek positions should have Amer. School Institute's application form. J. W. SCHERMERHORN, Actuary, No. 130 Grand.

A GENTLEMAN OF COLLEGIATE EDUcation, who has for several years given special attention to Belles Lettres, desires to secure private pupils in historical and literary studies. He will also arrange, on satisfactory terms, with parents who may wish to finish the education of their children, and are willing to form a small class at home for this purpose. Excellent references. Address J. K. M., Station G.

A LADY RESIDING IN THIS CITY, wishes for a few pupils, to instruct daily, at their homes, in the English branches; or would meet a class of young ladies to read and study History, English Literature and Rhetoric. Address M. A., Bookstore, No. 134 Sixth-av.

WANTED.—A PROTESTANT SWISS LADY OF several years' experience as resident governess in one family, wishes a similar position; teaches French, German and music, as well as the rudiments of an English education. Address R. R., care of Messrs. Kessler & Co., No. 42 Park-place, to whom she refers.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, IN A PRIVATE high school in New-York, an experienced teacher in drawing, from 1 o'clock P. M. to 3 P. M., three days per week. A gentleman of thorough qualification required. Call, between 10 and 12 o'clock A. M., at No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITUAtion as governess in a family where there are small children. A comfortable home is more her object than salary. Best references given. Address, A. L., Box No. 679 Post-office.

AS PRIVATE TUTOR—A GENTLEMAN OF experience in teaching, will give private instruction in the Classics, Mathematics and English branches. Highest references. Address M. A., Box No. 135 *Times'* Office.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A HOME where tuition in the English branches, or music, may be considered equivalent to board. Call or address Miss L., No. 164 West 11th-st.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES AN ENGAGEment with a private family, to instruct in English, Music, and Elementary French, or as teacher in a school. Address "CLIFFORD," Sanitary Rooms, No. 33 Court-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRY GOODS.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY—All kinds of Children's Cloaks and Suits, Dresses, Blankets, Basques, Corsets, Chemises, Infant's Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Baskets, &c.
Ladies' Embroidered Chemises, Nightgowns, Yokes, Ladies' ready-made Under Garments, Fluted Hkfs.
Initials and Coats of Arms embroidered on Handkerchiefs, Table Linen and Bed Clothes.
Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order. Stamping for Embroideries executed perfectly.

MILLINERY.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.
AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE,

You can purchase cut lengths of millinery goods cheaper than down-town. Jobbers sell whole pieces. Inspect ribbons, silks and velvets, felt, beaver and straw goods. It will be to your advantage. EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st. and No. 66 Allen-st.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

A LARGE AND ELEGANT ASSORTMENT of Fall and Winter Millinery, consisting of Silk, Satin, Velvet, Royal Velvet, in every shade and color, of the finest fabric and newest shades, at SIMMONS', No. 637 Broadway.

CLOTHING.

CLOTHING.

At the only and surest place, where ladies and gentlemen can dispose of their cast off wearing apparel, carpets, furniture, jewelry, diamonds, &c., and receive the utmost value at the rate of gold, as we have a great demand for those articles, for western markets. Please call or address a note by post to H. HARRIS, No. 164 7th-av., between 21st and 22d-sts. You will not regret it. Also old gold or silver bought. Ladies waited upon by Mrs. Harris at their own residences in or out of the city.

ATTENTION.—NO. 222 7TH-AV.—A LARGE order; $150,000 worth of cast-off clothing wanted for the Western and California markets. Ladies and gentlemen, if you wish to receive the highest price for your cast-off clothing, carpets, furniture, jewelry, &c., the best you can do is to call on or send a note to Mr. MARKS, at No. 222 7th-av., near 25th-st. Ladies attended by Mrs. MARKS. True, you will be dealt with to your satisfaction and benefit. Orders attended in and out of the City.

AT 137 SIXTH-AV.—LADIES AND GENTLEmen, if you wish to receive the highest price for your cast-off clothing, carpets, furniture, &c., the best you can do is to call or send a note to E. MINTZ, No. 137 6th-av., two doors from 10th-st. Ladies attended by Mrs. Mintz. True, you will be dealt with to your satisfaction.

POLITICAL.

LINCOLN AND JOHNSON.

THE
TREMAINE BROTHERS
LINCOLN & JOHNSON
CAMPAIGN SONG BOOK

NOW READY, the 30th. Every song written expressly for this campaign, and adapted to the most popular and familiar airs of the day.
Price, 15 cents; $10 per hundred. Send your orders to C. M. TREMAINE, No. 176 Washington-st.; can be obtained at any news agency.

NINETEENTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the XIXth Ward Union Association will be held at Headquarters, Dingledein's, 3d-av., between 59th and 60th sts., on FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 30, 1864, at 7½ o'clock.
Addresses will be delivered by
HON. ETHAN ALLEN,
M. L. TOWNSEND, Esq.,
HENRY S. SMITH, Esq.,
and invite all Union citizens of the Ward to attend.
WM. H. DE CAMP, President.
ALLEN COOPER, NELSON YELVERTON, Secretaries.

"UNION WAR EAGLES."—The Ward Clubs, and Wards about forming Clubs, will send delegates to meet at Broadway and 23d-st., on Saturday evening, Oct. 1st, to organize the "Campaign Central Committee," and to make arrangements for a Lincoln and Johnson torchlight parade at an early day.

CAMPAIGN SUPPLY WAREHOUSE.—"UNION WAR EAGLES" uniforms complete; candles, torches, lanterns, transparencies and flambeaux, eagles, colors, badges, symbols and insignia of all kinds. CAMPBELL & CO., No. 216 Nassau-st.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
will receive subscriptions to the
NEW 7.30 TREASURY NOTE LOAN.

These notes are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, maturing in THREE YEARS from Aug. 15, 1864—interest payable semi-annually in currency, at the rate of 7 3-10 PER CENT. per annum.

The notes are payable in Currency at maturity, or convertible into 5.20 SIX PER CENT. BONDS, with interest, payable in Gold.

All deposits made prior to Aug. 15, will draw interest at same rate.

The usual commissions allowed on this Loan and also on the 10.40 Loan.

We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including
U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased.

THE NEW PATRIOTIC LOAN.
FISK & HATCH,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
will receive subscriptions to the new
SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

The notes will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, with interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent., or one cent. per day on each $50, payable semi-annually. They will be dated Aug. 15, 1864, and will be payable at the end of three years in current funds, or convertible into five-twenty six per cent. bonds, payable, principal and interest, in gold.

On all payments made prior to Aug. 15, interest will be allowed, and after date interest will be charged.

☞ Liberal arrangements will be made with banks, bankers and dealers.

SUBSCRIPTIONS ALSO RECEIVED FOR THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

All kinds of Government securities bought and sold at market rates.

☞ Special attention given to the conversion of the old 7-30 notes into the six per cent. bonds of 1881.

Holders of amounts less than $500 can now avail themselves of the privilege of conversion, as the bonds of 1881 will hereafter be issued in denominations of $50 and $100, as well as the larger denominations heretofore issued. In converting the notes due Aug. 19, interest will be adjusted to that date.
FISK & HATCH,
No. 38 Wall-st.

THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY,
PRESIDENT, VENANGO COUNTY, PENN.

Capital Stock $5,000,000.
In shares of $5 each, par value.
Subscription price $1 per share.
Being in full payment for a $5 share. No further call or assessment to be made.
100,000 SHARES RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

These lands contain about 8,400 acres on the Allegheny River, and on Hemlock, Porcupine and McCrea Creeks, making an oil-boring territory of over ten and a half miles in extent. The wells on the adjoining property, known as the "Celebrated Hendrick" wells and "Pithole Creek" wells, are famous for their immense supply of oil. The wells on this property are being sunk with great vigor, and promise large supplies of oil.

To the capitalist and to parties of limited means, unsurpassed inducements are offered.

Subscription books, maps, and all other information, can be obtained at the office of
L. H. SIMPSON & CO., No. 64 Cedar-st.

GRINNELL & NEVERS,

STOCK BROKERS, No. 15 Broad-st., New-York.
Government Securities, Railway Stocks, &c., &c., bought and sold at the N. Y. Stock Exchange, exclusively on commission.
WILLIAM F. GRINNELL. BENJAMIN M. NEVERS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED TO THE
7.30 PER CENT. AND 10.40
NATIONAL LOANS,
(¼ per cent. commission allowed,)
BY
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
Bankers and Government Loan Agents.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 650 BROADWAY,
Near Bleecker-st.,
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Subscriptions received for the new popular
7.3-10 LOAN,
And the entire commission of $2 50 on each $1,000 allowed.
10-40 Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

SIXTH NATIONAL BANK,

Corner 35th-st., Broadway and 6th-av.,
Will receive subscriptions to the new 7-30 Treasury Notes at the Bank, and at the Bank of the Commonwealth. Ten-Forty Bonds on hand for immediate delivery. C. DARLING, President.
J. W. B. DOBLER, Cashier.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 11 Broad-st., near Wall-st.
DEALERS IN UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS
FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY
AND ABROAD.

PETROLEUM STOCK EXCHANGE.

The public is hereby informed that the subscription list for contributing members is now open for subscribers at the office of Messrs. HICKS & CO., No. 52 Exchange-place.

THE EXCELSIOR PETROLEUM COMPANY.

The Excelsior Petroleum Company is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New-York, with a capital of $500,000, divided into 100,000 shares, of the par value of $5 each, the shareholders of which are exempted from all personal liability.

The property of this Company consists of Petroleum Oil lands, in fee simple (located in the county of Venango, State of Pennsylvania) together with sundry leases of oil wells, which are for the most part actually producing at the present time.

The different properties have been selected with great care by competent judges. The interests (now developed) are producing $650 a day, or 4 per cent per month on amount of capital.

The future prospects of this Company, on the further development of the property now in its possession, are incalculable. It is confidently expected that a dividend of 10 per cent. a month can be readily declared, when the several wells are finished that are now rapidly approaching completion, on territory which has never yet failed of production.

The books are now opened for subscribers at the offices of Messrs. T. KETCHAM & CO., No. 68 Wall-st.; Messrs. WING & EVANS, No. 74 Beaver-street (cor. Hanover); Messrs. J. C. DAYTON & CO., No. 107 Front-st.; and WM. A. FOWLER, Esq., N[illegible] Broadway.

OFFICE OF MINNESOTA MINING COMPANY,
No. 12 PINE STREET,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 19, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT BY resolution of the Board of Directors, an ASSESSMENT of five dollars per share has been levied upon the Capital Stock of this company, payable on the tenth day of October next, at their office, with interest thereafter. The transfer books will be closed on the 7th Oct., after which no transfers of Stock will be made on which assessments are unpaid. S. A. BANKS, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY,
JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Sept. 16, 1864.

COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE Bonds of the St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company, due Oct. 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 59 Exchange-place, New-York, free of Government tax.
JAMES BERDAN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE UNION COAL CO., No. 9 PINE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Five per Cent out of the earnings of the company, payable on and after 5th day of October.
The transfer books will be closed from the 30th inst. to Oct. 5, both days inclusive. S. L. CROSBY, Treasurer.

OFFICE CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 23, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT., free of Government tax, has this day been declared payable to the stockholders on the 10th day of October next. The transfer books will be closed on the 30th day of September, and reopened on the 11th day of October next. FRANCIS H. TOWS, Secretary.

OFFICE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
No. 23 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 2, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this company will be held on the first MONDAY of October, at the office of the company, No. 13 William-st., New-York, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the transaction of such business as may come before the meeting. JOHN A. DIX, President.
H. V. POOR, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ADIRONDACK COMPANY,
No. 13 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of this company will take place on MONDAY Oct. 23, 1864, at this office.
GEO. T. M. DAVIS, President.
GEO. W. PRATT, Secretary.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD CO.,
No. 12 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 29, 1864.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTgage Bonds, series "B," of this road, will be paid at the Bank of North America, No. 44 Wall-st., on 1st October, 1864. CHARLES BUTLER, President.
Per FLANNERY.

OFFICE OF THE SYRACUSE, BINGHAMTON AND N. Y. R. R. CO., SYRACUSE, Sept. 24, 1864.

THE INTEREST DUE OCTOBER 1st, 1864, on the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, will be paid at maturity, on presentation of the coupons at Continental Bank, New-York City.
O. WELCH, Secretary.

FOR SALE—STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS Five per cent. Coupon Bonds, due in 1894. Interest and principal payable in gold. Apply to BLAKE BROS. & CO., No. 17 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.
We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 6s, OF 1881,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS,
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.
Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.
ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

TOLEDO & WABASH RAILWAY CO.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
TOLEDO, Aug. 13, 1864.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Toledo and Wabash Railway Company, for the purpose of electing fifteen Directors, and the transaction of general business, will be held at the Office of the Company in the City of Toledo, Ohio, on Wednesday, the fifth day of October, 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The Transfer books of the Company in the City of New-York will be closed on the 24th day of September and opened on the 7th day of October, 1864.
J. N. DRUMMOND, Sec'y.

TELEGRAPH AND EXPRESS STOCKS.
Western Union Telegraph,
Western Union Extension Telegraph,
United States Telegraph,
American Telegraph,
} WANTED.
Adams Express Company Stock, &c., &c., for sale.
Apply to
GEORGE C. DUNBAR,
No. 46 Pine-st.

TO CAPITALISTS.
$100,000 LOAN.

The above amount wanted on ten years' 7 per cent. semi-annual Coupon Bonds of Cortland County, N. Y. Interest and principal payable at my banking office, No. 139 Broadway. H. J. MESSENGER.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Aug. 16, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad Company held this day, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, In the mortgage given by this company to the trustees to secure their construction bonds, it was agreed that the moneys received upon sales of the lands mortgaged, as fast as received, be applied to the cancellation of said bonds, and it has become necessary for this purpose to take up a portion of the bonds in pursuance of a provision contained in each bond, the company may "pay the same at any time to be named by them by adding to the principal a sum equal to twenty per cent. thereof."

Resolved, That the Company will, on the first day of October next, pay the seven per cent bonds for one thousand dollars each, numbered from one to three thousand, (1 to 3,000,) with twenty (20) per cent. added to the principal thereof, upon surrender at its office in the City of New-York; and that it doth hereby name the first day of October, 1864, as the time when the principal of said bonds shall be paid, after which day interest upon them will cease.

Resolved, That the holders of the scrip stock of this Company be required to pay the unpaid ten per cent. upon the stock held by them respectively, on or before the twenty-sixth day of September next, at the office of the company in the City of New-York; and that upon all sums unpaid, interest will be charged from that day; and that after the twenty-sixth day of September next, no transfer shall be made of stock which shall not be paid in full. THOMAS E. WALKER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 20, 1864.

THE FIRST SERIES OF $2,000,000 Redemption Bonds, bearing 6 per cent. interest, and payable in 1890, have been exchanged for Construction Bonds. The Directors, by resolution this day, have decided to issue another series of $3,000,000, under the same mortgage, upon the road and appurtenances, which are offered at 110 per cent., in exchange for Construction Bonds at 120 per cent., making a difference of 10 per cent. in favor of the Construction Bonds.

This arrangement is proposed in order to relieve the holders of the Construction Bonds from the inconvenience of a peremtory call for the bonds as provided by the terms of their issue, but, in case the bonds are not surrendered and the exchange effected in amounts sufficient to meet the requirements of the land sales, the Company will be compelled to pay off a further portion of the Bonds. THOS. E. WALKER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON R. R. CO.,
CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 24, 1864.

COUPONS OF THE INCOME BONDS OF the Chicago and Alton Railroad Co., due Oct. 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of Messrs. M. K. Jesup & Co., No. 59 Exchange Place, New-York, less government tax.
JOSEPH PRICE, Treasurer.

TRANSFER OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO.,
No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 27, 1864.

COUPONS DUE OCTOBER 1, 1864, FROM the Equipment Bonds of this Company, will be paid on and after THIS DAY, on presentation at this office.
JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY,
No. 34 WALL-STREET, NEW-YORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE October Coupons of the Company's Bonds of 1864 will be paid on and after the 2d of October next, on presentation at the Office of the Company. By order of the Board, W. TITUS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE OIL CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY, Continental Bank Building, No. 7 Nassau-st. New-York, Sept. 19, 1864.—DIVIDEND No. 2.—The Trustees of this Company have declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT, for the month of September, payable October 1. Transfer books close 24th inst.
A. M. WOOD, President.
O. R. INGERSOLL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BUCHANAN FARM OIL COMPANY,
No 8 BROAD-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 29, 1864.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE THIS DAY DEclared a Dividend of One per Cent., payable on and after the 5th day of October. The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to 6th, both days inclusive.
S. F. JENKINS, Treasurer.

THE INTEREST DUE ON THE MORTgage Bonds of the New-York and New Haven Railroad Company, Oct. 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date, at the Bank of the Republic, corner of 4th-av. and 27th-st. W. BENNETT, Treas.
New-York, Sept. 24, 1864.

GROCERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1864.

THE ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS AND Inspectors of Election for this Institution, will be held at the Banking House, on Monday, the 3d of October next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock. By order of the Board. SAM'L B. WHITE, Cashier.

COMMISIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
No. 283 BOWERY.

Six per cent. interest allowed; free of Government tax. Deposits made on or before Oct. 1, will draw interest from that date. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. and also on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 A. M., to 7 P. M.
CHARLES PECK, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.
CHATHAM SQUARE, NEW-YORK.
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits made now, or on or before October 1st, will draw interest from that date.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
CHAS. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto. Open daily, from 10 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons from 4 to 7 P. M. N. B.—Money to loan on bond and mortgage.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK.
NO. 82 NASSAU-ST.
OPEN EVERY DAY.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits made now will draw interest from the 1st day of October next. LUTHER C. CARTER, President.
HENRY B. CONKLIN, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK.

Corner of 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open from 1 to 5 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 7 P. M. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED. Deposits made on or before October 1, will draw interest from that date.
THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Sec'y.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, CORNER 8th-av. and 42d-st. Open daily. Deposits made now and until Oct. 20, draw interest from 1st Oct. Interest 6 per cent. SAMUEL NEWBY, Pres.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARBLE MANTELS.

The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn
Long Island, N.Y.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.

AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and by the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS

SEWING MACHINES.

All the best Sewing-machines, (NEW,) for SALE and to RENT. Also, Machines bought, exchanged and repaired. P. H. DIAMOND, No. 539 Broadway, N. Y.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF NEW-YORK, who have stocks or parts of stock of dry goods, boots and shoes, crockery or any kind of merchandise to dispose of at auction, will find in GILBERT & SAMPSON, of Chicago, facilities which are not excelled by any auction house west of New-York City. Their location is the best, and their rooms the most spacious and best adapted to auction sales of any to be found. They have had long experience in their business, and are thoroughly acquainted with all kinds of goods. The best of New-York references given.

DIVIDENDS.

THIRD MONTHLY DIVIDEND.
SUCCESS OIL COMPANY,
Office No. 137 Broadway, Room No. 7.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 29, 1864.

☞ THE TRUSTEES HAVE THIS DAY DECLARED a dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT. on the capital stock of the company, payable on and after Oct. 1st, to the stockholders of record. Transfer books will be closed Sept. 30 and opened Oct. 4, 1864.
E. A. VANDERHOOF, President.
WM. F. SHIRLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1864.

THIRTIETH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) Per Cent. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th instant, and One (1) Per Cent. out of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, &c., payable to the stockholders or their representatives on and after the 6th October next. The transfer books will be closed from the evening of the 26th September until the 7th October next. HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

BULL'S HEAD BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 23, 1864.

TWENTY-SECOND DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors of the Bull's Head Bank have this day declared their usual quarterly dividend of three (3) per cent., free of Government tax, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable on and after the first day of October next. The transfer-books will be closed from this date to October 1st, inclusive.
G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

MEDICAL.

PONDS' EXTRACT—CAUTION.

A worthless article having appeared in market labeled PONDS' EXTRACT, but without the taste, odor or curative properties of the genuine article, hereafter all genuine extract will be labeled HUMPHREY'S PONDS' EXTRACT, and all such is warranted equal to any ever made. F. HUMPHREYS, No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 61 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhoea or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive proper treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

CAUTION TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, deems it his duty to caution ladies, as they value their health, or waste of time and means, to avoid the certain danger of surgical treatment. His scientific mode of treatment in all cases of irregularity or suppression, dispenses with it, and is at once healthy and reliable, and cannot fail. However complicated a case may be, he assures a positive cure. He has been in practice upwards of twenty years at his present office, No. 129 Liberty-st., during which period he has been Sole Agent for the "INFALLIBLE PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS," so celebrated as being scientifically prepared, sugar-coated, and pleasant to the taste, that the most delicate lady can take them and at the same time healthy, while they have proved infallible even in the most obstinate cases. Price $3 and $5. Obtainable at his office or sent by mail.

DR. A. M. MAURICEAU is the author of "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at No. 1 Vesey-st., No. 18 Ann-st., and No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, and at No. 13 Court-st., Boston, Mass.

CAUTION.—CHLORODYNE—IN CHANCERY.—It was clearly proved before Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood, by affidavits from eminent hospital physicians in London, that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*See Times*, Jan. 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, which is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine ever discovered for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe particularly, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Agent, New-York, Mr. JAMES ASPINWALL, William-st.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.

Prepared by PROUT & HARSANT, No. 229 Strand, London, England, and sold by their agents, F. C. WELLS & CO., 115 Franklin-st., and by most druggists. Price $1 50 per box.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, No. 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box No. 2,369 N. Y. Post-office.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st. N. Y.

ADVICE TO THE LADIES.—MADAME CUBEYONE, Female Physician. Ladies, try her medicines. No. 746 Broadway.

HUNDREDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first; he has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His remedies are mild and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery known as Dr. Hunter's Red Drops, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. One dollar will secure by return mail his medical work, 300 pages, 40 colored pictures. Worth all the others put together.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. WAIT, Sr., No. 263 4th-av., corner of 21st-st., (late of Bond-st.,) continues to extract teeth, positively without pain or danger. Teeth inserted, filled, &c., on very moderate terms. All operations warranted first-class.

N. B. GRIFFIN & BROS., No. 238 GRAND-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are extracting Teeth positively without pain by the use of nitrous oxide gas. No charge for extracting when artificial teeth are to be inserted. They are also inserting full sets of Teeth on Gold, $25; Platina, $25; Silver, $10; Rubber, $10. Partial sets, on gold, $2; silver $1. Extracting 25 cents.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION REMOVED.—For a more easily remembered locality Dr. COLTON, with the Nitrous Oxide Gas, has removed from Bond-st. to the Cooper Institute, Room No. 19. Entrance from 8th-st.

KENNEDY'S EXTRA FINE CAMBRIDGEPORT CRACKERS, in barrels, half-barrels and boxes, for sale at No. 10 Cortlandt-st., and at all first-class grocers. Something new. Tin-cans, assorted.

SHIPPING.

REGULAR WEEKLY LINE.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Line of Side-Wheel Steamers, carrying the United States Mail to

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

Will sail as follows:

MORNING STAR	Hepburn	Saturday, Oct. 1.
SUWO NADA	Jayne	Saturday, Oct. 8.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Oct. 15.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Oct. 22.
MORNING STAR	Hepburn	Saturday, Oct. 29.
SUWO NADA	Jayne	Saturday, Nov. 5.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Nov. 12.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Nov. 19.
DAY STAR	(Building.)	

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,

From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, and the *Suwo Nada* 1,788, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notwithstanding every exertion upon our part we are unable to complete the saloons of the steamship *Morning Star* in time to send her to sea earlier than Saturday, Oct. 1st, upon which date she will sail for New-Orleans.

The *Guiding Star* will sail on Oct. 15.

The *Morning Star* is now receiving freight at Pier No. 46 North River.

OFFICE OF THE N. Y. MAIL STEAMSHIP CO., No. 10 BARCLAY-ST. } JAMES A. RAYNOR.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	
ONTARIO—building	3,212	
HELVETIA—building	3,200	
ERIN	3,318	Grace.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Prowse.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

VIRGINIA—Lewis	Saturday, Oct. 8.
ERIN—Grace	Saturday, Oct. 22.
LOUISIANA—Prowse	Saturday, Nov. 5
PENNSYLVANIA—Brooking	Saturday, Nov. 19.

AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $65 in gold; Steerage, $50 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

EUROPA leaves Boston Wednesday, Sept. 14.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Sept. 21.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Sept. 28.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 5.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 12.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 19.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUGENIE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
FRANCE	(Building)	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Building)	1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the

WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE; LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;

as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.

WASHINGTON	WEDNESDAY	Oct. 12.
LAFAYETTE	WEDNESDAY	Nov. 9.
WASHINGTON	WEDNESDAY	Dec. 7.

First Cabin, (including table wine)	$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine)	$70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails, are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF LONDON	SATURDAY	Oct. 1
CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY	Oct. 8
ETNA	SATURDAY	Oct. 15

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,

PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	31
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA.

REGULAR WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

The splendid side-wheel steamships

COLUMBIA	Capt. D. B. BARTON
EAGLE	Capt. J. J. LAWRENCE
MORRO CASTLE (building)	Capt. RICHARD ADAMS

The COLUMBIA, Capt. BARTON, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, for Havana on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

All letters must pass through the Post-office.

Clearances for goods must be brought in with the bills of lading.

For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

The favorite steamer EAGLE, will succeed the COLUMBIA, and leave on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer "CORSICA," Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Oct. 10, MONDAY, Nov. 7.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

(Payable in Gold or its equivalent.)

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.

Under convoy of a United States war steamer, throughout the Atlantic voyage, commencing Sept. 3, 1864.

The following first-class side-wheel steamers will be dispatched at noon precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River.

Oct. 3	NORTH STAR	JONES.
Oct. 13	COSTA RICA	TINKLEPAUGH.
Oct. 24	OCEAN QUEEN	SEABURY.

For freight or passage, apply to D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new United States Mail Steamship GEORGE CROMWELL, Capt. E. E. VAILL, Will leave Pier No. 9, North River, as above, on SATURDAY, Oct. 8, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

The passenger accommodations on this steamer have been enlarged and elegantly furnished.

For passage, with accommodations unsurpassed, or freight, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR MATAMORAS DIRECT.

The fast United States Mail Steamship CREOLE, JOHN THOMPSON, Commander, Will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for the above port, on Saturday, Oct. 22, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

For freight or passage, apply to LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The side-wheel steamship CHAMPION, Capt. DAVID WILSON, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5.

For freight or passage apply to P. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling Green.

N. B.—The steamship ARIEL, Capt. RUSSELL, will follow on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States Mail Steamship ROANOKE, FRANCIS A. DREW, Commander, Will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for Havana direct on MONDAY, Oct. 10, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

For freight or passage apply to LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

TAPSCOTT'S LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South-st., New-York. DRAFTS on ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES.

TAPSCOTT'S CELEBRATED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS SAIL TWICE A WEEK.

X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS SAIL EVERY TEN DAYS.

Parties wishing to take passage, send for their friends, or remit money to the old country, can do so at the lowest rates, by applying to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO., No. 86 South-st.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

$8. CHEAP WATCHES. $30.

Good solid silver and gold composite Watches, as low as $8, $10, $15. Ladies' fancy enameled Watches, fine articles, only $30. Army Watches, for soldiers, all styles and prices. CATLEY BROTHERS, Sole Importers, No. 102 Nassau-st.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE, VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.

THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,

AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."

The magnificent steamer COMMONWEALTH, ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

The elegant steamer PLYMOUTH ROCK, ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, AT 5 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston. M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY.—CHANGE OF PIER.—PLEASURE TRAVEL TO CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE, LEBANON SPRINGS, SARATOGA, MONTREAL and all points NORTH and WEST VIA HUDSON RIVER.—The new steamboat C. VIBBARD, Capt. D. H. HITCHCOCK, and the DANIEL DREW, Capt. J. F. TALLMAN, form a Day Line for Albany from Desbrosses-st. at 8 A. M., and 30th-st. at 8:10, landing at Cozzens Hotel dock, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson. Tickets sold on board and baggage checked West and North.

FOR RONDOUT—LANDING AT CORNWALL, Newburgh, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Elmores. The steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. J. H. TREMPER, and THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. W. H. CORNELL, will leave New-York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from foot of Jay-st., at 4½ P. M. Returning, will leave Rondout at 6 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS.—Steamboat and railroad connection at New-Haven. Steamers leave Peck-slip, at 3:15 and 11 P. M., Sundays excepted.

RAILROADS.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH: BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.

Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.) On and after MONDAY, Aug. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st. wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted.)

☞ Travelers from the City of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freght between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

R. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD

Trains for Albany, Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, for Greenport, Sag Harbor and Hamptons, at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Riverhead, Yaphank and Lakeland at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Islip, Babylon and Farmingdale at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 5:30 P. M. For Syosset at 10:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Hempstead, Jamaica and Winfield at 8, 10:30 A. M. and 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.

Sunday excursion train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 8:30 A. M., for Riverhead, stopping at all stations, except Hempstead and Syosset.

Excursion tickets for this train at reduced rates.

A. REASONER, Superindent.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.—Trains leave Flushing 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Ferry boats leave James Slip and 34th-st., East River, every half hour connecting with trains. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M. and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Flushing at 8 and 10 A. M. and 1, 4, 6 P. M.; returning, leave Hunter's Point at 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 5, 7 P. M. Stage connections—Whitestone 7:30, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2 20, 4:20 and 5:30 P. M. Manhassett and Little Neck 9:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. College Point 6:30, 11:30 A. M. and 2:20 and 5:30 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave as follows, viz.:

7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
7 A. M.—Express for Cleveland direct, via A. & G. W. Ry.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way for Otisville, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express—Saturdays and Sundays excepted—for Dunkirk, Buffalo, &c.
6 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. On Saturdays this train will run to Buffalo only.
8 P. M.—Emigrant, for Dunkirk.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 4:27 and 6:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—TRAINS for Albany and Troy and the North and West leave Chambers-st., at 7 A. M.; Express, 8 A. M.; Way Mail, 10:30 A. M., and 4, 6 and 10:40 P. M. Express on Sundays at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.

J. M. TOUCEY, Assistant Superintendent.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 2:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run through to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

LOST AND FOUND.

$5,000 REWARD.—THE ABOVE REWARD will be paid for the recovery of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars of United States 7 3-10 per cent. Treasury Notes, of the recent issue, dated Aug. 15, 1864, Nos. 69 to 93 inclusive. Notes of $1,000 each, which were fraudulently obtained from this Bank; payment of which has been stopped at the Treasury Department. The reward will be paid by this Bank, upon the delivery of the Notes to it, direct, or through John A. Kennedy, Superintendent of Police. H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK, Sept. 23, 1864.

LOST OR STOLEN—BOND OF $1,000, No. 202, of the City of Cincinnati Stock, interest 6 per cent., due July and January, principal payable 1882. All persons are warned against negotiating the same as payment of principal and interest of the bond have been stopped. A suitable reward will be paid by the undersigned for the return of the bond.

WM. C. EMMET, No. 54 William-st.

$25 REWARD.—LOST, ON SEPT. 28, EITHER on steamer D. M. Martin, on way up from Perth Amboy, or on way from boat foot of Barclay-st. to 6th-av. cars, one gold hunting anchor lever WATCH, No. 315, Jules Calame, maker, M. B., on case; the finder will receive the above reward by leaving the watch with E. BYRNES, No. 316 Hudson-st.

$25 REWARD.—LOST, ON WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28, between 11 and 2 o'clock, at the Central Park or in a car going to it, a LADY'S GOLD WATCH, hunting case and chain. The above reward will be paid on delivery of the same to M. H. DEMING, care John J. Hinchman & Co., Nos. 26 and 58 Vesey-st. No questions asked.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and palliasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE IMPROVED PHRENOLOGICAL BUST—Showing the exact location of all the Organs of the Brain; designed for Learners. In this Head all the newly-discovered Organs of the Brain are given. It shows each individual Organ on one side, and all the groups—Social, Executive, Intellectual and Moral—on the other. Price, for the largest size, $1 50; smaller, 75 cents. If sent by express, 25 cents must be added for packing-box. For sale by Booksellers and Druggists. FOWLER AND WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

COAL.

$12 PER TON.

Range and Furnace Coal, $12 per ton.
Red Ash, $12 50.

LEWIS W. PHILLIPS, Nos. 437 and 210 6th-av.

PERSONAL.

THURSDAY, 4 P. M.—YOUR LETTER IS RECEIVED. Will look as directed. Am penniless. How can I address you? All is known. IS IT EN VERITE.

PRINTING.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL, Stationers, Printers and Bookbinders, No. 45 Maiden-lane. Orders solicited. Diaries for 1865.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway.—U. S. Passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Notary Public.

THE TURF.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE RACES.

On account of the weather, the GREAT RACES AT THE HOBOKEN COURSE, at Secaucus, are postponed until MONDAY AND TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3d and 4th.

MONDAY—Three Good Races will be Run.

TUESDAY—A three-quarter mile dash. A 1 mile heat race, and the great 4 mile heat race.

J. HARVEY LYONS, Sec'y.

FASHION COURSE, L. I.

SATURDAY, OCT. 1.

MATCH FOR $1,000,

MILE, AND REPEAT, IN HARNESS.

John Lovett names br. c., full brother to Brunette.

F. S. Burr names sorrel stallion Argyle, full brother to Lady Emma.

FAIRS.

GRAND HORSE FAIR AND CATTLE SHOW OF THE FRANKLIN AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, AT SOMERVILLE, N. J., OCTOBER 3, 4, 5 & 6, 1864. Competition from all the States invited. A good opportunity for those having fast horses to compete for premiums. All who wish to see the best trotting, will be gratified, as we have the best track in the country, and give the highest premiums. Cheap excursion tickets by the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, from Pier No. 2, North River, and intermediate places. Stock, and all articles for exhibition, taken free. A special train leaves Somerville each day, at the close of the Fair. For particulars and list of premiums, see bills.

D. SANDERSON, Pres't.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.—Fifth Collection District State of New-York, VIIth, Xth, XIIIth and XIVth Wards of the City of New-York.—Pursuant to the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, notice is hereby given to all persons liable to pay duties or taxes under said act, in the Fifth Collection District of the State of New-York, that the Collector of said district has received from the Assessor thereof his annual collection list for the year ending April 30, 1865; that the duties and taxes assessed by said Assessor have become due and payable; that the said Collector will attend to receive the same at his office, No. 561 Broadway, in the City of New-York, daily, (Sundays excepted,) from the twentieth day of September, A. D. 1864, until the tenth day of October, A. D. 1864, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., and that all persons who shall neglect to pay the duties and taxes so as aforesaid assessed upon them to the said Collector, within the period of time above specified, shall be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof.

Dated NEW-YORK, September 9, 1864.

JOSEPH HOXIE,
Collector Fifth District, State of New-York.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE Collector's Office, Thirty-second District of the State of New-York, comprising the First, Second and Fourth Wards of the City and County of New-York.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has received his Annual Collection List from the Assessor of the Thirty-second Collection District of the State of New-York, and that the duties specified therein have become due and payable, and that he will attend in person or by deputy, at his office, No. 130 Broadway, on MONDAY, the 19th day of September instant, and from day to day thereafter, except Sundays, until and including the 11th day of October next, from 10 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the same.

All persons who shall neglect to pay the duties and taxes so as aforesaid assessed upon them within the time specified, will be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof. Any person may at his option pay such duties before the time herein specified. Government funds only received.

DATED NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1864.

SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will sit every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiment returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart from the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. City Hall.

JOHN HARDY, Chairman.
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.

GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.

SAMUEL WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M.

All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.

CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
WM. JOYCE, } Committee on Roads.

LEGAL NOTICES.

MASTER'S SALE.

Pursuant to the command of an alias decretal order of sale from the Court of Common Pleas of Summit County, at the suit of Francis Dunlevy and Willis Robbins, administrators of Elias Fassett, deceased, against the Cleveland, Zanesville and Cincinnati Railroad Company, et al, to me directed, I shall offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court-house in Akron, on WEDNESDAY, the 2d day of November, 1864, between the hours of 1 o'clock P. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., the entire real estate of said Railroad Company, to which they have any title legal or equitable, their said railroad, formerly known as the Akron Branch of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, and located in the counties of Summit, Wayne and Holmes, in the State of Ohio; running from Hudson, Summit County, its junction with said Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, a distance of about sixty-one miles, to Millersburgh, Holmes County, crossing the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad at Akron, and the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad at Orville; the right of way, therefor, and the land occupied thereby. The superstructure and all the tracks thereon, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, depot grounds, depots, machine shops, engine-houses and all other buildings thereon, water stations and tank houses, and all appurtenances of their said road, and also all the franchises, rights and privileges of said Company, of, in, to or concerning the same—except the premises heretofore conveyed by said Railroad Company to the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, pursuant to the decree of said Court.

Appraised at $225,000.

Also at the same time and place, I will offer for sale at public auction, all the personal property of said Cleveland, Zanesville & Cincinnati Railroad Company, including the equipment of said railroad now in the hands of the Receiver of said Company, or which may be in his hands at the time of such sale, consisting in part of four locomotives, six passenger cars, four baggage cars, 56 gravel cars, 57 house freight cars, 40 flat freight cars, 12 hand cars, timber, ties, lumber, cord wood, materials in the machine shops, tools, old iron, &c.

Terms—Cash at time of sale.

DAVID L. KING, Special Master Com.

W. S. C. OTIS, of Cleveland,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Sept. 29, 1864.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The undersigned, Receiver of the Artisans' Bank, by order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, offers for sale on the 20th (twentieth) day of October, 1864, at the Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers, warrants Nos. 4,631, 4,636 and 4,639, of one thousand acres each, in all three thousand, in Potter County, State of Pennsylvania. Also, one and one-quarter acre lot in Lock Haven, on the banks of the Susquehanna, in Clinton County, State of Pennsylvania. For further particulars, inquire at the Receiver's office, No. 50 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 27, 1864.

HENRY C. TANNER,
Receiver of the Artisans' Bank.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG WIDOWER, A MERCHANT in this City of considerable wealth, desires the acquaintance of some young lady from 15 to 20, with a view to matrimony. Address WILLIAM HENRY JOHNSON, Box No. 128 *Times* Office.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY VAULT WANTED.—Address, stating location, price, &c., D. O. BRADLEY, No. 22 Exchange-place.

AMUSEMENTS

WINTER GARDEN.

The term for which

MR. J. S. CLARKE

had engaged to appear expires with the close of this week. The management is, however, happy to state that in consequence of

THE UNPRECEDENTED AND UNFALTERING SUCCESS

which has attended the engagement of Mr. Clarke, arrangements have been made by which it will be protracted for

A FEW NIGHTS LONGER.

To-night, (Friday) must therefore, be

THE LAST NIGHT

of the immense

COMBINATION BILL,
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND
AND
TOODLES,

the one of which has been performed now for seven consecutive weeks, and the latter for over

ONE HUNDRED NIGHTS.

Mr. J. S. CLARKE will next appear as

DROMIO OF SYRACUSE,

in Shakespeare's

COMEDY OF ERRORS,

and as

SMASHINGTON,

in the new farce, written expressly for him, of

SOMEBODY'S COAT.

Remember!

LAST NIGHT
of DE BOOTS AND TOODLES!

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE.

No. 585 Broadway, (opposite Niblo's.)

THRONGED TO OVERFLOWING.

ROBERT HELLER

WITH FOUR NEW SENSATIONS,

WHICH CROWD THE HOUSE NIGHTLY.

SENSATION NO. 1—THE GOBLIN DRUM—A feat the most marvelous of any in magic art.

SENSATION NO. 2—THE AUTOMATIC MINSTRELS—Mechanical negro melodists, more humorous than live ones.

SENSATION NO. 3—HELLER'S "Dixie" on the Piano-forte.

SENSATION NO. 4—THE STORY OF A BROKEN PLATE.

NOTICE.—Last nights of the Wood Minstrels, which must be withdrawn for a great illusion in preparation.

Doors open at 7½; commence at 8. Seats can be secured at the Box Office—without extra charge—from 9 till 5. MATINEE next SATURDAY, at 2 P. M.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

FOURTH WEEK OF

JOHN E. OWENS' GREAT TRIUMPHS,

in his inimitable personation of

JOSHUA BUTTERBY,

in Tom Taylor's Sparkling Comedy of

VICTIMS.

FIFTH WEEK OF "SOLON SHINGLE,"

applauded by the entire critical press of this City as

"THE PERFECTION OF ART,"

and over the rich flowing humor of which

ALL NEW-YORK IS LAUGHING.

☞ "We consider his acting in Solon Shingle the best seen upon the New-York stage for many a long day. In such humorous characters he rivals BOUFFE. His success is entirely deserved."—*Herald.*

☞ No advance in prices.
☞ Seats secured six days in advance.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manager	Mrs. John Wood.
Stage Manager	J. H. Selwyn.

COMPLETE SUCCESS,

of the entirely new adaptation of the celebrated Novel, by Charles Dickens, entitled

MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT,

dramatized expressly by a gentleman in New-York, and presented with

NEW SCENERY—NEW MUSIC,

and a

POWERFUL CAST,

including

MRS. JOHN WOOD,

and

THE ENTIRE COMPANY.

Doors open at 7¼ o'clock; performances commence at 7¾ o'clock.

OPEN EVENINGS.—MESSRS. FOWLER & WELLS, phrenologists, No. 389 Broadway, keep their MUSEUM open EVENINGS. Examinations, with written charts, given when desired.

REOPENING OF HENRY GEBHARD'S GYMNASIUM, SKATING and ARCHERY ROOMS, SCHOOL OF YOUNG CADETS, MILITARY DRILL, FENCING, AND SPARRING ACADEMY.

Classes of Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children. Circulars sent on application.

No. 161 5th-av., cor. 22d-st., and No. 937 Broadway.

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

CHOICE FRUIT, CUT FLOWERS AND FLORAL DECORATIONS.

This exhibition will be opened for public inspection for three days only, viz.: WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Sept. 28, 29 and 30, at the rooms of the Institute, in the Cooper Union Building.

Admission 25 cents.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

10,000 MEN WANTED
AS
VOLUNTEERS OR SUBSTITUTES
TO REPRESENT THE
COUNTY OF NEW-YORK
IN THE
ARMY AND NAVY.

PAYMENT TO VOLUNTEERS
FOR BOTH
ARMY AND NAVY.

BOUNTY.

For three years—County	$300
For three years—Government	300
Total	$600
For two years—County	$200
For two years—Government	200
Total	$400
For one year—County	$170
For one year—Government	100
Total	$270

HAND MONEY.

Any person enlisting a recruit for either two or three years, will receive in hand money	$20
For one year	$100

PAYMENT TO SUBSTITUTES.
FOR BOTH
ARMY AND NAVY.

BOUNTY.

County—For three years	$300
County—For two years	200
County—For one year	170

HAND MONEY.

Any person enlisting a substitute for either two or three years, will receive in hand money	$35
For one year	$100

Substitutes both in the Army and Navy are required to make out that they are exempt from draft for one of the following reasons:

1. That he is an alien.
2. That he has served two years in the Army or Navy during the present rebellion.
3. That he is under twenty years of age.

Volunteers for the Navy must be able to show that they reside in this County, and that they have been duly enrolled at their place of residence.

The County Volunteer Committee, under instructions of the Board of Supervisors, having filled all quotas under all calls up to this time, announce that they have recommenced the business of recruiting for the Army and Navy, with the view of raising the quota under the existing call by the President for men.

Recruits or Substitutes will be received, as formerly, at the County Volunteer Rooms in the Park, corner of Broadway and Chambers-street, and on the Battery.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
County Volunteer Committee.
ORISON BLUNT,
Chairman.

Dated NEW-YORK, July 16, 1864.

NOTICE TO SUPERVISORS, AND CITIZENS GENERALLY.

750 VOLUNTEERS ARE READY to be credited to any Town or County in New York State, for ONE OR THREE YEARS.

TOWN and COUNTY QUOTAS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Alien and Veteran Substitutes and Representatives can be promptly furnished in any numbers.

Applications by telegraph or letter will be attended to promptly.

Apply to the General Volunteer and Substitute Recruiting Associations, of New York.

Office No. 428 Broadway, New York.
Lieut.-Col. R. W. WINFIELD SIMPSON,
Capt. R. McNICHOL,
Authorized Agents.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
New-York, April 16, 1864. }

ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and eighty dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 35th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.

STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY. }

WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

IMMENSE HIT
OF THE GREAT TOM-THUMB COMBINATION
IN THE
GRAND COMIC RAVEL PANTOMIME,
M. DECHALUMEAUX!
THREE ENTERTAINMENTS DAILY
IN THE LECTURE ROOM,
At 11 A. M., and 3 and 7½ P. M.

AVOID THE CROWDS—AVOID THE CROWDS, by attending the Morning Levee, at which time there will be NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR SEATS.

They will appear in

THEIR IDENTICAL WEDDING COSTUME

AFTERNOON AT 3,

THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER,

TONY DENIER IN COMIC PAS CHINOIS.

To conclude with the great pantomime

M. DECHALUMEAUX,

CHARACTERS BY TOM THUMB COMBINATION.

EVENING AT 7½.

LAST WEEK OF THE MASONIC DRAMA,

THE SIGNET OF KING SOLOMON.

TOM THUMB COMBINATION, GIANT, SEAL, &c.

Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

WALLACK'S.

OVERTURE COMMENCES AT 7¾ O'CLOCK.

FRIDAY—(First time this season) Goldsmith's standard comedy, with elegant and appropriate scenery and great cast,

SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER.

Young Marlow	Mr. Lester Wallack
Mr. Hardcastle	Mr. John Gilbert
Sir Charles Marlow	Mr. Browne
Tony Lumkin	Mr. G Holland

His first appearance this season.

Hastings	Mr. Whiting
Diggory	Mr. Young
Aminadab	Mr. Williamson
Stingo	Mr. Pope
Miss Hardcastle (first time)	Miss Mary Gannon
Mrs. Hardcastle	Mrs. Vernon
Miss Neville	Miss Madeline Henriques
Dolly	Miss Green

SATURDAY—Second time, Lovel's comedy of

LOOK BEFORE YOU LEAP.

Sir E. Lytton Bulwer's comedy of MONEY will shortly be acted.

A FIVE ACT PLAY IS IN PREPARATION.

THIS FRIDAY EVENING,

POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT OF
FALLON'S STEREOPTICON
AT IRVING HALL.

Tickets, 25 cents. Begins at 8 o'clock.

CARPENTER'S GREAT NATIONAL PICTURE—President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation before the Cabinet. Painted at the "White House." On exhibition at Crayon Art Gallery, corner of Broadway and 8th-st.

Admission, 25 cents; season tickets, 50 cents.

LECTURES.

JOHN B. GOUGH'S NEW LECTURE ON TEMPERANCE,

AT COOPER INSTITUTE,

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 11, 1864.

Tickets 50 cents each. For sale at
Rushton's, Astor House.
Robert Carter & Bro., No. 530 Broadway.
Wm. A. Pond & Co., No. 547 Broadway.
Miller & Matthews, No. 757 Broadway.

AUCTION SALES.

BOTELER & WILSON, Auctioneers.

BY BOTELER & WILSON, AUCTIONEERS.

OFFICE U. S. CAPITOL EXTENSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3 1864. }

On SATURDAY, Oct. 1, commencing at 10 A. M., the following variegated and plain marble will be sold at public auction on the grounds north of the United States Capitol:

100 blocks Tennessee marble.
1,009 cubic feet of remnants ditto.
12 pieces Potomac marble.
600 cubic feet Vermont green serpentine.
8 column shafts ditto.
2,000 cubic feet remnants Italian marble.

At the same time will be sold a large lot of doors, shutters and building materials of various kinds.

By order of the Secretary of the Interior.

CLEMENT L. WEST, General Superintendent.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Sept. 17, 1864. }

LEASES OF PUBLIC DOCKS, PIERS AND SLIPS AT AUCTION.

The right to collect and retain the wharfage for the use or occupation of the undermentioned docks, piers and slips, for the term of ten years from the first day of November, 1864, will be sold at public auction, at the City Hall, on TUESDAY, Oct. 18, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

NORTH RIVER.

Lot No. 1—Pier at the foot of Watts-st.
Lot No. 2—Pier No. 45, foot of Charlton-st.
Lot No. 3—Pier No. 46, foot of King-st.
Lot No. 4—Pier No. 47, foot of Houston-st.

Terms or conditions of sale can be had at the Comptroller's Office. By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN,
Comptroller.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

On FRIDAY, this day, at 11 o'clock, at salesroom No. 141 Broadway—auction sale of some very superb furniture, consisting of parlor suites of various styles, chamber suites, library and dining-room suites, rosewood etageres, oak and black walnut buffets, extension family tables, lounges, easy chairs, hall stands and chairs, book cases, &c. This sale will be absolute. Goods boxed for shipping on the premises. N. B. At private sale two rockaway wagons, three fine sleighs, and a general assortment of fine furniture.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

The undersigned will attend to sales at auction of REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, &C., on the most favorable terms, also to private sales.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer, No. 14 Pine-st.
(10 years with Adrian H. Muller.)

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, on SATURDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 o'clock, at No. 1 East 21st-st., corner 5th-av., an elegant French imported coleche and coupe, a superior dog-cart, (City made,) Stanhope and Rockaway, (City made,) an imported Italian park phaeton, a light wagon, shifting top, made by Milner & Stevens; also, an Albany Gould six seated sleigh; also, a pair of splendidly matched black ponies, 6 years old, 14 hands high, have been used by ladies; also, 1 black pony, 14 hands high, 4 years old; also, a beautiful black stallion, Silver Cloud, 15.3 high, 9 years old; also, a very stylish bright coupe mare, 15 hands high, 6 years old, warranted sound and kind in all harness, perfectly gentle, having been driven by a lady; also, several sets of single and double harness, blankets, whips, bells, &c. &c. The above is the private establishment of a gentleman leaving for Europe; will be positively sold without reserve.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, AT HALF past 10 o'clock, A. M., at No. 160 State-st., near Clinton-st., Brooklyn,

HANDSOME FURNITURE.

Rosewood parlor suite in maroon plush, library bookcase, walnut chamber suite in oil, walnut extension table and buffet, painted chamber set, rich china tea set, &c., &c.

ALL HORSES, CARRIAGES, HARNESS, &c., intended for SATURDAY'S sale, Oct. 1, must be sent in by 4 o'clock P. M., THIS DAY. United States Horse and Carriage Auction Mart, 5th av., corner of 44th-st.

H. J. JORDAN & CO., Proprietors.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, (FRIDAY,) SEPT. 30, AT 11¼ o'clock, on Pier No. 10 East River, 900 boxes fresh Sicily lemons, cargo brig *Sicilia*, from Palermo.

CHINESE AND JAPANESE GOODS—including a beautiful collection of SEA SHELLS, at auction at our store THIS DAY, No. 646 Broadway, at 11 o'clock.

D. W. IVES & CO., Auctioneers.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE.—ONE BEAUTIFUL GRAY MARE, six years old, perfectly sound and gentle, with a beautiful flowing tail; also, harness and wagon, all in good order, $600; one bay horse, fine style and action, seven years old, perfectly sound; one Brougham coupe, made by Wood Brothers, very fine vehicle, $300; one bay horse, $100; one large carry-all wagon, $150; one double horse family sleigh, Troy make, by Gould, and in perfect order, $250; two single sleighs, $75 each. Address Box No. 3,329 Post-office.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.

CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER,
No. 18 State-st., New-York, July 27, 1864. }

I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this City, until further notice.

Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and sixty-five ($165) each.

GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt and Asst. Quartermaster.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME TEAM OF WELL-matched dapple gray mares, nine years old, sound and kind, suitable for carriage or saddle, and perfectly safe for ladies' use; price low. Inquire of ED. BARSTOW, No. 82 Broadway, or F. C. PLATT, Owego, Tioga County, New-York.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF HANDSOME DARK sorrel carriage-horses, perfectly matched, six and seven years old, the property of a gentleman who sells them for want of use. Apply at the private stable, No. 43 West 20th-st., between Broadway and Sixth-avenue. The middle stable of five in a row.

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THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the name of PEDDIE & CO., in the City of New-York, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

THOMAS B. PEDDIE.
LUCY E. BURBECK.

SEPT. 22, 1864.

BEAUTIFUL CLEAN LINEN.—W. G. NIXEY'S Crystalized Extract of Fuller's Earth is the cheapest and best article for washing and beautifying linen, woolen, lace, lawn, muslin, &c.; possesses unequaled efficacy in removing grease, stains, and the smoke-like color of linen produced from bad washing; the excessive use of soda, lime, and other preparations of caustic alkali, and requires only to be tried to be appreciated.

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Director	MAX MARETZEK

OPENING OF THE REGULAR OPERA SEASON.

MONDAY, Oct. 3, 1864.

The Opera nights during the first week will be MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

NO MATINEE THE FIRST WEEK.

MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 3, 1864,

the first appearance in America of

Sgra. C. CAROZZI-ZUCCHI.

Sgr. B. MASSIMIALINI,

and the reappearance of

Mlle. MORENSI,

and

Signor BELLINI,

in Verdi's favorite opera of

IL TROVATORE.

TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 4, 1864,

first appearance in America of

Sgra. ELVIRA BRAMBILLA,

in

LA TRAVIATA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 5, 1864,

LUCREZIA BORGIA.

THURSDAY, Oct. 6, FIRST NIGHT IN BROOKLYN.

IL TROVATORE.

In addition to the ticket offices, where seats may be at any time secured, viz.: At the Academy of Music, 14th-st.; at Messrs. Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; at Messrs. Root & Anthony's, corner of Bleecker and Pine sts., a new office has been opened at the Music Store of Messrs. W. A. Pond & Co., No. 547 Broadway.

ALL THE TICKET OFFICES ARE NOW OPEN.

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MADAME D'ANGRI,

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By the kind permission of Max Maretzek.

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A GRAND ORCHESTRA

of sixty performers, under the direction of the popular Leader and Conductor,

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Signor ABELLA will preside at the piano-forte.

THE PROGRAMME

will comprise the finest Operatic Morceaux, Ballads, Concerted pieces, etc., etc., by the artists, and the most popular Overtures and Marches by the Grand Orchestra.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

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THIRD CONCERT, FRIDAY, 30TH.

Due notice will be given of

THE SECOND SERIES OF CONCERTS.

E. H. ELIAS, Actuary.

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THIS ELEGANT ESTABLISHMENT,

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CAMPAIGN MUSIC.—"COME RALLY FREEMEN, RALLY."

"THE COPPERHEAD OF 1864."
"THE CHICAGO COPPERHEAD."
"AND THE COPPERHEAD OF 1865."
"GOD SAVE OUR NOBLE UNION."
"BETTER TIMES ARE COMING."
"FRIENDS OF THE UNION WE GREET YOU."
"NO SLAVE BENEATH THAT STARRY FLAG."
"LET ME DIE WITH MY FACE TO THE FOE."

Music by James G. Clark and others.

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Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, beside being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, C. Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundel, Maurice Strakosch, Giovani Sconcia, and every good musician in the United States. All musical ears at once admit their great superiority. Warerooms No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

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$5,000.—COPARTNERSHIP.—WANTED, a partner with from $3,000 to $10,000, to engage in the manufacture of a new and useful article, wanted in almost every family, and sells readily for 300 or 400 per cent. profit. Call at No. 29 Cortlandt-st., from 9 to 11 A. M., or address Box No. 2,585 Post-office, New-York, for one week.

SEPT. 29, 1864.

STEAM PLANING AND SAW-MILL FOR SALE.—One of the best located mills in or around the City of New-York. This mill is now doing a splendid business through the entire year. To persons wishing to engage in a safe and profitable business, not in any way affected by the fluctuations in gold, the above offers an opportunity rarely to be met with. Satisfactory reasons will be given for selling. Address PLANING MILL, Box No. 139 *Times* Office.

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ENGINES FOR SALE.—ONE NEW AND ONE 20x24; also 4 new Cylinder Boilers. JOHN STUART, No. 195 Broadway, dealer in Machinery.

LATE NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

The Situation in Georgia.

The Peace Conference---Gov. Brown's Reply to Gen. Sherman.

A Rebel View of the Chicago Candidates.

General Conition and Spirit of the Southern People.

GEORGIA.

SHERMAN AND ATLANTA.

From the Mobile Tribune, Sept. 17.

The enemy has deliberately established a military camp and despotism in Atlanta. SHERMAN occupies as army headquarters, Judge LYON's house, HOWARD is in RAWSON's house, and Maj. BECKWITH, the Chief Commissary, occupies JAMES CLARKE's premises.

They are accumulating immense stores, and evidently intend to make a depot in Atlanta, whence they will operate with one of the most formidable armies we have yet encountered. To prevent it from being destructive, as they promise, it is our duty to harrass their rear and make the line of communication untenable. This can be done by dashing and daring commands, constantly cutting the road and destroying the means of transportation.

But if a few weeks of unmolested communication is permitted to the energetic and industrious General who now occupies Atlanta, he will be in a garrison where he can not only defy assault, but where he will have subsistence to support him for many months. Then, from his impenetrable fortress, he can laugh at our attempts to isolate him from the North. He will be indifferent to interruptions, whether they remain for days or weeks, or even months, and from this fortress in the very centre of our country, there will sally forth formidable parties, which will sweep the land as with a besom of destruction.

All our safety depends on the most desperate attacks on the enemy's rear; but if our supine and idle negligence permits the enemy to continue unmolested in his operations, we will continue to suffer and bow our heads in sorrow to the vandal hand that deals us the chastening and unresisted blow.—*Macon Intelligencer.*

SHERMAN'S POLICY VINDICATED.

From the Charleston Courier, Sept. 23d.

SHERMAN is certainly candid and outspoken, to say the least, and leaves no margin of doubt as to his intentions and policy. We deprecate any needless cruelty on our part, and any retaliation not directly and obviously conducive to the protection of our friends, but we could well have anticipated SHERMAN's policy in some respects.

The agitators and tories and traitors of Tennessee, Kentucky and other places have many of them, at least, been in our hands since the war opened, and have been treated with a miserable vacillation—only with surveillance or corrective attention enough to embitter them and not enough to prevent their further efforts against us.

Had our General anticipated and applied SHERMAN's policy and expelled from Atlanta all who were not rightfully there, and with and for us, the defence of the city would have been largely strengthened, or its value to the enemy on capture largely reduced. We have dealt too tenderly with skulkers and dodgers and lurking tories among us, and we get neither thanks nor credit for the concessions we have made. Without unnecessary and sudden cruelty, and with all provisions for the women and children, we could wisely imitate and apply to certain places the leading policy of SHERMAN. In Mobile and other cities there are now, as there were in Atlanta, some persons, perhaps many, who could and would do us less injury after deportation than they are now doing, and hoping to do under certain contingencies eagerly expected by them.

THE CHANGE OF POSITION IN GEORGIA.

From the Macon Telegraph.

It is no longer a secret that our army has changed its position, and is entrenched on the Montgomery and West Point Road. There is no reason why this movement should excite the fears and doubts of the people of this section of the country or cause the weak-kneed to become more tremulous than usual.

Before the evacuation of Atlanta, Macon and the surrounding country were more or less exposed, as was proved by the STONEMAN expedition, to raids from the enemy. Concentrating their cavalry at night and moving noiselessly around either flank of our army, the enemy could get many hours' start of our cavalry and commit numberless depredations before they could be overtaken. As we were constantly liable to these marauding expeditions, it became imperatively necessary that local organizations should be forced to resist and hold in check the forces of the enemy, until our cavalry could hasten to the scene of hostilities. The necessity of these local organizations and their good effect, were well illustrated in the Stoneman raid. The determined resistance offered by them to the advance of the enemy enabled our cavalry to catch up with the raiders, and capture or put to flight their whole force.

By the removal of our army to the West Point Road, Macon is no more exposed to raids than before. It will still be liable to such incursions, as the enemy have the enterprise and boldness to undertake, and will still be enabled to protect herself as she has hitherto done.

The present position of our army precludes, we think, the probability of SHERMAN's forces attempting a move in this direction. Should they essay so hazardous an undertaking, their flank and rear would be exposed to immediate attack by our army, and the result, with such an advantage in our favor, could hardly be doubtful. If any one will examine the map, they will perceive that, in the present position of the two armies, Macon is better protected than when our forces were at Jonesboro.

The fact, which we consider reliable, that the enemy are entirely without meat, and their draft animals perishing by hundreds for want of corn and forage, will render any immediate move on their part impossible. We think the "old women of both sexes" in Macon may sleep in peace. Let courage be restored to their hearts, and the silver spoons to their tables. Macon is certainly safe from the Yankees for the present.

Our army is firmly established in its new position—the left resting on the Chattahoochee River, and the line crossing the West Point Road, between Fairburn and Palmetto. The cavalry on our right is on the Macon Road, and will attend to any raiding parties which the enemy may undertake to dispatch in this direction. Our army is represented as in excellent spirits, while that of the enemy is said to be suffering for want of their accustomed rations, and a prey to apprehensions that their situation is by no means secure.

HOOD'S ARMY IN CLOVER.

A correspondent in HOOD's army writes to the Columbus *Enquirer* "We are now in the midst of plenty of corn and long forage, and our artillery horses are rapidly recruiting. Two week's rest at this place will put not only them, but us, in excellent traveling condition."

ABSENTEES AND DESERTERS.

LOVEJOY'S STATION, Sept. 15, 1864.

To Gov. Brown:

You will please instruct the furloughed militia to collect absentees and deserters in their respective districts, and turn them over to the Provost Marshals, to be sent to the army. J. B. HOOD, General.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Sept. 16, 1864.

Gen. J. B. Hood, Commanding Army of Tennessee:

I will comply with your request with pleasure, and will publish this correspondence as my order to the furloughed militia to arrest and send forward to your army, all deserters and stragglers in their respective neighborhoods. J. E. BROWN.

[Our readers will remember that Gov. BROWN on the 10th demanded the release of the Georgia Militia from HOOD's army. The foregoing correspondence shows to what use the rebel General has put the men thus furloughed.]

THE GEORGIA PEACE CONFERENCE.

From the Macon Telegraph.

We have a pretty reliable report of the result of the informal deputation to Gov. BROWN to invite him to a peace conference with Gen. SHERMAN. The latter had this project much at heart, and sent as his messenger a gentleman well known, of high social position in Georgia, to whom he tendered written credentials, if desired. He professed great unwillingness to penetrate further into Georgia and inflict the same devastation and misery which were sown broadcast in his rear. He sent an invitation to Gov. BROWN and other prominent gentlemen to come up and talk the matter over with him, and see if some scheme could not be devised to withdraw Georgia from the war and save her people from further suffering. He would like, if Gov. BROWN desired it, that the latter should ride over the State Road to Chattanooga, see "the condition of his people in the rear, and realize the strong claims upon his sympathy it presented." The reply of Gov. BROWN, we understand, was very much to this effect: Tell Gen. SHERMAN that I understand him to be only a General of one of the Federal armies, while I am merely a Governor of one of the Confederate States. I don't see how we can negotiate; or, if we should undertake it, how our negotiations can lead to any practical results.

FROM MOBILE.

From the Mobile Tribune, Sept. 17.

There is nothing from below to-day. There is no notable change in the position of the enemy's vessels.

From a member of the Fifteenth Confederate Cavalry, we learn that in the raid on Fish River, which we have already alluded to, the Yankee vessels went up as far as SMITH & PATTON's mills, about ten miles from the mouth of the river. They there stole some 60,000 feet of lumber, and all the cattle, poultry, &c., which they could lay their hands on. They also destroyed all the furniture of the dwelling house, even down to one poor clock.

A party of cavalry, under command of Lieut. GRAY, made its appearance about this time, and fired a few shots at the marauders, who incontinently fled, and left the river.

THE GAINES AND SELMA ENGAGING THE REBEL BATTERIES.

From the Richmond Enquirer, Sept. 26.

The Confederate steamer *Gaines*, which figured so conspicuously in the late naval fight, and in which she was reported to be so riddled that it was necessary to beach her, has been repaired and put in the Yankee service. Thursday morning she steamed up to within range of one of our western shore batteries, which fired two shots at her. Subsequently the steamer *Selma*, another of our captured vessels, came up and shelled out the woods along the shore, in the vicinity of the same battery.

A BRUSH WITH THE SELMA.

From the Same.

Night before last the *Selma* came up and anchored about three-quarters of a mile in front of Major BOB HARRIS's camp, near the mouth of Dog River. Supposing that she meant an attack, the Major during the night sent his wagons, etc., to a safe place, and at daylight in the morning opened on the *Selma* with his Blakely gun, getting off three shots before the gunboat's men could be beat to quarters. Two more sufficed to make the *Selma* say "farewell," using her stern gun as she was retiring, but without effect. Out of the five shots from shore, we have authority for saying that two struck the *Selma*. Major HARRIS's men, it may be remembered, were taken by him from our "Camp of Correction."

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

THE CHICAGO CANDIDATES.

From the Richmond Examiner, Sept. 24.

Whatever may be the advantages as regards the attainment of office of so ambiguous a procedure as that of the Chicago Convention, in nominating two candidates of apparently widely different principles, and one of them at least has been palmed off on the sincere peace men by a dexterous piece of charlatanism, it is unfortunate for the true interests of peace that a policy of directness and good faith was not adopted, in place of one fraught with future trouble and uncertainty. Had an unmistakable and decided peace candidate been selected, his defeat, if it had revealed the fact of a powerful party disposed to peace, would not only have had a potent immediate effect, but would have tended speedily to increase the desire for peace among the people. A few Confederate victories would have rapidly ripened public sentiment. LINCOLN himself, thoroughly committed as he is to the prosecution of the war, might not have been deaf to the out-spoken demand of growing sentiment. The harlequin President might have vaulted into the ring in the new character of an advocate of peace, and finding as little difficulty in violating his pledges and eating his words as he has heretofore done, might have entertained the audience with a series of clownish jests on the subject of peace, as entertaining at least as those he is accustomed to make on the horrid realities of war.

The great question of the day having been blinked by the opposition to LINCOLN, it is problematical whether their success or that of the present incumbents is most favourable to the interests of humanity. All sorts of crude theories as to possible revolution in case of the defeat of the Democratic party, are ventilated. They scarcely merit serious consideration. The only vital question at present is, whose success is least likely to prove an insurmountable barrier to peace. LINCOLN's election now would be looked upon by himself as an approval of his cause, would seem to spring from satisfaction with the military position, and would strengthen his determination. His election itself has been urged as a military measure of no small importance. It has been asserted by his friends that it would at once drive the South to despair.

The election of MCCLELLAN, *on the other hand, at least opens the way to new combinations. "Paciencia y barajar,"* says the Spanish proverb. "Patience and shuffle the cards." *A new deal may perhaps prove propitious, but the only certain trumps are the Confederate armies.*

THE FIGHTING MATERIAL IN THE SOUTH.

From the Mobile Tribune, Sept. 17.

How many men has the Confederacy under arms? This is a question that is asked almost hourly. There can be no definite answer to it; but if one sets them down, of all arms, at 300,000, the figures, we suspect, will cover the whole number. How many are indirectly engaged in the public service is equally uncertain; but let us put this down at 200,000, not including negroes, and we have a sum total of 500,000.

Let us now try to discover how many white men the Confederacy ought to be able to have for this work of saving the country and themselves. We have before us the United States census of 1860, and may with confidence make that a reliable premise. The nine States that the enemy can lay no claim to, had in 1860 a white population of 4,480,984. From this we omit Arkansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri and Tennessee, with an aggregate population of 3,856,728. But we shall place Arkansas with the South, and we give half the population of the four other States, as the measure of our calculation of the soldiers which they have yielded, and will hereafter yield, for the defence of the country. With half of the population of these four States, added to the population which we have to draw from, the total is 6,252,091.

It is this population which is to supply our armies. Deducting women and children and old men, there must be from these figures, 2,000,000 men fit for service—that is, under a stress which demands the aid of every one. Of this number there is not one-fourth in the field, for the 300,000 that we give to our armies are men that we probably have; and the 200,000 adjuncts we only guess at. It is a very liberal estimate, for it supplies two adjuncts to every three men with arms in their hands.

But these proximate estimates are near enough to show that not one-half the fighting men of the South are in the service. Where they are we do not know. We observe here in Mobile men under arms with heads as gray as badgers—men who have not only lost sons in battle, but also grandsons. Where are the lusty men that ought to save them from this unusual toil? Where are they? They are somewhere about—hiding, skulking, or covered up by some kind of nepotism or favoritism. They are not in the field. That much we do know. Where are they? What officer is shielding them from the service they owe the country? What holes and corners are they stowed within, so that now, when nothing but men are needed to drive the enemy from our soil, that enemy is on it, menacing all of Georgia and Alabama, and succeeding in those States, dominating, as a consequence, all the Gulf States? Where are the 2,000,000, lacking the 200,000 in covert, and 300,000 fighting like true men?

All through the country our papers are dealing with this question of a lack of fighting men, even whilst every one knows that it is only a great camp, and that as far as we can see there is nothing at all to interpose to the Government's obtaining all the aid that is necessary.

This, however, is an ungrateful and a humiliating subject to deal with, and we only say what is here written as an introduction to an article which we extract from the Richmond *Dispatch*.

First Fall Meeting of the Hudson County Agricultural Society.

FIRST DAY.

The inauguration of this new and most conveniently located race course took place on Tuesday, under the most favorable auspices of bright sunshine and a cloudless sky.

The new course is situated on the Erie Railroad line, at the edge of the flats, about four or five miles back of Hoboken, and is convenient of access either by rail from the Pavonia Ferry, by road from either Jersey City or Hoboken, and to up-town New-Yorkers by the Forty-second-street Ferry, where a good road, of a little over two miles, leads direct to the course.

The race-track is laid out on the most modern [and] improved plan, and though entirely new and much of it made ground, was in excellent racing condition. All the adjuncts of grand stand, field stands, refreshment-rooms, stabling, &c., are of the most complete and convenient description, and if the management be but correspondingly energetic and liberal in their arrangements of stakes and purses, there is no doubt that this course will next year become immensely popular with New-Yorkers.

In all new undertakings, especially when they are handled by persons unaccustomed to the business, we are apt to expect some shortcomings and to overlook them when we know that the intention is right, and that error, if there be any, is to be attributed rather to lack of knowledge than absence of desire to render things as perfect as possible. Unfortunately, the managers of the new course did not make their inauguration as publicly known as they should. They presumed, and justly, that all the sporting world was aware of the fact, but they forgot that there is a larger outside world, the members of which make up the crowd that assemble on all great racing occasions, whose curiosity it is necessary to stimulate, and whose patronage and support must be invited. Confine the attendance on a race track to mere racing men, and the receipts at the gate will not begin to pay the necessary purses and stakes of a third-class meeting, let alone one that is ambitious of preëminence. About two thousand persons were present on the opening day, all of whom were highly gratified with the arrangements of the committee, and the excellent character of the sport, of which we append a summary:

TUESDAY, Sept. 27—FIRST RACE.—Sweepstakes of $200, for three-year olds, one mile dash, $25 entrance, p. p. $75 entrance money to go to second horse, and $25 entrance money to go to third horse. Closed as follows:

Mr. F. Morris' gr. c. by imp. Eclipse, out of Sally Ward, Jr., by imp. Glencoe.......... 1
Mr. F. Morris' b. f. by imp. Eclipse, out of Eta, by Bolivar.......... 2
Mr. J. P. Ackerman's ch. c. Eagle, by Vandal, dam by imp. Sovereign.......... 3
Col. P. C. Bush's b. f. Lurline, by imp. Knight of St. George, dam by imp. Trustee.......... dr.
Dr. J. W. Weldon's b. f. Charlotte F., by imp. Cythian, out of Sally Polk, by imp. Ambassador.......... dr.
Mr. A. C. Jennings' ch. c. Lexicon, by Lexington, dam by im. Glencoe.......... dr.
Time—1:48¼.

Eagle was the favorite at $100 to $5. The bay filly went off with the lead, with the gray in her wake, and *Eagle* last. The bay made all the running to the half-mile pole, where the grey went up, took the lead, was never afterward approached, and came home the easiest of winners, without being extended.

SECOND RACE.

The ferry stakes of $600 for all ages, three mile heats, entrance $50, p. p.; entrance money to go to second horse; closed with the following entries:

Col. P. C. Bush's ch. c. Fleetwing, by Balrownie, out of Rhoda, by imp. Glencoe, 4 years.......... 1 1
Mr. A. C. Jennings' ch. c. Lexicon, by Lexington, dam by imp. Glencoe.......... 2 2
Mr. D. F. Peedy's Patti.......... Dr.

THIRD RACE.

Premium of $200, for all ages, mile heats. Closed with the following entries:

Mr. C. Lloyd's b. c. by Slasher, dam by imp. Langford, 3 years.......... 1 1
Mr. Thomas Clark's ch. f., pedigree unknown.......... 2 2
Col. C. P. Bush's b. c. Ben Bruce, by Lexington, dam by Altorf, 4 years.......... 2
Mr. J. Pincus' b. c. Velos, by Vandal, dam by imp. Sovereign, 5 years.......... 4

First Heat—Betting was two and three to one on *Ben Bruce*. In a good start *Bruce* took the lead, with *Slasher* at his quarters, the other two close up. Rounding the turn *Bruce* was still in front, with a strong lead, closely pressed by *Slasher*. There was no change down the back-stretch, the other two making a waiting race on the two leaders. They passed the half mile much in the same position, *Bruce* still having the lead. At the three-quarter pole the race was left to *Bruce* and *Slasher*, the other two out of the race. At the home-stretch turn *Slasher* challenged *Bruce*, took the lead, and came home an easy winner by three lengths. Time, 1:57¾.

Second Heat.—Bruce and Slasher were the only starters, the other two having been drawn. Bruce took the lead, with Slasher at his girth. Rounding the turn they went neck and neck. Down the backstretch Slasher closed, and they ran side and side past the quarter and half mile posts. Making the three-quarter, Slasher went in front, and at the home-stretch turn took a determined lead, continuing it to the end, and coming home an easy winner without an effort, by ten lengths, in 1 57½.

THE SECOND DAY OF THE MEETING

Was announced for Thursday, but owing to the rain storm which prevailed throughout the morning which rendered the track heavy, it was postponed

FASHION COURSE, L. I.—TROTTING.

TUESDAY, Sept. 27.—Sweepstakes $1,500, half forfeit, mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

H. Jones named b. s. Henry B. Patchen.......... 1 1 1
H. Dobb named b. m. —— 2 2 2
J. Lovett named blk. g. —— .... p. f.
Time—2:39, 2:41, 2:39¼.

The above race was between three of the get of the famous stallion *George M. Patchen*, and it had produced a great deal of interest among the breeders of that excellent stock. Every man that had one thought he had the best, and a race to test the relative merits of the youngsters was thought the best way to settle the matter. Three of them engaged in a sweepstakes; but at the appointed time two only came to the post—viz: *Henry B. Patchen* and DOBB's mare. The stallion beat her very handsomely in three straight heats, in most capital style for a young one. HORACE F. JONES nursed and trained this stallion, and brought him to the post in the same style that he produced the great *Fillingham*, in his best form.

UNION COURSE, L. I.—TROTTING.

TUESDAY, Sept. 27.—Match $2,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

D. Pfifer named g. m. Blonde.......... 2 1 1 1
H. Woodruff named b. g. Cardinal.......... 1 2 2 2
Time—2:43, 2:36¼, 2:41, 2:43.

UNION MEETINGS.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 30.

Palmyra—Rev. A. P. Foss, of New-Hampshire.
Waverly—Joseph J. Couch, Esq., Hon. W. T. B. Millikin.
Penn Yan—Col. T. H. Gibbs, Hon. Lorenzo Sherwood.
Yonkers—Major James Haggerty.
Bridgeport, Conn—Gen. T. M. Hite, Col Turner Bryan.
Brooklyn—C. C. Woodman, Esq.
Ithaca—Hon. Chauncey M. Depew.
Patchogue—E. Delafield Smith, Esq., F. W. Sumner.

SATURDAY, OCT. 1.

Albion—Rev. A. P. Foss, of New-Hampshire.
Schenectady—Hon. Thos. G. Alvord, Hon. B. F. Bruce, Rev. B. J. Ives.
Havana—Col. T. H. Gibbs, Hon. Lorenzo Sherwood.
Corning—Hon. C. M. Depew.
Hornellsville—G. G. Bellows, Esq.
Seneca Falls—Ethan Allen, Esq.
Red Bank, N. J.—Gen. Thomas M. Hite, Col. Turner Bryan.
Buffalo—Isaac N. Arnold, of Illinois.

MONDAY, OCT. 3.

Gloversville—Hon. Thomas G. Alvord.
Glen's Falls—Hon. Horace Greeley.
Rochester—Hon. C. M. Depew.
New-York—Hon. W. K. Peck, of Connecticut.
Twelfth Ward, Harlem—Hon. Abram Wakeman, F. J. Fithian, Esq.
Haverstraw—Timothy Cronin, Esq.
New-York—Thomas B. Van Buren, Esq.
Warsaw—Rev. G. De La Matyr.
Addison—G. G. Bellows, Esq.
Owego—Col. O. T. Beard.
Lockport—Hon. I. N. Arnold, of Illinois.
Danbury Conn.—Maj. James Haggerty.
Newark, N. J.—Hon. E. B. Turner, of Texas.
Belmont—Hon. Lorenzo Sherwood, Col. T. H. Gibbs.
Medina—Rev. A. P. Foss, of N. H.

TUESDAY, OCT. 4.

Ticonderoga—Hon. Horace Greeley.
Brooklyn—Hon. W. K. Peck, of Conn.
Nyack—Rev. W. H. Boole.
Perry—Rev. G. De La Matyr.
Bath—G. G. Bellows, Esq.
Elmira—Col. O. T. Beard.
Brooklyn—Hon. Thos. G. Alvord.
Geneva—Hon. C. M. Depew.
Cuba—Hon. Lorenzo Sherwood, Col. T. H. Gibbs.
Lindenville—Rev. A. P. Foss, of N. H.
Greenwich—C·. Maj. James Haggerty.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 5.

Riverhead—Hon. T. G. Alvord, John J. Couch, Esq.
Plattsburgh—Hon. Horace Greeley.
Clarkstown—Rev. W. H. Boole, Hon. W. K. Peck, of Con.
Canton—Hon. Lyman Tremain.
Hammondsport—G. G. Bellows, Esq.
Penn Yan—Col. O. T. Beard.
Geneseo—Hon. C. M. Depew.
Olean—Hon. Lorenzo Sherwood, Col. T. H. Gibbs.
Newfane—Rev. A. P. Foss, of N. H.

THURSDAY, OCT. 6.

Orange, N. J.—Maj. James Haggerty.
Chateaugay—Hon. Horace Greeley.
Potsdam—Hon. Lyman Tremaine.
Prattsburgh—G. G. Bellows, Esq.
Canandaigua—Col. O. T. Beard.
Newburgh—Hon. W. K. Peck, of Connecticut.
Buffalo—Hon. C. M. Depew.
Ellicottville—Hon. Lorenzo Sherwood, Col. T. H. Gibbs.

FRIDAY, OCT. 7.

Ogdensburgh—Hon. Horace Greeley.
Ithaca—Hon. Thomas G. Alvord.
Patchogue—Rev. W. H. Boole.
Liberty—G. G. Bellows, Esq.
Goshen—Hon. W. K. Peck, of Connecticut.
Millport—Col. O. T. Beard.
Batavia—Hon. C. M. Depew.
Dunkirk—Hon. Lorenzo Sherwood, Col. T. H. Gibbs.
Brooklyn—Maj. James Haggerty.

SATURDAY, OCT. 8.

Wayland—G. G. Bellows, Esq.
Corning—Col. O. T. Beard.
Auburn—Hon. T. G. Alvord, Hon. C. M. Depew.
Watertown—Hon. Horace Greeley.
Westfield—Col. T. H. Gibbs, Hon. Lorenzo Sherwood.

Evening Exchange.

90,000	Am. Gold	190	100	Ill. Cen. R.	118
30,000	do	191	300	do	118⅜
10,000	O. & Miss. C.	37	500	do	118⅝
300	N. Y. Cen. R.	114½	200	Clev. & Pitts	106⅜
100	Erie R.	93	100	do	106½
1800	do	93⅜	100	Chi. & R. I. R.	95⅞
500	do b3	93½	100	do	96
650	do	93¾	100	do b3	96
900	do	93⅞	200	Chi. & N. W. R. s3	44⅜
300	Hudson R. R.	110⅞	100	Chi. & N. W. Pr. s30	78
200	do	111	100	do b5	78⅛
100	do s10	111⅛	400	do	78
100	do	111¼	400	Cum. Coal Co.	61½
400	do	111⅜	600	do	61⅝
1600	Reading R.	120⅝	300	do s10	61⅜
1400	do	120⅜	700	Quick. M. Co.	81⅝
200	do	120¾	100	do b5	81¾
400	do	121	300	do	81⅞
600	do	120⅞	100	do b3	81⅜
1500	Mich. So. & N. I.	71½	200	do b10	81
200	P., Ft. W. & Chic.	98	100	do c	80¾

[Advertisement.]

Dr. W. H. Gregg:

DEAR SIR: I have been suffering for a long time with what physicians call Diseases of the *Prostate Gland*, and *Retention of Urine*, and was unable to obtain any relief until I used CONSTITUTION WATER, which began to produce its curative effect after taking one or two doses, and no man can be more grateful than I at the results, having suffered all that a man could suffer and live; and rather than be deprived of the medicine, I would be willing to pay *Fifty Dollars* a bottle for it.

It has not only cured me, but several other officers in my district have been cured by it, and I would recommend everybody suffering from any diseases of the kidneys to use Constitution Water.

RICHARD LUSH,
Sergeant IXth Ward Police.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1861.

Sold wholesale by MORGAN & ALLEN, No. 46 Cliff-st., and all Druggists.

[Advertisement.]

WINDOW SHADES.

Gold, Holland, &c. New style Shade Fixtures at reduced prices. G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING's Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

"HOW TO READ CHARACTER."—Learn the Function of the Faculties from the *Phrenological Journal*, and the Location of the Organs from the new Bust just issued by Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS; No. 389 Broadway. Newsmen have the *Journal*, druggists and booksellers have the Bust, which is both useful and ornamental. Examinations day and evening.

Passengers Sailed.

In bark Teresa, for St. Thomas and Maracaibo—Santiago Michelena, Miss De Meza, Jaime Pocaterra.

Passengers Arrived.

In U. S. steam transport Fulton, from Port Royal—Col. C. R. Brayton, Col. Slidill, Lieut.-Col. U. Doubleday, Major Bailey, Capts. J. McKenna, D. McKibbin, E. S. Smith, D. B. Churchill, A. Thompson, E. Charlier, J. E. Mackenzie, W. W. Sampson, A. W. Jackson, A. E. Green, G. L. Smith, Surg. A. Wynkoop, Surg H. R. Silliman, Adjt. G. O. Gorton, Chaplains H. S. White, C. Dixon, Lieuts. C. W. Amory, G. S. Reed, T. Fiddler, J. W. Robinson, W. R. Andrews, W. A. Boyce, G. T. Remington, J. E. Barr, G. H. Crocker, W. B. Dean, J. McEntee, W. N. Hansome, G. W. Green, P. D. Corey, L. T. Babcock, Asst. Surgs. Bott, Watson, J. H. D. Ewing, W. Macpherson, J. G. Bretz, R. Rae, J. A. Meredith, N. Markson, Crayren, Chaplain Dennison, Mr. Sawyer, lady and 3 children, O. G. Sawyer, J. H. Pilsbury, Treasury Agent; W. H. Hyatt, Mrs S. R. Ward, Mrs. Miller, Mr. Brandies, C. Hamburger, S. W. Bennett W. Mackenzie, Dr. Hanson, J. E. Allhous, D. Wighton, C. Modson, L. R. Curtis, S. F. Brown, J. B. De Cue, E. Ryan, J. Lathrop, A. Ensign C. F. Moore, A. Asst. Paymaster G. A. Emerson, U. S. N.; C. W. Moore, U. S. N.; H. W. Cass, W. D. Vernam, L. B. Cole, D. Howard, T. Edwards, R. Leonard, J. S. Luney, S. Hall, E. D. Freeman, E. L. Weld, G. Gleason, R. Hickey, W. T. Payne, 82 cabin and 300 steerage.

SEPT. 29—*In steamship Bremen, from Bremen, &c.*—Mr. Salzberger and wife, Therese Meyer, T. E. Blankardt, Herm. Schutte, Henrietta Wild and family, Elizabeth Schwill, Caroline Legien and child, L. Wertheimer and family, L. Schwarz, J. Pagowitz and daughter, Mrs. Schultz, C. Dettmar, E. Howland, A. Evans, E. H. Blaschfield, C. Brauer and family, Marie Koster, Mr. Sellman, Mr. Wesendonck, Theo. Eisfeld, Peter Nemminger, T. H. Whitehouse, Miss Lane, Mr. Freyberg, Mrs. Liese, Mr. and Mrs. Crandall, H. Hutchinson, 104 second cabin, and 469 in the steerage.

In steamer Petrel, from Beaufort, N. C.—Mrs. Piner, Mrs. Bell, Mrs. Hornthall, Messrs. Geo. H. Hart, Carpenter, J. H. Curry, Bakeman, Blye, L. A. Davis, Suydam, Totton, Glasson, Horton, W. Mack, Card, Chase, Sanford, P. J. McNamara, J. W. Anderson, Miss Jessie A. Anderson, Mrs. Abrehams, Mrs. Walters and 2 children, Mrs. Andrews.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 55 | Sun sets...... 5 45 | Moon sets.. 5 10

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 7 11 | Gov. Island.. 8 00 | Hell Gate.. 9 22

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Sept. 29.

Cleared.

Steamer Vulcan, Morrison, Philadelphia.

Ships Ellora, (Br.,) Coulter, Boston, C. C. Duncan & Co.; Auguste, (Brem.,) Von Harten, Cadiz, Ruger Bros.; Cicero, (Br.,) Alexander, Liverpool, J. W. Elwell & Co.

Barks A. M. Lovett, (Br.,) Lovett, Liverpool, Boyd & Hincken; Queen Mab, (Br.,) Bartlett, Liverpool, Boyd & Hincken; Yumuri, Johnson, Matanzas, Trujillo & Vining; Hamburg, (Brem.,) Wachter, Bremen, Ruger Bros.

Brigs Paul & Marie, (Pruss.,) Kempt, Cette, France, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Anna Marie, (Pruss.,) Bughdahl, Bordeaux, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Los Amigos, (Br.,) Lind, Maranham and Para, L. E. Amsinck & Co.; Susan B. Thompson, Downing, Matamoras, A. W. Ladd & Co.; H. G. Berry, (Br.,) Colson, Havana, J. E. Ward & Co.; Lady of the Lake, (Br.,) Hill, Jacmel, R. Thackeray.

Schooners Adelia Kelly, Blatchford, Port Royal, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Sally Gay, Stetson, Washington, Bentley, Smith & Co; Honest Abe, Coney, Boston, W. S. Brown & Co.; R. M. Browning, Steelman, Fortress Monroe, M. T. Runyon & Co.; Alice, Hallett, Washington, A. Abbott; S. P. Goodwin, Peck, Stamford; Electra, (Br.,) Riddle, Clara and Para, L. E. Amsinck & Co.; Kate Field, Allen, Ship Island, Benner & Brown; Crusade, Heard, Providence, H. S. Rackett & Son; Marshall Perrin, Gibbs, Fortress Monroe, C. Goodspeed; Cabot, Witherspoon, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Fleetwood, Gardiner, Washington, L. Kenny; Ann Amelia, Hallock, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Frank Mane, Barber, Bangor, R. P. Buck & Co.

Arrived.

U. S. steam transport Fulton, Wotton, Port Royal, S. C., Sept. 26, with mails and passengers to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. Sept. 27, off Wilmington, N. C., passed U. S. gunboat James Adger. Sept. 28, 40 miles S. of Absecom, passed transport Arago, bound S. The F. brings home 250 of the 3d R. I. Artillery, in charge of Col. Brayton.

Steamship Bremen, (Russ.,) Meyer, Bremen 11th, via Southampton 14th, with mdse and 625 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Had strong westerly winds on the passage. 21st inst., lat. 46 30, lon. 38, passed Br. bark Mercara, bd. E. 22d, passed ship Anna Guthrie, strg. E.

U. S. gunboat Glaucus, George H. Cooper, Hampton Roads 34 hours.

Steamship Petrel, Davis, Beaufort, N. C., Sept. 27, with cotton, naval stores and passengers to Murray & Nephew.

Bark Reckabite, (of New-Glasgow,) Leman, St. Martin's 20 ds., with salt to Brett, Son & Co. Left no Am. vessels.

Bark Coquette, (Br.,) Pendleton, Cardenas 12 ds., with molasses to Sheppard Gaudy.

Bark Houston, Spates, Hilton Head 6 ds., in ballast to Wakeman, Gookin & Nickerson.

Brig Henry Thackery, (Br., of Turks Island,) Laraway, Miragoane Sept. 17, with logwood to Robert Murray, Jr. Sept. 27, lat. 37 10, lon. 74 27, was boarded from U. S. gunboat Juniata, cruising, all well.

Brig Sarah B. Crosby, (of Portland,) Crosby, Glace Bay 14 ds., with coal to Brett, Son & Co. Sld. in co. with bark Pilot Fish, for New-York.

Brig Sarah E. Kennedy, (of Waldoboro,) Hoffses, Cow Bay, C. B., 14 ds., with coal to Metcalf & Duncan.

Schr. Sea Breeze, (of St. John, N. B.,) Rogers, Leghorn July 16, passed Gibraltar Aug. 1, with marble, rags, etc., to Fabbricotti Bros. Had very moderate weather the entire passage.

Schr. Emma F. Prindall, Ward, Baltimore 4 ds., with corn to master.

Schr. L. A. Bayles, Bayles, Port Jefferson.
Schr. Michigan, Sanders, Rondout, for Boston.
Schr. Helen Mar, Wilet, Port Jefferson.
Schr. Lark, Johnson, Stamford.
Schr. Billow, Hall, Willet's Point.
BELOW—One brig, unknown.
WIND—Sunset, S.

Spoken, &c.

Conflict—Br. ship, from London for Calcutta, with troops, all well, Aug. 13, lat. 16 32 S., lon, 33 02 W.

Foreign Ports.

At Miragoane, Sept. 17, bark Chanticleer, for New-York in 6 days.

SAFES.

LILLIE & SON,

TROY, N. Y.,

Are now prepared to fill orders for their

CELEBRATED

CHILLED AND WROUGHT-IRON SAFES

in great variety. Bank and Commercial Safes of different sizes, with DOUBLE BURGLAR VAULTS inside, fastened with three Combination Locks. Equal security for the money expended cannot be found elsewhere.

H. R. HUBBELL, AGENT,
NO. 198 BROADWAY.

WILLCOX & GIBBS Sewing Machine.

IT IS ENTIRELY NOISELESS.

A patented device prevents it being turned backward.

THE NEEDLE CANNOT BE SET WRONG.

It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863.

PRINCIPAL OFFICES:

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HAMBURG—No. 44 Hermann-st.
PARIS—No. 82 Boulevard de Sebastopol.
ST. PETERSBURGH—No. 15 Gorochovay.
VIENNA—No. 9 Wildpretmarket.
BRUSSELS—No. 12 Rue Croisade.
SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA—No. 292 Pitt-st.

PERECO'S PATENT BOSOM SHIRT.

Perfect Fitting AND MORE DURABLE Than any Other.

READY MADE OR TO ORDER.

IRA PEREGO & SONS
NO. 175 BROADWAY—NO. 85 NASSAU-ST. N. Y.

HOW TO LIVE CHEAP.—IN ORDER TO EFFECT a great saving in your household expenses, buy your Teas, Coffees, Flour, Wines, Fish and Provisions from THOMAS R. AGNEW, wholesale department, No. 262 Greenwich-st., and retail corner of Murray and Greenwich sts. One price cash house.

PETROLEUM

RICHARDS KINGSLAND,
No. 38 Pine-st., New-York,
Buys and sells
OIL STOCK AND LAND.

Has for sale the following

OIL STOCKS:

SEPTEMBER DIVIDENDS

Will be advanced on all stocks purchased on or before he 1st October, as follows:

Noble Well Petroleum Oil Company, September Dividend, 2 per cent

Maple Shade Petroleum Oil Company, September Dividend, 3 per cent.

United States Petroleum Oil Company, September Dividend, 2 per cent.

Consolidated Petroleum Oil Company, September Dividend, 1¼ per cent.

Success Petroleum Oil Company, September Dividend, 2½ per cent.

Knickerbocker Petroleum Oil Company, September Dividend, 1 per cent.

Manhattan Petroleum Oil Company, September Dividend, 5 per cent.

Buchanan Farm Oil Company, September Dividend 1 per cent.

ASTOR BURNING SPRING
PETROLEUM LAND ASSOCIATION,
CONSISTING OF
ABOUT 7,000 ACRES,
IN THE
KANAWHA VALLEY, WIRT AND CALHOUN COUNTIES, IN WEST VIRGINIA,
Known as the Celebrated "Rathbone Tract."
TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF
ORIGINAL SUBSCRIPTIONS
TO THE
CAPITAL STOCK OF THE
ASTOR BURNING SPRING PETROLEUM LAND ASSOCIATION,
TO BE INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF NEW-YORK
CAPITAL, $2,000,000, OF 100,000 SHARES.
PAR VALUE, $20.
10,000 SHARES RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

Original subscription $8, being full paid-up Stock without any further assessment.

A Committee to be selected by the Shareholders as soon as a majority of the Stock is subscribed for, to go out and report; and if the property is not fully as represented, your subscription, at your option, will be void; no payment being asked for until the above conditions are verified, and the full amount subscribed for.

If the Committee report favorably, then a meeting of the Shareholders will be called for the purpose of electing their own officers and forming the Company and Association.

Books for original subscriptions are now opened at the office, and maps of the property, and full information in regard to the matter, and names of parties already interested, will be furnished on application to the undersigned, at his office, or by letter addressed to

RICHARDS KINGSLAND,
No. 38 Pine-st., New-York.

UNITED PETROLEUM FARMS ASSOCIATION.

These farms and interests consist of about 1,200 acres of oil lands in *fee*, in Pennsylvania, and also two leasehold interests, most of which are situated immediately upon Oil Creek and the Allegheny River.

They combine, as we think, much the largest oil enterprise that has ever been offered to the public. There are now some fifteen wells producing, and about the same number going down.

The present production to this interest is about 160 to 200 barrels per day, which, at $11 per barrel for 160 barrels, is $1,760, or $642,400 per year.

The entire property costs $2,275,000, and the present production is paying *about two and a half per cent.* per month on that amount, *or nearly 30 per cent.* per annum; and with ordinary success, the wells that are now in process of being bored (which wells will, no doubt, be producing within the next 30 to 90 days,) will double the amount of product, and perhaps increase it tenfold, or more. There is room on these farms to bore at least 2,000 wells, and the amount of oil that may be produced upon them is almost beyond calculation. It is a fact well known to oil shippers that more than seven-tenths of the people of Europe, as yet, have never used petroleum, for the reason that not enough of it has been produced to furnish them. And again, it is true that our Southern people have not been favored with it, which makes it very evident that there is no danger of obtaining an over abundance of it. It has already become one of the leading staples of trade, though it is only in its infancy. We propose to put this property into at least three companies, with a capital of not less than $5,000,000 each, or $15,000,000 for the whole; and we confidently believe we can make these farms pay one per cent. per month on $15,000,000 within the next twelve months.

It will be seen, that the parties purchasing upon the subscription basis, at $2,275,000, get upon the stock basis over six dollars for one; and as soon as we can make the production pay one per cent. a month, the stock will readily be worth par. Some wealthy influential gentlemen of this City have personally been to Oil Creek to examine these particular farms and interests, and we are pleased to say, they are among the leading subscribers to this purchase. We believe all who have returned express themselves highly gratified, and many of them voluntarily say, they regard one of the farms worth more than is being paid for the whole.

We most unequivocally recommend this enterprise to all our friends.

The maps and schedules to all the property are at our office, where we shall be pleased to show them to all who may desire to call, and will cheerfully give any and all other information relative to this property.—NEW-YORK, Sept. 5, 1864. WED. W. CLARKE & CO.,

CENTRAL PETROLEUM EXCHANGE OFFICE, No. 10 PINE-ST.

THE BROADWAY FIRE.

LETTER FROM BANGS, MERWIN & CO.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 19, 1864.

Messrs. Herring & Co.:

GENTLEMEN: It is with pleasure we inform you that the Herring's Patent Champion Safe, which we purchased from you, passed through the ordeal of fire in the conflagration which entirely destroyed our premises, and has fully sustained its acknowledged reputation. On opening the safe after the fire, our books and papers were all found well preserved, the money as bright as when put in. No injury was sustained except the binding of the books, which was affected by the steam the safe generates.

We cheerfully add our testimony, gentlemen, to the well-known efficiency of your Fire-proof Safes.

Yours, truly, BANGS, MERWIN & CO.

THE LATE GREAT FIRE IN NEW-HAVEN.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 30, 1864.

Messrs. Herring & Co., New-York:

GENTS: On the 20th inst. there was a very destructive fire in this city, burning the carriage manufactory, corner of Chapel and Hamilton-sts., and also our machine shop. We fortunately were provided with one of your champion safes, and although the fire was so hot that iron melted and ran down on the safe, and the iron castors melted off, the contents, consisting of valuable books, papers, $1,500 in Treasury notes, besides other bills, amounting in all to $2,000, were preserved without injury. As soon as our new building is completed we shall want another safe of a larger size.

M. & F. SAULT, Engine and Tool Builders.
corner Cassel and Wallace sts., New-Haven, Conn.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES,

The most reliable security from fire now known.

HERRING'S IMPROVED PATENT BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,

with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystallized Iron.

Manufactured and sold only by

HERRING & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, cor. Murray-st.,
FARREL, HERRING & CO., Philadelphia.
HERRING & CO., Chicago.

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES.

Full assortment of Government and City pattern, in store and for sale by

WM. H. WALLACE.
Corner Albany and Washington-sts.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

ATPAINE'S BOOKKEEPING, WRITING, Arithmetic, Navigation and Algebra are taught by the lesson, month or quarter, in strictly private rooms. No. 62 Bowery, New-York; No. 283 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

TO TAILORS.—NOTICE—THE HANDS WORKing for W. CULLIN, Broadway, are now on strike, that firm having refused to sign the advance bill of prices. The trade is respectfully notified of the same. By order of the CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

CURES DYSPEPSIA WITHOUT FAIL.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES NAUSEA AT STOMACH.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES CRAMPS AND COLIC PAINS.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES CHOLERA MORBUS EVERY TIME.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

URES INDIGESTION AS SURE AS YOU TAKE IT.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

CURES HEARTBURN AND HEADACHE.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

REGULATES AND TONES THE STOMACH.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the STOMACH and BOWELS.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Cures FEVER and AGUE—let those afflicted with this malady try it.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Cures instantaneously—and you do not have to wait a week to see its effect.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Is the greatest appetizer ever known—it not only creates the appetite, but enables you to easily digest your food.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Is recommended by all the leading physicians.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!

Is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated, and in a low state of normal action.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is warranted to do all we have claimed for it, and we will furnish you certificates of our best citizens and clergymen to back up our statement.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is indispensable to the portmanteau of every traveler, as it at once prevents dizziness or sea-sickness, either in steamers or cars, and is a never-failing preventive of danger from change of water and climate. Do not do without it.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Does not exhilarate and excite the patient suffererlike lcoholic bitters and beverages, all advertised to cure dyspepsia, but it is a medicine most wonderfully adapted to all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Will relieve distress from food or purify a foul stomach in less time than it takes to write this line.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Has no equal in the world as a remedial agent. There is not a preparation now known that is as certain, speedy and infallible in its action—relieving and curing at once. We say this, positively.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is prepared by the originator of the justly celebrate Coe's Cough Balsam. Mr. Coe has never prepared a medicinal article for public and general use but what has stood the strongest tests, and has always borne the palm of victory over every disease it has been certified to cure.

Will you who are suffering from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick-Headache, Cramp and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, Acidity of the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and General Debility and weakness of the whole system, try but a single bottle, we will never urge you again, if we fail in this case. Our own knowledge of its merits, the united testimony of all who have ever tried it, the encomiums of hundreds of our own neighbors, your duty to yourself, and the beneficial result, as certain as the sunshine, all earnestly persistently, urge you to just try one bottle. If what we say is not correct, if our statements concerning its wonderful virtues are not found to be true, if you do not see that the operation of the medicine is instantaneous and perfectly wonderful, we will renounce our profession as caterers to the public health, and retire from the field, admitting that we are incompetent to compound a medicinal preparation which would be entitled to your confidence.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per bottle.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors,
New-Haven, Conn.

DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, New-York.
F. C. WELLS & CO., Franklin-st., General Agents,

TO THE LADIES
OF AMERICA,
LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS,
LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS,
THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY.
THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS cure all complaints incident to the sex, and remove all obstructions of nature, from whatever cause, producing health, vigor and strength.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS are better than all pills, powders and nostrums; being a fluid preparation their action is direct and positive, and it needs nothing but good common sense to see and understand the reason why they cure all those ills to which the female system is subjected, with dispatch and a degree of certainty which nothing but a scientifically compounded fluid preparation could reach. They are, in the most obstinate cases,

RELIABLE, AND SURE TO DO GOOD!
RELIABLE, AND SURE TO DO GOOD!
AND CANNOT DO HARM,
AND CANNOT DO HARM,
To the most delicate constitutions.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS will certainly produce the regular return of nature, if taken a day or two before the expected period, and it is a maxim in the profession, that prevention is better than cure.

LYON'S PERIODICAL DROPS have been used by over twenty-five thousand ladies, within the past six months, and the testimony of all is, "It surely cures."

CAUTION!! CAUTION!!!

Bear in mind that I guarantee my DROPS TO CURE Suppression of the Menses, from whatever cause, though care should be taken to ascertain if pregnancy be the cause, as these DROPS would be sure to produce miscarriage, if taken whilst in that situation, and all are cautioned against using them, as I wish it distinctly understood that I do not hold myself responsible when used under such circumstances.

TO MARRIED LADIES

They are peculiarly adapted, as they bring the monthly period with such perfect regularity.

I could furnish any quantity of testimonials of its efficacy from my own patients, but the practice of parading bought and fictitious ones before the public is so prevalent, that I do not deem it advisable.

Do not suffer from these irregularities when an investment of one dollar in Lyon's Periodical Drops will regulate and restore nature to its healthy course; and

DO NOT BE IMPOSED UPON!
DO NOT BE IMPOSED UPON!

by those who have other preparations, which they desire to palm off upon the strength of the popularity of my Drops. But when the druggist you apply to has not got them, either make him buy them for you, or else inclose one dollar to the nearest general wholesale agent, who will return you a bottle by return express.

See that the name of Jno. L. Lyon is written upon the directions which are wrapped around each bottle. None others are genuine. Therefore, beware of counterfeits. They are for sale by every druggist in city and country, at one dollar ($1) per bottle. If you wish relief, take no other.

Dr. JNO. L. LYON,
Practicing Physician, New-Haven, Conn.

Who can be consulted concerning all diseases, either personally or by letter.

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General Agents for the United States and Canadas.
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General Agents.

I have the above preparation in large or small quantities. H. B. HELMBOLD,
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